

This document is a translation of a document originally issued in Polish. The only binding version is the original Polish version.

**The annual  
consolidated financial statements  
of Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski SA Group  
for the year ended 31 December 2006**

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

### The annual consolidated report RS 2006

(according to § 86 section. 1 point 2 of the Decree of Minister of Finance, dated 19 October 2005, Journal of Laws No 209, item 1744)

(for banks)

for the year 2006 covering the period from 2006-01-01 to 2006-12-31

containing consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards

currency PLN

date of submission: 03-04-2007

<b>Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski Spółka Akcyjna</b>		
(full name of issuer)		
<b>PKO BP SA</b>		
(abbreviated name of issuer)		
<b>02-515</b>		<b>Warszawa</b>
(postal code)		(city)
<b>Puławska</b>		<b>15</b>
(street)		(number)
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(NIP)	(REGON)	(www)

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA	in PLN thousand		in EUR thousand	
	Period from 01.01.2006 to 31.12.2006	Period from 01.01.2005 to 31.12.2005	Period from 01.01.2006 to 31.12.2006	Period from 01.01.2005 to 31.12.2005
Net interest income	3 808 745	3 544 475	976 835	880 987
Net fees and commission income	1 722 561	1 217 882	441 788	302 707
Operating result	2 705 193	2 143 514	693 805	532 775
Net profit (loss) (including minority interest)	2 207 449	1 755 621	566 148	436 363
Net profit (loss)	2 149 052	1 734 820	551 171	431 193
Equity assigned to the shareholders of the holding company	10 078 306	8 731 206	2 630 587	2 262 088
Total equity	10 180 580	8 774 990	2 657 282	2 273 431
Net cash flow from operating activities	8 554 882	(3 256 545)	2 194 085	(809 421)
Net cash flow from investing activities	(5 324 963)	1 686 917	(1 365 702)	419 287
Net cash flow from financing activities	(457 369)	(975 985)	(117 302)	(242 583)
Total net cash flow	2 772 550	(2 545 613)	711 080	(632 718)
Basic earnings per share	2.15	1.73	0.55	0.43
Diluted earnings per share	2.15	1.73	0.55	0.43
Basic funds (Tier 1)	7 200 719	6 472 056	1 879 494	1 689 303
Supplementary funds (Tier 2)	3 834	(8 136)	1 001	(2 124)

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*The consolidated financial statements of  
Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski Spółka Akcyjna Group  
for the year ended 31 December 2006*

*(in PLN thousand)*

**CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT  
for the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, respectively**

	Note	2006	2005
Interest income	9	5 571 159	5 662 012
Interest expense	9	(1 762 414)	(2 117 537)
<b>Net interest income</b>		<b>3 808 745</b>	<b>3 544 475</b>
Fees and commission income	10	2 088 600	1 537 579
Fees and commission expense	10	(366 039)	(319 697)
<b>Net fees and commission income</b>		<b>1 722 561</b>	<b>1 217 882</b>
Dividend income	11	3 604	16 112
Result from financial instruments at fair value	12	(90 849)	31 706
Result from investment securities	13	50 356	276 856
Foreign exchange result	14	544 493	612 101
Other operating income	15	1 021 737	868 271
Other operating expenses	15	(237 625)	(101 748)
<b>Net other operating income</b>		<b>784 112</b>	<b>766 523</b>
Result on impairment allowances	17	(651)	(161 090)
General administrative expenses	16	(4 117 178)	(4 161 051)
<b>Operating result</b>		<b>2 705 193</b>	<b>2 143 514</b>
Share in net profits (losses) of associates	19	(3 705)	23 531
<b>Gross profit (loss)</b>		<b>2 701 488</b>	<b>2 167 045</b>
Income tax expense	20	(494 039)	(411 424)
<b>Net profit (loss) (including minority interest)</b>		<b>2 207 449</b>	<b>1 755 621</b>
Profit (loss) attributable to minority shareholders		58 397	20 801
<b>Net profit (loss) attributable to the holding company</b>		<b>2 149 052</b>	<b>1 734 820</b>
<b>Earnings per share:</b>			
	21		
– basic earnings per share		2.15	1.73
– diluted earnings per share		2.15	1.73

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for the year ended 31 December 2006*

*(in PLN thousand)*

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  
as at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005**

	Note	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and amounts due from the Central Bank	23	4 628 134	3 895 331
Amounts due from banks	24	13 430 590	12 663 295
Financial assets held for trading	25	392 380	851 003
Derivative financial instruments	26	1 199 556	1 137 227
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	27	11 360 064	20 059 683
Loans and advances to customers	28	58 906 607	46 874 629
Investment securities, including:	29	6 763 188	1 881 378
Available for sale		6 763 188	1 881 378
Shares in associates and jointly controlled entities	30	180 162	184 345
Intangible assets	32	944 028	688 770
Tangible fixed assets	33	2 655 041	2 643 551
Current tax receivables	20	326	87
Deferred tax asset	20	33 454	29 101
Other assets	34	767 683	704 781
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>101 261 213</b>	<b>91 613 181</b>

<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>			
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Amounts due to the Central Bank	36	1 387	766
Amounts due to other banks	37	4 193 090	2 083 346
Derivative financial instruments	26	1 098 863	1 257 384
Amounts due to customers	39	82 900 142	76 747 563
Liabilities arising from securities issued	40	43 722	68 470
Other liabilities	41	2 220 347	1 862 480
Current tax liabilities	20	170 960	436 766
Deferred tax liability	20	23 922	41 519
Provisions	42	428 200	339 897
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>91 080 633</b>	<b>82 838 191</b>
<b>Equity</b>			
Share capital	46	1 000 000	1 000 000
Other capital	47	7 165 597	5 850 063
Currency translation differences from foreign operations		(13 672)	(4 082)
Retained earnings	47	(222 671)	150 405
Net profit for the period		2 149 052	1 734 820
<b>Equity assigned to shareholders of the holding company</b>		<b>10 078 306</b>	<b>8 731 206</b>
Minority interest		102 274	43 784
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<b>10 180 580</b>	<b>8 774 990</b>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<b>101 261 213</b>	<b>91 613 181</b>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements presented on pages 9 - 108 are an integral part of these financial statements.

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*The consolidated financial statements of  
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for the year ended 31 December 2006*

*(in PLN thousand)*

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CONSOLIDATED EQUITY**

For the year ended 31 December 2006	Assigned to the shareholders of the holding company								Total	Minority interest	Total Equity
	Share capital	Other capital items				Currency translation differences from foreign operations	Retained earnings	Net profit (loss)			
		Reserve capital	Revaluation reserve	General banking risk fund	Other reserves						
<b>Balance as at 1 January 2006</b>	<b>1 000 000</b>	<b>3 297 614</b>	<b>(4 054)</b>	<b>1 000 000</b>	<b>1 556 503</b>	<b>(4 082)</b>	<b>150 405</b>	<b>1 734 820</b>	<b>8 731 206</b>	<b>43 784</b>	<b>8 774 990</b>
Transfer of retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 734 820	(1 734 820)	-	-	-
Transfer from net profit to reserve capital	-	1 232 524	-	70 000	5 122	-	(1 307 896)	-	(250)	-	(250)
Transfer from net profit to dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(800 000)	-	(800 000)	-	(800 000)
Change in fair value of available for sale investments adjusted for deferred tax	-	-	7 888	-	-	-	-	-	7 888	-	7 888
Movement in minority interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58 490	58 490
Movement in exchange rates	-	-	-	-	-	(9 590)	-	-	(9 590)	-	(9 590)
Net profit (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 149 052	2 149 052	-	2 149 052
<b>Balance as at 31 December 2006</b>	<b>1 000 000</b>	<b>4 530 138</b>	<b>3 834</b>	<b>1 070 000</b>	<b>1 561 625</b>	<b>(13 672)</b>	<b>(222 671)</b>	<b>2 149 052</b>	<b>10 078 306</b>	<b>102 274</b>	<b>10 180 580</b>

For the year ended 31 December 2005	Assigned to the shareholders of the holding company								Total	Minority interest	Total Equity
	Share capital	Other capital items				Currency translation differences from foreign operations	Retained earnings	Net profit (loss)			
		Reserve capital	Revaluation reserve	General banking risk fund	Other reserves						
<b>Balance as at 1 January 2005 *</b>	<b>1 000 000</b>	<b>2 790 299</b>	<b>160 673</b>	<b>1 000 000</b>	<b>1 495 495</b>	<b>(11 472)</b>	<b>212 223</b>	<b>1 506 505</b>	<b>8 153 723</b>	<b>65 849</b>	<b>8 219 572</b>
Transfer of retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 506 505	(1 506 505)	-	-	-
Transfer from net profit to reserve capital	-	507 315	-	-	10 000	-	(517 315)	-	-	-	-
Transfer from net profit to dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1 000 000)	-	(1 000 000)	-	(1 000 000)
Net profit (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 734 820	1 734 820	-	1 734 820
Change in fair value of available for sale investments adjusted for deferred tax	-	-	(164 727)	-	-	-	-	-	(164 727)	-	(164 727)
Appropriation of retained earnings to reserve capital in the subsidiary	-	-	-	-	51 008	-	(51 008)	-	-	-	-
Movement in minority interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22 065)	(22 065)
Movement in exchange rates	-	-	-	-	-	7 390	-	-	7 390	-	7 390
<b>Balance as at 31 December 2005</b>	<b>1 000 000</b>	<b>3 297 614</b>	<b>(4 054)</b>	<b>1 000 000</b>	<b>1 556 503</b>	<b>(4 082)</b>	<b>150 405</b>	<b>1 734 820</b>	<b>8 731 206</b>	<b>43 784</b>	<b>8 774 990</b>

Adjustments to the opening balance due to implementing IAS/IFRS were presented in note 52 of consolidated financial statements of the PKO BP SA Group for the year ended 31 December 2005, for the first time.

**CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT  
for the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, respectively**

	Note	2006	2005
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>			
Net profit (loss)		2 149 052	1 734 820
Adjustments:		6 405 830	(4 991 365)
Profits/losses attributable to minority shareholders		58 397	20 801
Depreciation and amortisation		317 911	466 540
(Profit) loss from investing activities	48	(23 798)	15 638
Interest and dividends	48	(261 439)	(899 268)
Change in loans and advances to banks	48	1 273 901	(2 346 556)
Change in financial assets held for trading and other financial instruments valued at fair value through profit or loss	48	9 158 242	(582 989)
Change in derivative financial instruments (asset)		(62 329)	225 152
Change in loans and advances to customers	48	(11 491 259)	(7 483 633)
Change in deferred tax asset		(4 353)	(2 457)
Change in other assets		(63 141)	(71 037)
Change in amounts due to banks	48	1 815 571	1 010 792
Change in derivative financial instruments (liability) and other financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(158 521)	463 645
Change in amounts due to customers	48	6 100 758	3 710 095
Change in liabilities arising from debt securities issued		(24 748)	47 394
Change in provisions	48	(512 081)	(532 932)
Change in other liabilities	48	360 543	644 268
Income tax paid		(782 023)	(404 016)
Current tax expense		516 217	840 571
Other adjustments	48	187 982	(113 373)
<b>Net cash from operating activities</b>		<b>8 554 882</b>	<b>(3 256 545)</b>
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b>			
<b>Inflows from investing activities</b>		<b>80 486</b>	<b>2 375 002</b>
Sale of shares in associates		-	200
Sale of investment securities		-	2 311 722
Sale of intangible assets and tangible fixed assets		2 502	34 224
Sale of assets classified as held for sale according to IFRS 5		74 380	-
Other investing inflows		3 604	28 856
<b>Outflows from investing activities</b>		<b>(5 405 449)</b>	<b>(688 085)</b>
Purchase of a subsidiary, net of cash acquired	50	(87 689)	(2 440)
Purchase of shares in jointly controlled entities	30	(44 371)	(17 498)
Purchase of shares in associates	30	(4 248)	(5 555)
Purchase of investment securities		(4 654 113)	-
Purchase of intangible assets and tangible fixed assets		(615 028)	(662 592)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<b>(5 324 963)</b>	<b>1 686 917</b>
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>			
Dividends paid to holding company shareholders		(800 000)	(1 000 000)
Other financing inflows / outflows		342 631	24 015
<b>Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities</b>		<b>(457 369)</b>	<b>(975 985)</b>
<b>Total net cash flow</b>		<b>2 772 550</b>	<b>(2 545 613)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		11 390 608	13 936 221
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	48	<b>14 163 158</b>	<b>11 390 608</b>
- including those with limited disposal	35	5 487	2 479



**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
as at 31 December 2006**

**1. General information**

The consolidated financial statements of the Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski SA Group ("the PKO BP SA Group", "the Group") have been prepared for the year ended 31 December 2006 and include comparative data for the year ended 31 December 2005

The holding company of the Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski Spółka Akcyjna Group is Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski Spółka Akcyjna ("PKO BP SA", "the holding company", "the Bank").

The holding company was established in 1919. The holding company was incorporated on the basis of the Decree of the Council of Ministers dated 18 January 2000 on the transformation of Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności bank państwowy (a state-owned bank), into a state-owned joint-stock company, Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski Spółka Akcyjna (Journal of Laws No 5, item 55) with its registered office located in Warsaw, Puławska Street 15, in Poland.

On 12 April 2000 Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski Spółka Akcyjna was entered in the Register of Entrepreneurs kept by the District Court for the capital city of Warsaw, XVI Economic Department of the National Court Register. At present, the appropriate District Court is the District Court for the capital city of Warsaw, XIII Economic Department of the National Court Register. The Bank was registered under entry No KRS 0000026438 and was granted REGON statistical No 016298263. The Bank's share capital amounts to PLN 1,000,000 thousand.

The Bank's shareholding structure is as follows:

Name	Number of shares	Number of votes	Nominal value of 1 share	Percentage of share capital
		%		%
<i>As at 31 December 2006</i>				
State Treasury	514 959 296	51.50	PLN 1	51.50
Other shareholders	485 040 704	48.50	PLN 1	48.50
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 000 000 000</b>	<b>100.00</b>	---	<b>100.00</b>
<i>As at 31 December 2005</i>				
State Treasury	515 711 446	51.57	PLN 1	51.57
Other shareholders	484 288 554	48.43	PLN 1	48.43
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 000 000 000</b>	<b>100.00</b>	---	<b>100.00</b>

The Bank is a public company quoted on the Warsaw Stock Exchange. According to the Warsaw Stock Exchange Bulletin (*Cedula Giieldowa*), the Bank is classified to the macro-sector "Finance", sector "Banks".

**Bank's business activities**

The Bank's activities correspond to the following activities set forth in the Polish Classification of Activities (PKD):

- other banking services – PKD 65.12.A,
- insurance and pension funds supporting activities - PKD 67.20.Z,
- brokerage activities and fund management - PKD 67.12.Z,
- other financial intermediation services, not classified elsewhere - PKD 65.23.Z,
- supporting financial activities, not classified elsewhere - PKD 67.13.Z,
- purchase and sale of foreign currencies - PKD 65.12.A,
- intermediation in foreign money transfers initiated by residents and domestic settlements with non-residents - PKD 65.12.B.

According to the Articles of Association of PKO BP SA, the Bank's activities include mainly:

- accepting call (demand) or term deposits and keeping accounts of those deposits,
- keeping other types of bank accounts,
- extending loans,
- extending cash advances,
- extending and confirming bank guarantees and opening and confirming letters of credit,
- performing monetary bank settlements,
- operations including cheques, bills of exchange and operations with warrants,
- issuing bank securities,
- issuing payment cards and performing operations using such cards,
- conducting forward transaction,
- purchase and disposal of debt.

PKO BP SA is a universal commercial bank offering services to both domestic and foreign retail, corporate and other clients. PKO BP SA has the right to keep foreign exchange and to trade in foreign exchange, as well as to perform foreign currency and foreign exchange operations, open and hold bank accounts abroad and to place foreign exchange on these accounts.

The Bank conducts its activity on the following markets:

- currency market,
- money market,
- market of securities, including debt securities issued by the State Treasury and the Central Bank,
- market of corporate clients and sole traders, irrespective of the scale of performed activities,
- market of retail clients.

In addition, Group's subsidiaries conduct also activities relating to leasing, factoring and real estate development as well as render other financial services. Range of activities of particular companies comprises the Group is presented in this note in the table "Structure of the Group".

The Group operates on the territory of the Republic of Poland and – through its subsidiaries, KREDOBANK SA and UKRPOLINWESTYCJE Sp. z o.o. – on the territory of Ukraine.

### **Going concern**

The consolidated financial statements of the PKO BP SA Group have been prepared on the basis that the Bank and the entities from the PKO BP SA Group will be a going concern during a period of at least 12 months from the balance sheet date, i.e. 31 December 2006. As at the date of signing these consolidated financial statements, the Bank's Management Board is not aware of any facts or circumstances that would indicate a threat to the continued activity of the Bank or the entities from the PKO BP SA Group in at least 12 months following the balance sheet date due to an intended or compulsory withdrawal or limitation by the Bank or other entities from the PKO BP SA Group of their activities. In 2006, PKO BP SA signed a new agreement on cooperation with Inteligo Financial Services SA defining its tasks in PKO BP SA Group.

### **Reporting periods covered by these consolidated financial statements**

The consolidated financial statements of the PKO BP SA Group are presented for the year ended 31 December 2006, and include comparative financial data for the year ended 31 December 2005. The financial data is presented in PLN thousands.

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## **Information on the members of the Management and Supervisory Boards of the Group's holding company**

As at 31 December 2006, the Bank's Management Board consisted of:

- Sławomir Skrzypek Deputy President, Acting President of the Management Board
- Kazimierz Małecki Deputy president, First Deputy President
- Danuta Demianiuk Deputy President
- Rafał Juszcak Deputy President
- Jacek Obłękowski Deputy President
- Zdzisław Sokal Deputy President
- Wojciech Kwiatkowski Deputy President

On 8 March 2006, the Bank's Supervisory Board passed a resolution accepting the resignation of Mr Piotr Kamiński from the position of the Member of the Management Board of PKO BP SA as of the date of his appointment to the Management Board of Bank Pocztowy SA.

On 26 June 2006, at the meeting of the Bank's Supervisory Board, Mr Andrzej Podsiadło resigned from the position of the President of the Management Board of PKO BP SA. At the request of the Bank's Supervisory Board, Mr Andrzej Podsiadło was supposed to remain in the position of the President of the Bank's Management Board of PKO BP SA until 31 October 2006. On 29 September 2006, Mr Andrzej Podsiadło resigned from the position of the President of the Management Board, thus shortening the period of staying in this position, which was agreed on previously.

At the same meeting, Mrs Krystyna Szewczyk resigned from the function of the member of the Management Board of PKO BP SA as of 26 June 2006.

On 26 June 2006, the Bank's Supervisory Board passed resolutions appointing Mr Zdzisław Sokal and Mr Rafał Juszcak to the positions of Members of the Bank's Management Board.

In accordance with these resolutions, Mr Zdzisław Sokal and Mr Rafał Juszcak were appointed to hold their positions in PKO BP SA as of 1 July 2006 over the common term of the Management Board, that commenced on 19 May 2005.

On 29 September 2006, the Supervisory Board of PKO BP SA appointed Mr Sławomir Skrzypek acting President of the Management Board of PKO BP SA until the date of the appointment of President of the Bank's Management Board, however not longer than until 30 November 2006.

At the same meeting, the Supervisory Board of PKO BP SA passed resolutions appointing:

- Mr Wojciech Kwiatkowski to the position of Deputy President of the Bank's Management Board as of 1 November 2006,
- Mr Jarosław Myjak to the position of Deputy President of the Bank's Management Board as of 2 October 2006.

In accordance with these resolutions, Mr Wojciech Kwiatkowski and Mr Jarosław Myjak were appointed to hold their positions in PKO BP SA over the common term of the Management Board, which commenced on 19 May 2005.

In addition, the Supervisory Board of PKO BP SA appointed Mr Rafał Juszcak, Mr Jacek Obłękowski and Mr Zdzisław Sokal, the former Board members, to the positions of Deputy Presidents of the Bank's Management Board as of 29 September 2006.

On 30 November 2006, the Supervisory Board of the Bank appointed Mr Sławomir Skrzypek acting President of the Management Board until the date of appointment of the new President of the Bank's Management Board.

On 30 November 2006, Mr Jarosław Myjak resigned from the position of Deputy President of the Management Board.

On 19 December 2006 Mr Kazimierz Małecki resigned from the position of Deputy President, First Deputy President of the Management Board as of 31 December 2006.

On the same day, Mrs Danuta Demianiuk resigned from the position of Deputy President of the Management Board as of 31 December 2006.

As at 31 December 2006, the Bank's Supervisory Board consisted of:

- Marek Głuchowski Chairman
- Urszula Pałaszek Deputy Chairman
- Tomasz Siemiątkowski Secretary
- Jerzy Michałowski Member
- Jerzy Osiatyński Member
- Adam Skowroński Member
- Agnieszka Winnik - Kalemba Member

On 18 April 2006, the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of PKO BP SA dismissed the following persons from their positions in the Bank's Supervisory Board:

- Bazyl Samojlik (Chairman),
- Ryszard Kokoszczyński (Deputy Chairman),
- Krzysztof Zdanowski (Secretary),
- Andrzej Giryń (Member),
- Stanisław Kasiewicz (Member),
- Czesława Siwek (Member),
- Władysław Szymański (Member).

On the same date, the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of PKO BP SA appointed the following persons to the Bank's Supervisory Board:

- Marek Głuchowski,
- Jerzy Michałowski,
- Tomasz Siemiątkowski,
- Adam Skowroński,
- Agnieszka Winnik – Kalemba.

Changes in composition of the Management Board and Supervisory Board after 31 December 2006 are described in note 52.

### **Internal organisational units of PKO BP SA**

The financial statements of PKO BP SA, comprising financial data for the year ended 31 December 2006 and comparative financial data, were prepared on the basis of financial data submitted by all organisational units of the Bank through which it performs its activities. As at 31 December 2006, these organizational units included: the Bank's Head Office in Warsaw, Dom Maklerski PKO BP SA ("DM PKO BP SA", operating under the name *Bankowy Dom Maklerski* until 31 August 2006), COK - Centrum Operacji Kartowych, CBE - Centrum Bankowości Elektronicznej Inteligo, 6 specialized units, 12 regional retail branches, 13 regional corporate branches, 574 independent branches, 570 offices (subordinated branches), 13 corporate client teams, 57 corporate centres and 2,277 agencies. Except for DM PKO BP SA, none of the organizational units listed above prepares separate financial statements.

## Structure of the Group

The PKO BP SA Group is formed by PKO BP SA and the following subsidiaries:

No.	Name	Registered office	Activity	Percentage of share capital (%)	
				31.12.2006	31.12.2005
<b>The PKO BP SA Group</b>					
Holding company					
1	Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski Spółka Akcyjna				
Direct subsidiaries					
2	Powszechne Towarzystwo Emerytalne BANKOWY SA	Warsaw	Pension fund management	100.00	100.00
3	Centrum Finansowe Puławska Sp. z o.o.	Warsaw	Construction and use of Centrum Finansowe Puławska	100.00	100.00
4	PKO Inwestycje Sp. z o.o.	Warsaw	Real estate development	100.00	100.00
5	Inteligo Financial Services SA	Warsaw	Technical servicing of Internet banking	100.00	100.00
6	Centrum Elektronicznych Usług Płatniczych "eService" SA	Warsaw	Servicing and settlement of card transactions	100.00	100.00
7	Bankowy Fundusz Leasingowy SA	Łódź	Leasing	100.00	100.00
8	Bankowe Towarzystwo Kapitałowe SA	Warsaw	Intermediation in shares and stock trading	100.00	100.00
9	PKO Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych SA*	Warsaw	Investment fund management	75.00	50.00
10	KREDOBANK SA	Lviv, Ukraine	Financial services	69.933	69.018
Indirect subsidiaries					
Subsidiary of PTE BANKOWY SA					
11	Finanse Agent Transferowy Sp. z o.o.	Warsaw	Intermediary financial services	100.00	100.00
Subsidiaries of PKO Inwestycje Sp. z o.o.					
12	POMERANKA Sp. z o.o.	Warsaw	Real estate development	100.00	100.00
13	Wilanów Investments Sp. z o.o.	Warsaw	Real estate development	100.00	100.00
14	UKRPOLINWESTYCJE Sp. z o.o.	Kiev, Ukraine	Real estate development	55.00	55.00
15	Fort Mokotów Sp. z o.o.	Warsaw	Real estate development	51.00	51.00

\* a jointly controlled entity as at 31 December 2005 (operating under the name of PKO/CREDIT SUISSE Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych SA).

Information regarding changes in the share capital of subsidiaries is presented in note 50.

**Other entities (associates and jointly controlled entities) presented in the consolidated financial statements:**

Jointly controlled entities

No.	Name	Registered office	Activity	Percentage of share capital (%)	
				31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Direct jointly controlled entities					
1	CENTRUM HAFFNERA Sp. z o.o.	Sopot	Real estate development	49.43	-
2	Centrum Obsługi Biznesu Sp. z o.o.	Poznań	Construction and operation of hotel	41.44	41.44
3	WAWEL Hotel Development Sp. z o.o.*	Cracow	Hotel services	-	35.40
Indirect jointly controlled entities					
Subsidiaries of CENTRUM HAFFNERA Sp. z o.o. (Indirectly jointly controlled by PKO BP SA)					
4	Centrum Majkowskiego Sp. z o.o.	Sopot	Construction	100.00	-
5	Kamienica Morska Sp. z o.o.	Sopot	Real estate development	100.00	-
6	Sopot Zdrój Sp. z o.o.	Sopot	Real estate development	100.00	-
7	Promenada Sopocka Sp. z o.o.	Sopot	Real estate development	100.00	-

\*The company was sold on 8 August 2006

Associated entities

Moreover the holding company has a significant influence on the following associated entities:

Lp.	Name	Registered office	Activity	Percentage of share capital (%)	
				31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Direct associated entities					
1	Bank Pocztowy SA	Bydgoszcz	Financial services	25.0001	25.0001
2	Kolej Gondolowa Jaworzyna Krynicka SA	Krynica	Construction and operation of cable railway	37.53	37.83
3	Ekogips SA – in bankrupcy	Warsaw	Production of construction elements	60.26	60.26
4	Poznański Fundusz Poręczeń Kredytowych Sp. z o.o.	Poznań	Sureties in accordance with civil law and bill of exchange law	33.33	33.33
5	Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z o.o.**	Warsaw	Construction and operation of Jan III Sobieski Hotel	-	32.50
6	Agencja Inwestycyjna CORP SA	Warsaw	Office premises management	22.31	22.31
Indirect associated entities					
An associate of Bankowe Towarzystwo Kapitałowe SA					
7	FINDER Sp. z o.o.	Warsaw	Car location and fleet management	46.43	42.31
8	INTER FINANCE Polska Sp. z o.o.	Suchy Las near Poznań	Investing in sector of financial intermediation services on the Ukrainian market	45.00	-

\*\*The company was sold on 31 October 2006

## **Approval of financial statements**

These consolidated financial statements of the PKO BP S.A Group have been approved for publication by the Bank's Management Board on 27 March 2007.

## **2. Accounting policies**

### **Basis for preparation of financial statements and declaration of compliance with accounting standards**

In accordance with the Accounting Act of 29 September 1994 ("Accounting Act"), as of 1 January 2005 the Group had the obligation to prepare consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS), International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and their interpretations promulgated in the form of European Commission regulations (together referred as "IFRS"). At present, taking into account the process of implementation of IFRS in the European Union and the Group's activities, there are no differences between IFRSs and the IFRSs endorsed by the European Union as regards the accounting policies applied by the Group.

On the basis of the Art 45, section 1c of the Accounting Act and Resolution No 28/2005 of 19 May 2005, the General Shareholder's Meeting decided that the Bank will prepare its standalone financial statements in accordance with IAS/IFRS from 1 January 2005.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) endorsed by the EU in line with the status as at 31 December 2006.

### ***Changes in accounting policies***

Presented below are the new or revised IFRS regulations and the new IFRIC interpretations which have been applied by the Group during the current year. The application of these regulations and interpretations had no material effect on the financial statements.

#### ***IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement***

The amendment relating to financial guarantee contracts (issued in August 2005) has modified the scope of IAS 39 in such a way that it now requires that financial guarantee contracts that are not considered to be insurance contracts should be initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at the higher of: the amount determined in accordance with IAS 37 *Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets* and the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, cumulative amortization recognized in accordance with IAS 18 *Revenue*. This amendment had no material effect on the financial statements.

The amendment relating to hedges of forecasted intragroup transactions (issued in April 2005) has modified IAS 39 in such a way that it now allows to qualify the foreign currency risk of a highly probable forecasted intragroup transaction as a hedged item in a cash flow hedge provided that the transaction is denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entities entering into that transaction and the foreign currency risk will affect consolidated profit or loss. As the Group had not entered into any such transactions, this amendment had no effect on the financial statements.

The amendment relating to fair value measurement (issued in June 2005) has modified IAS 39 in such a way that it now allows for a limited use of the fair value option for financial assets or liability. As the Group to the category of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss classified only instruments held for trading and derivatives, the above change had no impact on the financial statements.

#### ***IFRIC Interpretation 4 - Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease***

The Group has implemented the provisions of IFRIC Interpretation 4 as of 1 January 2006. This interpretation provides guidance for determining whether an arrangement contains elements of lease which be accounted for in accordance with the accounting policies applicable to leases. This amendment to the Group's accounting policies had no material effect on its financial statements as at 31 December 2006 or 31 December 2005.

### ***New standards and interpretations which have been issued but are not yet effective***

The following standards and interpretations have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board or the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee but have not yet come into effect:

- Amendment to IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, Disclosures on capital (effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2007),
- IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* (effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2007),
- IFRS 8 *Operating Segments* (effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2009),
- IFRIC Interpretation 7 *Applying the Restatement Approach under IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies* (effective for annual periods beginning after 1 March 2006),
- IFRIC Interpretation 8 *Scope of IFRS 2* (effective for annual periods beginning after 1 May 2006),

- IFRIC Interpretation 9 *Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives* (effective for annual periods beginning after 1 June 2006),
- IFRIC Interpretation 10 *Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment* (effective for annual periods beginning after 1 November 2006),
- IFRIC Interpretation 11 *Group and Treasury Share Transactions* (effective for annual periods beginning after 1 March 2007),
- IFRIC Interpretation 12 *Service Concession Arrangements* (effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2008).

The Group has not applied IFRS 7 in these financial statements (the effective date is 1 January 2007, with early application permitted). IFRS 7 has superseded IAS 30 *Disclosures in the Financial Statements of Banks and Similar Financial Institutions* and the disclosure requirements included in IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation*. IFRS 7 extends the scope of quantitative and qualitative disclosures on the management of exposure to risks arising from financial instruments, such as credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Group believes that, most of all, a number of additional disclosures will be required for sensitivity analysis in market risk management.

The Group is still in the process of estimating the impact of IFRS 8 “*Operating Segments*” on its financial statements (the effective date is 1 January 2009). Due to the fact that this standard has not been endorsed by the European Council, the Group may apply it after the date of its publication taking into account the provisions relating to its application.

The other standards and interpretations that have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board or the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee but have not yet come into effect will have no material effect on the financial statements of the Group. The Group plans to apply these standards and interpretations on the dates indicated in the given standard or interpretation (without early application).

The Bank and entities directly dependent from the Bank with their headquarters in Poland run their accounts in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards from 1 January 2006.

All items presented in the financial statements of the Group entities, including KREDOBANK S.A. and UKRPOLINWESTYCJE Sp. z o.o., are valued in functional currency i.e. in the currency of the basic economic environment in which the given entity operates.

Polish zloty is the presentation currency of these consolidated financial statements. The functional currency of the holding company and other entities included in the financial statements, except for KREDOBANK S.A. and UKRPOLINWESTYCJE Sp. z o.o. is Polish zloty. The functional currency of KREDOBANK S.A. and UKRPOLINWESTYCJE Sp. z o.o. is Ukrainian hryvna.

The Group uses the average NBP rate effective as at that balance sheet as the closing exchange rate used in order to translate the assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at balance sheet date.

### **Principal accounting policies and methods applied by the PKO BP SA Group**

In these financial statements, all items were recognized at historical cost, except for financial assets recognized at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets available for sale and derivatives, which are stated at fair value.

The principal accounting policies and methods applied by the PKO BP SA Group

#### a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of PKO BP SA and the financial statements of its subsidiaries, prepared for the year ended 31 December 2006. The financial statements of the subsidiaries cover the same reporting period as the holding company's financial statements. Consolidation adjustments are made in order to eliminate any differences in the accounting policies applied by the Bank and its subsidiaries.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group were prepared based on the financial statements of the holding company and the financial statements of the following subsidiaries:

- for the year ended 31 December 2006:
  - Bankowy Fundusz Leasingowy SA,
  - Powszechne Towarzystwo Emerytalne BANKOWY SA Group,
  - Centrum Finansowe Puławska Sp. z o.o.,



- Centrum Elektronicznych Usług Płatniczych „eService” SA,
  - Inteligo Financial Services SA,
  - KREDOBANK SA,
  - Bankowe Towarzystwo Kapitałowe SA,
  - PKO Inwestycje Sp. z o.o. Group,
  - PKO Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych SA.
- for the year ended 31 December 2005:
    - Bankowy Fundusz Leasingowy SA,
    - Powszechne Towarzystwo Emerytalne BANKOWY SA Group,
    - Centrum Finansowe Puławska Sp. z o.o.,
    - Centrum Elektronicznych Usług Płatniczych „eService” SA,
    - Inteligo Financial Services SA,
    - KREDOBANK SA,
    - Bankowe Towarzystwo Kapitałowe SA,
    - PKO Inwestycje Sp. z o.o. Group.

The full method consolidation of financial statements of subsidiaries involves adding up the full amounts of the individual items of the balance sheet, profit and loss account of the subsidiaries and of the Bank, and performing appropriate consolidation adjustments and eliminations. The carrying amount of the Bank's investments in subsidiaries and the equity of these entities are eliminated at consolidation. The consolidated cash flow statement was prepared on the basis of the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated profit and loss account as well as the additional notes and explanations.

The following items are eliminated in full at consolidation:

- inter-company receivables and payables, and any other settlements of a similar nature, between the consolidated entities,
- revenue and costs of business transactions conducted between the consolidated entities,
- gains or losses which arose from business transactions conducted between consolidated entities, included in the value of the assets of the consolidated entities, except for losses that indicate impairment,
- dividends calculated or paid by the subsidiaries to the holding company and to other consolidated entities,
- inter-company cash flows in the cash flow statement.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control was acquired to the day when it ceased.

The results of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements for that part of the reporting period in which they were controlled by the Group.

#### b) Minority shares purchase

If the Group increases/decreases its share in the net assets of its controlled subsidiaries, the excess of the cost over the acquirer's interest in the net assets of the acquired entity is recognized as goodwill. Impairment of goodwill is tested annually

#### c) Estimates

In preparing financial statements in accordance with IFRS, the Group makes certain estimates and assumptions, which have a direct influence on both the financial statements presented and the notes to the financial statements.

The estimates and assumptions made at each balance sheet date reflect the conditions that existed at these dates (e.g. market prices, interest rates, exchange rates etc.). In spite of the fact that the estimates are based on the best understanding of the current situation and the activities that will be undertaken by the Bank, the actual results may differ from those estimates.

The Group presents the type and the magnitude of the changes in estimated values, if the change causes effect in the current period or if such result are anticipated in the future periods.

Estimates and assumptions, which are adopted by the Group for presenting value of assets and liabilities as well as revenues and costs, are calculated using historical data and other factors, which are available and are recognized to be proper in the given circumstances. Assumptions regarding the future and the available data are used for assessing carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, which cannot be specified utilizing other sources unequivocally. While making assessments, the Group takes into consideration the reason and source of uncertainty, which are anticipated at the balance sheet date.

Estimates and assumptions made by the Group are subject to periodic reviews. Adjustments to estimates are recognised in the period, when the estimates were adjusted on the condition that these adjustments concern the given period. If the adjustments influence the period being subject to changes, as well as future periods, they are recognised in the period when the changes were made or in the future periods.

The main assumptions about the future that were used by the Group in performing estimates include first of all the following areas:

- Impairment of financial assets

At each balance sheet date, the Group assesses whether there is any objective evidence that the value of a given financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Evidence indicating impairment are events or groups of events which occurred after the date of the initial recognition of the asset/group of assets and which indicate that the expected future cash flows to be derived from the given asset or group of assets may have decreased. When evidence of impairment is found, the Group estimates the amount of impairment allowance.

The Group uses three methods for the estimation of impairment:

- a) For loans which were found to be individually impaired and which are considered individually significant, impairment is estimated on the basis of an analysis of the future cash flows expected for each asset,
- b) For loans which were found to be individually impaired and which are not considered individually significant, impairment is estimated for the individual types of exposures, on the basis of the expected average cash flows generated by the particular loan portfolios,
- c) For loans which were not found to be individually impaired, but for which it was found that they may have given rise to incurred but not reported losses, impairment write-downs are estimated on the basis of the expected time when the losses will be identified, the probability of the losses being identified and the expected amount of the loss at the moment when it is identified.

The Group expects that the methodology used for estimating impairment allowances will be developed in line with the increasing possibilities of acquiring impairment data from the existing and implemented information systems and applications. As a consequence, any new data obtained by the Group might affect the level of impairment allowances in the future.

- Impairment of investments in associates and jointly controlled entities

At each balance sheet date, the Group makes an assessment whether there are any indicators of impairment of the value of investments in , associates and jointly controlled entities. If any such indicators exist, the Group estimates the value in use of the investment or the fair value of the investment less costs of disposal, depending on which of these values is lower. The projection for the value in use requires making assumptions, e.g. about the future cash flows that the Group may receive from dividends or the cash inflows from the potential disposal of the investment, less the costs of disposal. The adoption of other assumptions with reference to the projected cash flows might affect the carrying amount of certain investments.

- Impairment of other non-current assets

At each balance sheet date, the Group makes an assessment whether there are any indicators of impairment of any of its non-current assets (or cash generating units). If any such indicators exist, the Group estimates the recoverable amount and the value in use of the given non-current asset (or cash generating unit). In order to estimate these values, it is necessary to adopt certain assumptions, e.g. about the expected future cash flows that the Group may receive from the continued use or disposal of the non-current asset (or cash generating unit). The adoption of other assumptions with reference to future cash flows may affect the carrying amount of certain non-current assets.

- Goodwill impairment

Goodwill arising on acquisition of a business entity is recognized at the acquisition cost, being an excess of the costs of acquiring control over the entity over the share of the holding company in the net fair value of the

identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. After initial recognition, goodwill is stated at acquisition cost, less any cumulative impairment losses. The test for impairment is carried out on an annual basis.

Impairment is calculated by estimating the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the given goodwill relates. In the case where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is lower than the carrying amount, an impairment write-down is recognized. In the case where goodwill represents part of a cash-generating unit and part of operations conducted within this unit is sold, when calculating the gain or loss on the disposal of these operations, the goodwill related to sold operations is included in the carrying amount of these operations. Goodwill sold in such circumstances is valued on the basis of the relative value of the operations sold and the value of the remaining part of the cash-generating unit.

- Valuation of derivatives and unquoted debt securities available for sale

The fair value of non-option derivatives and debt securities available for sale not listed on an active market is determined using valuation models based on discounted cash flows that may be received from the given financial instrument. Options are valued using option pricing models. The variables and assumptions used in valuation include any available data derived from observable markets. In the valuation of unquoted debentures available for sale, assumptions are also made about the contractor's credit risk, which may have an impact on the pricing of the instruments. Any change in these assumptions might affect the valuation of the above-mentioned instruments.

- Calculation of provision for retirement benefits and jubilee bonuses

The provision for retirement benefits and jubilee bonuses is created individually for each employee on the basis of actuarial valuation calculated on the balance sheet date by an independent actuary. The basis for calculation of these provisions are internal regulation especially the Collective Labour Agreement (“Zakładowy Układ Zbiorowy Pracy”) being in force at the Bank. Valuation of the employee benefits provisions is performed using techniques and actuarial assumptions in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and International Accounting Standards, especially IAS 19. The calculation of the provision includes all bonuses and retirement benefits that may be paid in the future. The provision was created on the basis of a list including all the necessary details of the employees, in particular the length of their service, age and gender. The provisions calculated equals discounted payments to be made in the future taking into account turnover of staff and regard the period till the balance sheet date. Profits or losses resulting from actuarial calculations are recognised in the income statement.

- Useful lives of tangible fixed assets, intangible assets and investment properties

In estimating the useful lives of particular types of tangible fixed assets, intangible assets and investment property, the Group considers a number of factors, including the following:

- the average existing useful lives, which reflect the pace of the physical wear and tear, intensiveness of usage, etc.,
- technical obsolescence,
- the period of having control over the asset and legal and other limits on the use of the asset,
- dependence of the useful lives of assets on the useful lives of other assets,
- other factors affecting the useful lives of non-current assets of this type.

When the period of use of a given asset results from a contract, the useful live of that asset corresponds to the period defined in the contract; if, however, the estimated useful life is shorter than the period defined in the contract, the Group uses the estimated useful life.

#### d) Cash and cash equivalents

“Cash and cash equivalents” consist of cash on hand, at *nostro* account with the Central Bank of Poland, current amounts due from other banks, and other cash due within up to three months and stated at nominal value.

#### e) Financial assets

The Group classifies financial assets into the following categories: financial assets valued at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets available for sale, loans and other receivables, financial assets held to maturity.

The Group determines the classification of the financial asset at the moment of its initial recognition.

▪ Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

This category includes: financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated at the moment of initial recognition as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets held for trading comprise: debt securities and equity securities, loans and receivables which were acquired or classified into this category with an intention to sell them in a short period of time. Derivative instruments are also included in this category.

Equity instruments

The equity instruments managed by Dom Maklerski PKO BP SA are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, where the fair value is measured as follows:

- 1) for those equity instruments for which there is an active market – with reference to market value,
- 2) for those equity instruments for which there is no active market – with reference to the price of the last transaction concluded on the market, unless in the period between the date of the transaction and the balance sheet date there were significant changes in market conditions which might affect the price.

Debt instruments

Debt securities are classified into the category of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, where the fair value is measured as follows:

- 1) for those debt instruments for which there is an active market - with reference to market value,
- 2) for those debt instruments for which there is no active market - with reference to other value accepted as fair value and determined using one of the following methods:
  - a) reference asset value method,
  - b) the yield curve method based on market interest rates,
  - c) the price of the last transaction concluded on the market, unless in the period between the date of the transaction and the balance sheet date there were significant changes in market conditions which might affect the price.

The effects of changes in fair value are recorded as income or expense from financial instruments stated at fair value through profit or loss.

Derivative instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognized at fair value at the date of transaction and are subsequently carried at fair value as of the balance sheet date. In the case where the estimated fair value is lower or higher than the fair value as of the preceding balance sheet date (for transactions concluded in the reporting period - acquisition cost or the sale price of the instrument), the difference is charged respectively to the result on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss or foreign exchange result (FX swap, FX forward and CIRS transactions), in correspondence with "Derivative financial instruments".

The result of the ultimate settlement of derivative instrument transactions is reflected in the result from financial assets and liabilities stated at fair value through profit and loss or in the foreign exchange result. The nominal value of the underlying instruments is presented in the off-balance sheet items from the date of origination the transaction until maturity. Off-balance sheet items denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at the end of each day according to the average NBP exchange rate.

The fair value of financial instruments which are traded on the market is their market price, less the costs of transaction. In other cases, fair value is calculated on the basis of a valuation model based on data derived from an active market.

Embedded derivative instruments

The Group has embedded derivative instruments, which are the components of financial and non-financial contracts, whereby all or part of the cash flows relating to such contracts vary in a similar way to the stand-alone derivative.

Embedded derivative instruments separated from host contracts and recognized separately in the accounting records are valued at fair value. Valuation is presented in the balance sheet under "Derivative Financial Instruments". Changes in fair value of derivative instruments are recorded in the profit and loss account under "Result from financial assets and financial liabilities valued at fair value".

Embedded derivative instrument is recognized separately from the host contract, if all of the following conditions are met:

- the financial instrument from which the embedded derivative instrument is separated is not classified as held for trading or available-for-sale, and the effects of revaluation of such instrument are charged to income or cost of financial operations of the current financial period,
- the characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not closely related to the characteristics and risks of the host contract,
- a separate instrument with the same characteristics as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative,
- it is possible to reliably determine the fair value of the embedded derivative.

In the case of contracts which are not financial instruments and which include an instrument which fulfils the above conditions, embedded derivatives are classified into financial assets valued at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities and are valued at fair value, with changes in fair value recorded in profit and loss account.

The fair value of financial instruments which are traded on the markets is their market price, less the costs of transaction. In other cases, fair value is calculated on the basis of a valuation model based on data derived from an active market. The techniques used are based - among others - on the discounted cash flow models, option models and yield curves.

- Financial assets available for sale

These are financial assets for which the holding period is not defined, and they are classified neither into the portfolio of assets valued at fair value through profit and loss nor into assets held to maturity. This portfolio includes: debt securities and equity securities, and loans and receivables that were not included into other categories. Interest on assets available for sale is calculated using the effective interest rate method and is charged to profit and loss account under "Interest income".

Financial assets available for sale are valued at fair value, and gains and losses arising from changes in fair value compared with valuation using amortized cost are taken to revaluation reserve. The item included in revaluation reserve is taken to the profit and loss account at the moment the asset is sold or found to be impaired. If an asset classified as available for sale is found to be impaired, the increases in the value of the asset that were previously recognized on its revaluation to fair value reduce the amount of the "Revaluation reserve". If the amount of the previous increases in value is not sufficient to cover the impairment, the difference is charged to the profit and loss account.

Dividends from equity instruments are recorded in the profit and loss account when the entity's right to receive the payment has been established.

#### Equity instruments

Equity instruments classified as available for sale are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined as follows:

- 1) For equity instruments for which an active market exists – with reference to market value,
- 2) For equity instruments for which there is no active market:
  - a) as current bid offer,
  - b) valuation performed by a specialised external entity providing this kind of services.

If it is not possible to determine fair value, equity instruments are stated at acquisition cost less impairment losses.

The effects of changes in the fair value of equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are taken to revaluation reserve, except for impairment losses, which are charged to profit and loss account.

### Debt instruments

Debt instruments classified as available-for-sale are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined as follows:

- 1) For those debt instruments for which there is an active market – with reference to market price,
- 2) For those debt instruments for which there is no active market – with reference to other value accepted as the fair value and determined using one of the following methods:
  - a) reference asset value method,
  - b) the yield curve method based on market interest rates, adjusted for risk margin equal to the margin determined in the terms of the issue.

The results of changes in fair value in relation to the carrying amount of an instrument stated at amortized cost are taken to revaluation reserve, except for impairment losses, which are charged to profit and loss account. Interest income and discounts calculated using the effective interest rate are presented as interest income, and the gain or loss recorded in the revaluation reserve is the difference between the fair value determined at the balance sheet date and the value of these assets at amortized cost.

- Loans, advances and other receivables

Loans and receivables comprise financial assets that are not quoted on an active market, which are featured with fixed or determinable payments, and which are not derivative instruments, other than:

- financial assets, which are to be sold by the Group at once or in a short period of time and which are classified as financial assets held for trading and also these assets which were classified as valued at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition,
- financial assets, classified as available for sale at initial recognition by the Group, or
- financial assets, whose owner may not recover the full amount of the initial investment due to other reasons than deterioration in credit repayment and which are classified as available for sale.

This category includes loans, advances and other receivables acquired and granted. Loans and receivables are valued at amortized cost using the effective interest rate, with an allowance for impairment losses.

Amortized cost is the amount at which the loan was measured at the date of initial recognition, less principal repayments, and increased or decreased by the cumulative amortization of any difference between that initial amount and the amount at maturity, and decreased by any impairment losses. Valuation at amortized cost is performed using the effective interest rate - the rate that discounts the expected future cash flow to the net present value over the period to maturity or the date of the next market valuation, and which is the internal rate of return of the asset for the given period; the calculation of this rate includes the payments received by the Bank which affect the financial characteristics of the instrument. Commissions and fees, which are an integral part of the effective return on a loan or advance, adjust their carrying amounts and are included in the calculation of the effective interest rate.

Loans and advances with unspecified repayment dates are valued at nominal value, increased by the amount of interest receivable and decreased by any impairment losses.

Receivables from services performed by the Group to contractors are valued at nominal value, increased by the amount of interest receivable and decreased by any impairment losses.

- Financial assets held to maturity

These are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and maturity dates, which were acquired in order to be held and the Group is able to hold them to maturity.

Financial assets in this category are valued at amortized cost using the effective interest rate. The cost amortization is recorded in the profit and loss account under "Interest income".

Debt instruments quoted on an active market and held to maturity are presented at acquisition cost, adjusted by accrued interest, discount and premium (calculated using the effective interest rate), with an allowance for any impairment losses.

- f) Accounting for transaction

Financial assets and financial liabilities, including forward transactions giving rise to an obligation or a right to acquire or sell in the future a given number of specified financial instruments at a given price, are recognized in

the books of account under the date on which the contract was entered into, irrespective of the settlement date provided in the contract.

g) Sale and repurchase contracts

Repo and reverse-repo transactions and sell-buy back, buy-sell back transactions are transactions for the sale or purchase of securities with a commitment to buy or sell back the security at an agreed date and price.

Repo transactions are recognized at the date of the transaction under amounts due to other banks or amounts due to customers in respect of deposits, depending on the contractor. Reverse-repo securities are recognized under amounts due from banks or loans extended to customers, depending on the contractor.

The difference between the sale price and the repurchase price is recognized as interest expense/income, as appropriate, and is amortized over the term of the contract using the effective interest rate.

Sell-buy back and buy-sell back transactions are recognized and valued using the method described in the paragraph on derivative instruments.

h) Impairment of financial assets

At each balance sheet date, the Group makes an assessment whether there is objective evidence that a given financial asset is impaired. If such evidence exists, the Group determines the amounts of impairment losses. An impairment loss is incurred when there is objective evidence of impairment due to one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and have an impact on the expected future cash flows to be derived from the financial asset or group of financial assets, and these cash flows are reliably measurable.

The following are considered by the Group as loss events:

- 1) significant financial difficulties of an issuer or debtor;
- 2) an actual breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- 3) granting by the lender to the borrower, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, of a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- 4) a high probability of bankruptcy or other financial reorganization of an issuer or a debtor;
- 5) lack of turnover of a component of financial assets on the active market due to financial difficulties of an issuer or a debtor,
- 6) evidence that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets, including the collectibility of these cash flows.

The Group first assesses impairment on an individual basis. If, for a given financial asset assessed individually, there are no objective indications of impairment, the asset is included in a group of financial assets with similar characteristics, which are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis.

The Group classifies loan and lease receivables on the basis of the amount of exposure into the individual and group portfolios.

In the individual portfolio, each individual loan exposure is tested for impairment. If the exposure is found to be impaired, an allowance is recognized against the amount of the receivable. If there is no objective evidence of impairment for a given exposure, this exposure is included in the portfolio of loans that are assessed on a collective basis.

Within the group portfolio, groups with similar credit risk characteristics are identified, which are then assessed for impairment on a collective basis.

If there is objective evidence for the impairment of financial assets classified as loans and financial lease receivables or investments held to maturity, the amount of the impairment allowance is the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of the estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted using the effective interest rate from the date on which the financial asset was found to be impaired.

The carrying amount of an asset is decreased by impairment allowances, and the amount of impairment losses is charged to profit and loss account.

The calculation of the present value of estimated cash flows relating to a financial asset for which the Bank holds collateral takes into account the cash flows arising from the seizure of the collateral, less costs to seize and sell.

Future cash flows from a group of financial assets assessed for impairment on a collective basis are estimated on the basis of cash flows generated from contracts and historical parameters of recoveries generated from assets with similar risk characteristics.

Historical recovery parameters are adjusted on the basis of data from current observations, so as to take into account the impact of current conditions and exclude the factors that had impact in the past but no longer exist.

If, in the subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss is reduced because of an event that took place after the impairment was recognized (e.g. improvement in debtor's credit rating), then the impairment loss that was previously recognized is reversed by making an appropriate adjustment to the balance of impairment allowances. The amount of the reversal is recorded in the profit and loss account.

In the case of impairment of a financial asset classified as available for sale, the amount of the impairment loss is charged to the profit and loss account, which results in the necessity to transfer the effects of its "downwards" valuation from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account. Impairment losses recognized against unquoted equity instruments are not reversed through profit and loss account.

No impairment losses are recognized against financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

i) Derecognition of financial instruments

Financial instruments are derecognized when the Group loses control over the contractual rights comprising the given financial instrument. This situation usually takes place when the instrument is sold or when all the cash flows assigned to the instrument are transferred to an independent third party.

Usually the Group derecognizes loans when they have been forgiven, when the period of limitation expired, when the loan is not recoverable. Loans and other amounts due are written off against the impairment allowances that were recognized for these accounts. In the case where no allowances were recognized against the account or the amount of the allowance is less than the amount of the loan or other receivable, before the loan or receivable is written off, the amount of the impairment allowance is increased by the difference between the value of the receivable and the amount of the allowances that have been recognized to date.

j) Tangible fixed assets, intangible assets

Tangible fixed assets and intangible assets are stated at the balance sheet date at acquisition cost or cost of production, less accumulated depreciation/amortization and impairment losses. This method is also applied to property covered by the revaluation performed in 1995, which were stated at fair value at the transition date. Depreciation/amortization is charged on all assets whose value decreases due to usage or passage of time, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the given asset. The adopted depreciation/amortization periods and depreciation/amortization rates are subject to periodic verification. If there were any events or circumstances indicating that the carrying amount of tangible fixed assets may not be recoverable, then these assets are reviewed for impairment. Depreciation/amortization charges and impairment losses are expensed directly to the profit and loss account for the current period. Tangible fixed assets (land) and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not depreciated/amortized, but tested for impairment.

Costs relating to acquisition or construction of buildings are allocated to significant components of the building, when such components have different useful lives or when each of the components generates benefits for the Bank in a different manner. Each component of the building is depreciated separately.

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortization of intangible assets commences on the first day of the month following the month in which the asset is brought to use, and ends no later than at the time when:

- 1) the amount of depreciation or amortization charges becomes equal to the initial cost of the asset, or
- 2) the asset is designated for liquidation, or
- 3) the asset is sold, or
- 4) the asset is found to be missing, or
- 5) it is found - as a result of verification - that the expected residual value of the asset exceeds its (net) carrying amount.

For intangible assets it is assumed that the residual value is nil, unless there is an obligation of a third party to buy back the asset, or if there is an active market which will continue to exist at the end of the asset's period of use and it is possible to determine the value of the asset on this market.



Depreciation periods used for the main categories of tangible fixed assets and intangible assets in the PKO BP SA Group are as follows:

<b>Tangible assets</b>	<b>Periods</b>
Buildings, premises, cooperative rights to premises	2-60 years
Leasehold improvements (buildings, premises)	2-10 years (or term of the lease if shorter)
Plant and machinery	3-15 years
Computer hardware	2-10 years
Motor vehicles	3-5 years
<b>Intangible assets</b>	<b>Periods</b>
Licences for computer software	2-10 years
Copyright, including rights to computer software	2-5 years
Other intangible assets	1-5 years

Goodwill arising on acquisition of a business entity is initially recognized at the acquisition cost, being an excess of the costs of acquiring control over the entity over the share of the holding company in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. After initial recognition, goodwill is stated at acquisition cost, less any cumulative impairment losses. The test for impairment is carried out on an annual basis.

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is recognized under intangible assets, and goodwill arising on acquisition of associates is recognized under "Investments in associates and jointly controlled entities".

As of the date of acquisition, the acquired goodwill is allocated to each cash-generating unit, which can take advantage of combination synergies. Impairment is calculated by estimating the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the given goodwill relates. In the case where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is lower than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized. In the case where goodwill represents part of a cash-generating unit and part of operations conducted within this unit is sold, when calculating the gain or loss on the disposal of these operations, the goodwill related to sold operations is included in the carrying amount of these operations. Goodwill sold in such circumstances is valued on the basis of the relative value of the operations sold and the value of the remaining part of the cash-generating unit.

#### k) Investment property

Initially, investment property is measured at its cost, which includes transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment property is measured using the cost model (i.e. at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses). Investment property is de-recognized when disposed of or permanently withdrawn from use and no future benefits are expected from its disposal. Gains or losses on derecognition of investment property are recognized in the income statement for the year in which such derecognition took place.

#### l) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets held for sale include assets whose carrying amount is to be recovered as a result of resale and not due to continued use. Such assets only include assets available for immediate sale in the current condition, the sale of which is highly probable, i.e. the entity decided to fulfill the plan for the sale of the asset, and started to actively seek for the buyer in order to complete the sale plan. In addition, such assets are offered for sale at a price which is reasonable with respect to their current fair value and it is expected that the sale will be recognized as completed within one year from the date of classification of the asset into this category.

Non-current assets held for sale are stated at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less the costs of disposal. Impairment allowances for non-current assets held for sale are recognized in the profit and loss account for the period in which these allowances were made. No depreciation is charged on assets classified into this category.

#### m) Investments in associates and jointly controlled entities accounted for using the equity method

The equity method involves valuation of shares and investments in other entities at the amount of the Group's share in the net assets of the given entity. The value of the Group's investment in net assets of an associate or jointly controlled entity, including any non-amortizable goodwill arising on acquisition, is tested for impairment at least once a year.

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*(in PLN thousand)*

If the share of the Group in the losses incurred by an associate or jointly controlled entity is equal to or higher than the carrying amount of the investment, the value of the investment is shown at nil, and any further losses (below the carrying amount equal to nil) are recorded only, at an amount of payment made or committed by the Group on behalf of the associate or jointly controlled entity in order to fulfill the obligations of this entity that the Group guaranteed or otherwise committed to fulfill.

n) Valuation of items denominated in foreign currencies and foreign exchange result

The balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities in foreign currency are translated into Polish zloty using the average NBP rate prevailing for a given currency as at the balance sheet date. Impairment allowances for loan exposures and other receivables denominated in foreign currencies, which are created in Polish zloty, are updated in line with a change in the valuation of the assets in foreign currencies for which these impairment allowances are created. Realized and unrealized foreign exchange differences are recorded in the profit and loss account.

o) Exchange rates used in preparing consolidated financial statements

For translation of balance sheet and off-balance sheet items as at 31 December 2006 into euro, the Group used the rate of 3.8312 PLN/EUR, which is the average NBP rate at the balance sheet date, whereas for translation of the balance sheet and off-balance-sheet items as at 31 December 2005 into euro, the Bank used the rate of 3.8598 PLN/EUR, which was the average NBP rate at the balance sheet date.

The main items of the income statement and cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2006 have been translated into euro using the rate of 3.8991 PLN/EUR, which is the arithmetical mean of the average NBP rates at the last day of each month covered by the financial statements. The financial data concerning the income statement and cash flow statement for 2005 have been translated into euro using the rate of 4.0233 PLN/EUR, which was the arithmetical mean of the average NBP rates at the last day of each month covered by the comparative financial data.

<b>EUR</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Rate prevailing on the last day of the period	3.8312	3.8598
Rate representing the arithmetical mean of the rates prevailing on the last days of each month of the period	3.8991	4.0233
The highest rate in the period	4.0434	4.2756
The lowest rate in the period	3.7726	3.8223

For translation of the balance sheet and off-balance sheet items as at 31 December 2006 into UAH, the Group used the rate of 0.5760 PLN/UAH which is the average NBP rate at the balance sheet date, whereas for translation of the balance sheet and off-balance-sheet positions as at 31 December 2005 into UAH the Group used the rate of 0.6465 PLN/UAH, which is the average NBP rate at the balance sheet date.

The main items of the profit and loss account and of the cash flow statement for 2006 have been translated into UAH using the rate of 0.6129 PLN/UAH which is the arithmetical mean of the average NBP rates at the last day of each month, covered by the financial statement. The financial data concerning the income statement and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2005 have been translated into UAH with the rate of 0.6386 PLN/UAH, the arithmetical average of the average NBP rates at the last day of each month covered by the comparative financial data.

<b>UAH</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Rate prevailing on the last day of the period	0.5760	0.6465
Rate representing the arithmetical mean of the rates prevailing on the last days of each month of the period	0.6129	0.6386
The highest rate in the period	0.6420	0.6729
The lowest rate in the period	0.5721	0.5570

p) Off-balance sheet liabilities granted

Within its operations, the Bank enters into transactions, which, at the time of their conclusion, are not recognized in the balance sheet as assets or liabilities, however they result in contingent liabilities. A contingent liability is:

- a possible obligation depending on whether some future event occurs, whose existence will be confirmed only at the time of the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not fully controlled by the Group;

- a present obligation resulting from past events, but not recognized in the balance sheet, as it is not probable that the outflow of cash or other assets in order to fulfill the obligation is necessary, or the obligation amount cannot be determined reliably.

Granted credit lines and guarantees are the most significant items of off-balance sheet liabilities granted.

For off-balance sheet liabilities granted, which carry the risk of default risk by the commissioning party, provisions are recognized in accordance with IAS 37 and IAS 39.

q) Deferred income tax

Due to timing differences between the moment income is recognized as earned and cost as incurred according to the Accounting Act and to tax regulations, the Group recognizes deferred tax liabilities (provisions) and deferred tax assets. The amount of deferred tax is determined, using the balance sheet method, as a change in the balance of the following items - deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are presented in the balance sheet respectively as assets or liabilities. The change in the balance of a deferred tax liability or a deferred tax asset is included in taxation charge, except for the effects of valuation of financial assets recognized in revaluation reserve, where changes in the balance of a deferred tax liability or deferred tax asset are accounted for in correspondence with revaluation reserve. The calculation of deferred tax takes into account the balance of the deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all a part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

r) Financial liabilities at fair value

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include derivatives valued in accordance with point e) of this note.

s) Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities are valued at amortized cost using the effective interest rate. If it is not possible to determine the cash flow projection for a financial liability and, therefore, to reliably determine the effective interest rate, such a liability is recorded at the amount due.

t) Accruals and deferred income

This item mainly comprises commission recognized using the straight-line method and other income received in advance, which will be recognized in the profit and loss account in the future reporting periods.

Accruals include: accruals for costs of services performed for the Group by contractors, which will be recognized in the following periods, and accruals for amounts due to employees (e.g. bonuses, rewards and unused holiday payments).

Accruals and deferred income are stated in the balance sheet under "Other liabilities".

u) Prepayments and deferred costs

Prepayments and deferred costs include particular kinds of expenses which will be recognized in the profit and loss account in the future reporting periods. Prepayments and deferred costs are presented in the balance sheet under "Other assets".

v) Provisions

Provisions are liabilities of uncertain timing or amount.

According to the Collective Labour Agreement (*Zakładowy Układ Zbiorowy*), all employees of PKO BP SA are entitled to jubilee bonuses after completing a specified number of years in service and to retirement bonuses upon retirement. The Bank periodically performs an actuarial valuation of the future liabilities to employees.

The Group creates accruals for the future liabilities of the Group relating to unused annual leave, taking into account all outstanding unused holiday days, for damages and severance payments made to those employees

whose employment contracts are terminated for reasons independent of the employee, and for the costs of the current period which will be incurred in the following periods.

w) Financial result

The Group recognizes all significant costs and income in accordance with the following principles: accrual basis, matching principle, principles for recognition and valuation of assets and liabilities, principles for recognition of impairment losses.

- Interest income and interest expenses

Interest income and interest expense includes interest, together with discounts and premium, recognized in accordance with the accruals principle based on the effective interest rate method.

Interest income also includes fees and commission received, which are part of the internal rate of return of the financial instrument.

- Fees and commission income and expenses

Fees and commission income is generally recognized on an accruals basis at the moment when the service is performed. Fees and commission income includes one-off amounts charged by the Group for services not related to the internal rate of return on loans and other receivables, as well as amounts charged by the Group for services performed over a period exceeding 3 months.

Fees and commission income also includes fees and commission recognized on a straight-line basis, received on loans with unspecified repayment dates.

- Foreign exchange result

Foreign exchange result comprises foreign exchange gains and losses, both realized and unrealized, resulting from daily revaluation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency using the average NBP exchange rates at the balance sheet date and from the fair value valuation of outstanding derivatives (FX forward, FX swap, CIRS).

- Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and expense include income and costs not related directly to banking activity. Other operating income mostly includes income from third party assets management, income from lease/rental of properties, recovered expired, forgiven and bad debts, income from sale or liquidation of non-current assets and assets seized in exchange for debts, received compensation, fines and penalties. Other operating expense mostly includes costs of sale or liquidation of non-current assets, including assets seized in exchange for debts, costs of third party assets management, donations given and costs of damages, penalties and fines.

Other operating income and expense also include - in subsidiaries - net income from sale of finished goods, goods for resale and raw materials and the corresponding costs of its production.

x) Current income tax

Corporate income tax is calculated on the basis of gross profit adjusted for non-taxable income, taxable income that does not constitute accounting income, non-tax deductible expenses and tax costs which are not accounting costs, in accordance with Polish tax regulations. These items mainly include income and expenses relating to accrued interest payable and receivable and provisions for receivables, off-balance sheet liabilities and other assets.

In calculating taxable income, the Bank took into account the provisions of the Decree of the Minister of Finance dated 28 March 2003 on the extension of deadlines for payment of corporate income tax advances and corporate income tax by banks granting housing loans from the Mortgage Fund.

y) Shareholders' equity

Shareholders' equity comprises the share capital and funds created by the Group companies in accordance with the binding legal regulations and the Articles of Association. Shareholders' equity includes retained earnings and accumulated losses from previous years. The part of shareholders' equity of subsidiaries, other than share capital, which corresponds to the interest held in the subsidiary by the holding company, is added up with the appropriate components of the equity of the holding company. The shareholders' equity of the Group only includes that part of the shareholders' equity of the subsidiaries that was created after the date of acquisition of shares by the holding company. In particular, this applies to a change in equity due to acquired profits or incurred losses as well as revaluation of financial assets available for sale.

- share capital comprises only the share capital of the holding company and is stated at nominal value, in accordance with Articles of Association and the Register of Entrepreneurs,
- reserve capital is created according to the Articles of Associations of the Group companies, from the appropriation of net profits and from share premium,
- revaluation reserve comprises the effects of remeasurement of financial assets available for sale and the amount of the deferred tax. In the balance sheet, the revaluation reserve is presented net,
- other reserves as envisaged by the Articles of Association are created by appropriation of profits,
- the component of the equity – exchange differences – comprises exchange differences resulting from the translation of the net profit generated by the foreign entity using the weighted average rate established at the balance sheet date with reference to the average NBP rate,
- General banking risk fund in PKO BP SA is created from profit after taxation according to the Banking Law dated 29 of August 1997.

Shareholders' equity also includes:

- net profit (loss) under the approval process, decreased by planned dividends,
- dividends declared after the balance sheet date but not paid.

The net profit (loss) for the period is the result derived from the profit or loss account, adjusted by corporate income tax expense.

z) Social Fund [Zakładowy Fundusz Świadczeń Socjalnych]

According to the Social Fund Act dated 4 March 1994, with subsequent amendments, the Bank established a Social Fund. The aim of this Fund is to finance social activities on behalf of employees and to subsidise the Bank's social facilities. The Fund's assets consist of accumulated contributions made by the Bank to the Social Fund, reduced by non-refundable expenditures from the Social Fund.

In the balance sheet, the Bank compensated the Fund's assets and liabilities due to the fact that the assets of the Social Fund are not controlled by the Bank.

### **3. Objectives and principles relating to financial risk management**

Risk management is one of the most important internal processes both in the Bank and the PKO BP SA Group's entities. The objective of risk management is to ensure the proper level of safety and profitability of loan activity in the changing legal and economic environment. Risk management comprises management of credit risk, market risk and operational risk.

The main types of risks arising from the Group's financial instruments include credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and currency risk. The Group verifies and sets objectives and principles of management of each kind of risk - these principles are shortly discussed below. The holding company also monitors the risk of changes in market prices of all of its financial instruments. The accounting policies of the PKO BP SA Group relating to derivatives are discussed in note 2 under "Accounting policies used by the PKO BP Group".

#### **Credit risk**

The objective of creation an effective credit risk management is to increase safety and profitability of services delivered.

The Bank and the Group companies, where credit risk is generated follow the following principles:

- each loan transaction is subject to comprehensive credit risk assessment, which is reflected in an internal rating or credit scoring,
- credit risk relating to potential and concluded loan transactions is measured on a cyclical basis taking into consideration changing external conditions and changes in the financial standing of the borrowers,
- credit risk assessment is subject to additional verification by credit risk assessment forces independent of the business forces,
- credit risk is diversified geographically, by industry, by product and by clients,
- credit decisions may be taken only by authorized persons,
- the Bank and other PKO BP SA Group companies hedge against credit risk by creating specific provisions for the impairment of loan exposures.

In 2006, BFL SA, in accordance with the loan agreement signed with the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, implemented new procedures for the assessment of ecological risk, and thus increased the range of risk factors the assessment of which is regulated in its internal regulation.

Furthermore, in 2006, the Company concluded an agreement on cooperation with The National Debt Register of Bureau of Economic Information, resulting in more effective identification of unreliable debtors. In this way, BFL SA protects from concluding lease agreements with unreliable debtors.

In 2006, KREDOBANK SA amended its internal regulation regarding lending policies, assessment of debtors, accepting and monitoring of collaterals, and taking loan granting decisions. In addition, it introduced a new regulation concerning identification of relationships existing between borrowers.

### **Concentration of credit risk**

The Banking Law specifies maximum concentration limits for the bank. According to Article 71.1 of the Banking Law, the total value of Bank's exposures, off-balance sheet liabilities granted or shares in other entity owned by the Bank directly or indirectly, additional payments into a limited liability company as well as contributions or limited partnership sums – depending what is higher – in a limited partnership or limited joint-stock partnership for one entity or for a group of entities related by capital or management, cannot exceed 20% of the Bank's own funds if the entity is related to the Bank, or 25% of the Bank's own funds if the entity is not related to the Bank.

Furthermore, according to Article 71.2 of the Banking Law, the total exposure of the Bank towards entities in which the Bank's current exposure exceeds 10% of the Bank's own funds, cannot exceed 800% of the Bank's own funds.

As at 31 December 2006, the exposure of PKO BP SA towards one entity amounted to PLN 3,418,034 thousand (including PLN 2,054,034 thousand in respect of balance sheet items). According to Article 71.3 of the Banking Law, concentration limits do not apply to these exposures.

#### a) Concentration of credit risk by borrowers:

as at 31 December 2006

<b>Exposure of the Bank towards 10 biggest borrowers</b>			
<b>No.</b>	<b>Borrower</b>	<b>Total exposure*</b>	<b>Percentage of the Bank's loan portfolio**</b>
1	Borrower A1	2 054 034	3.45%
2	Borrower A2	632 310	1.06%
3	Borrower A3	604 000	1.01%
4	Borrower A4	502 266	0.84%
5	Borrower A5	383 980	0.65%
6	Borrower A6	345 700	0.58%
7	Borrower A7	258 511	0.43%
8	Borrower A8	257 958	0.43%
9	Borrower A9	206 357	0.35%
10	Borrower A10	202 863	0.34%

\* Total exposure includes loans, advances, purchased debts, discounts on bills of exchange, realized guarantees and interest receivable.

\*\* The value of the loan portfolio does not include off-balance and capital exposures.

As at 31 December 2006, within 10 biggest borrowers, the exposures that amounted to 3.45% and 1.01%, respectively related to risk that corresponds to the State Treasury risk, and therefore they do not increase the Bank's exposure to credit risk.

The other exposures resulted from transactions concluded with:

- entities effectively controlled by the Bank (0.84%),
- local authorities (1.06%),
- large corporate clients (2.78%).

None of the above loan exposures was classified as a non-performing loan.

This document is a translation of a document originally issued in Polish. The only binding version is the original Polish version.

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Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski Spółka Akcyjna Group  
for the year ended 31 December 2006*

*(in PLN thousand)*

as at 31 December 2005

<b>Exposure of the Bank towards 10 biggest borrowers</b>			
No.	Borrower	Total exposure*	Percentage of the Bank's loan portfolio**
1	Borrower B1	2 408 699	4.94%
2	Borrower B2	1 744 825	3.58%
3	Borrower B3	753 278	1.55%
4	Borrower B4	495 965	1.02%
5	Borrower B5	397 612	0.82%
6	Borrower B6	387 400	0.80%
7	Borrower B7	222 229	0.46%
8	Borrower B8	204 517	0.42%
9	Borrower B9	199 942	0.41%
10	Borrower B10	198 556	0.41%

\* Total exposure includes loans, advances, purchased debts, discounts on bills of exchange, realized guarantees and interest receivable.

\*\* The value of the loan portfolio does not include off-balance and capital exposures.

b) Concentration of credit risk by capital groups:

as at 31 December 2006

<b>Total exposure towards 5 biggest capital groups that are the Bank's clients</b>	<b>Percentage of the Bank's loan portfolio*</b>
Group X1	2.09%
Group X2	1.09%
Group X3	0.98%
Group X4	0.89%
Group X5	0.73%
<b>Total</b>	<b>5.78%</b>

\* The value of the loan portfolio does not include off-balance and capital exposures.

Out of the total amount of exposure towards the groups listed above, 40.7% of the total exposure provided the basis for recognizing individual and collective impairment allowances for balance sheet exposures. Based on the Bank's methodology, none of these exposures is individually impaired, but for all of them there is an evidence of collective impairment, and an impairment allowance has been determined on a collective basis.

as at 31 December 2005

<b>Total exposure towards 5 biggest capital groups that are the Bank's clients</b>	<b>Percentage of the Bank's loan portfolio*</b>
Group Y1	1.39%
Group Y2	1.07%
Group Y3	1.04%
Group Y4	0.90%
Group Y5	0.88%
<b>Total</b>	<b>5.28%</b>

\* The value of the loan portfolio does not include off-balance and capital exposures.

c) Concentration of credit risk by industry:

In order to mitigate credit risk related to excessive concentration of exposures to individual industries, the Bank developed a system for the structuring of exposures to particular industries.

The following table presents the structure of loan exposures by industry sectors:

Section	Description	Share in loan portfolio	
		31.12.2006	31.12.2005
D	Manufacturing	22.58%	18.20%
E	Electricity, gas and water supply	7.49%	10.30%
F	Construction	3.21%	2.60%
G	Trade (wholesale and retail), repairs of cars, motorbikes and household and personal goods	13.26%	11.90%
K	Real estate activities, renting, and business-related services	8.92%	7.80%
L	Public administration and national defence, obligatory social security and public health insurance	29.16%	38.00%
	Other exposures	15.38%	11.20%
	<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### Market risk

Market risk includes: interest rate risk, currency risk, capital adequacy risk, equity price risk in trading book, derivatives risk, risk of financial institutions, as well as mid and long-term liquidity risk.

Market risk management is subject to constant evaluation and development in order to adopt it to changing market circumstances. The process of risk management includes the following:

- 1) identification of risk factor,
- 2) risk measurement,
- 3) system risk management,
- 4) risk monitoring,
- 5) risk reporting.

The market risk reporting system, as described in the Management Board resolutions, is based on the following reports:

- 1) daily and weekly - prepared for operational purposes,
- 2) monthly - considered during the meetings of the Asset and Liability Committee,
- 3) quarterly - considered during the Management Board meetings,
- 4) half-yearly - considered during the Supervisory Board meetings.

These reports relate to the market risks which can affect the Bank. Additionally, a report on the market risk in the PKO BP SA Group is attached to the monthly and quarterly reports at the end of each quarter.

The companies in the PKO BP SA Group which, due to their activities, are characterized by a high level of market risk, have their own internal regulations (submitted to the Bank for approval) for management of each type of risk. These regulations define, among others, the procedure for the reporting of market risk to the Management of these companies.

### Interest rate risk

The objective of the interest rate risk management is to identify interest rate risk areas and to shape the balance sheet and off-balance sheet liabilities' structure in order to maximize the value of the net assets and interest result of the Bank within the adopted interest risk profile.

In the process of interest rate risk management, the Bank measures risk based on the internal Value at Risk model (VaR), price sensitivity, interest income sensitivity and other methods.

The main tools used in interest rate risk management include:

- 1) internal procedures for interest rate risk management



- 2) limits and thresholds for interest rate risk, and
- 3) defining allowable transactions for interest rates.

The Bank has set limits and thresholds for interest rate risk including: price sensitivity, interest income sensitivity, loss limits and limits for instruments that are subject to interest rate risk. They were set separately for each of the Bank's portfolios.

Methods of interest rate risk management in the Group companies are defined by their internal regulations implemented by the Group companies, which are characterised by high values/levels of interest rate risk measures. The regulations are developed after consultation with the Bank and take into account recommendation of the Bank.

In the process of interest risk management of the Group companies the following measures are utilized:

- 1) measures of interest rate risk set by the Group companies,
- 2) measures of interest rate gap and price sensitivity (BPV), set by the Bank.

Measures of interest rate gap and price sensitivity for the Group companies are determined in the similar methods as for the interest rate gap and price sensitivity for the Bank, taking into account the specific economic activity of the Group companies.

### **Currency risk**

The objective of currency risk management is to identify currency risk areas and to take measures to reduce the currency risk to the acceptable levels. As part of currency risk management, the Bank's Management Board sets an adequate currency risk profile of the Bank in line with the accepted financial plan of the Bank concerning the result from currency transactions.

The Bank adopted the Value at Risk model to measure currency risk.

The main tools used in currency risk management are as follows:

- 1) internal procedures for currency risk management,
- 2) limits and thresholds set for currency risk,
- 3) defining acceptable currency transactions and adopted currency exchange rates,
- 4) defining data used for the purpose of risk measurement.

The Bank set limits for the following items: currency positions, Value at Risk calculated for 10-day time horizon and daily loss from speculative transactions on currency market.

Methods of currency risk management in the Group companies are defined by their internal regulations implemented by the Group companies, which are characterised by high values/levels of currency risk measures. The regulations are developed after consultation with the Bank and take into account recommendation of the Bank.

In the process of interest risk management of the Group companies the following measures are utilized:

- 1) measures of currency risk set by the Group companies,
- 2) measures of currency position, defined by the Bank.

Measures of currency position the Group companies are determined using the similar methods as for the currency position for the Bank, taking into account the specific economic activity of the Group companies.

### **Derivative instrument risk**

The objective of derivative risk management is to monitor the use of derivative instruments and to keep derivative risk in the range defined by the general risk profile of the Bank. Derivative risk management in the Bank is fully integrated with the management of other risks, such as: interest rate, currency, liquidity and credit risk. The principles of derivative risk management in the Bank define the risks related to derivative transactions and the tasks for individual organizational units in the process of derivative risk management.

The Bank uses, among others, the Value at Risk (VaR) model to measure the risk related to derivative instruments.

The main tools used in derivative risk management are as follows:

- 1) internal procedures related to derivative risk management,
- 2) derivatives profiles,
- 3) limits and thresholds set for the risk related to derivative instruments,
- 4) framework agreements (ISDA, ZBP) specifying, among others, settlement mechanisms.

Derivative risk management is realized by imposing limits on individual derivative instruments included in the Bank's trading and banking portfolios, monitoring limits observation and reporting risk level.

Master agreements concluded by the Bank with the main counterparties on the basis of the master agreement of the Polish Banks Association (*Związek Banków Polskich - ZBP*) for domestic banks and the ISDA master agreement for foreign banks play a significant role in the process of mitigating the risk related to derivative instruments. Due to the complexity of these agreements and their significance for the Bank, the Bank implemented an internal procedure for concluding and managing such agreements.

Methods of derivative instrument risk management in the Group companies are defined by their internal regulations implemented by the Group companies, which take position in derivative instruments or plan to take positions in such instruments. The regulations are developed after consultation with the Bank and take into account recommendation of the Bank.

In the process of derivative instrument risk management of the Group companies the following measures are utilized:

- 1) measures of derivative instrument risk set by the Group companies,
- 2) positions taken by the Group companies in particular derivative instruments, defined by the Bank.

Positions taken by the Group companies in particular derivative instruments are determined using the similar methods as for positions taken by the Bank in such instruments, taking into account the specific economic activity of the Group companies.

### **Capital adequacy risk**

The objective of capital adequacy risk management is to ensure that the Bank and the PKO BP SA Group follow prudence regulations concerning capital adequacy requirements due to risk exposure, expressed as capital adequacy ratio.

The main tools used in capital adequacy management are as follows:

- 1) selection of optimum measures for capital adequacy requirements for specific types of risk, in respect of level of required capital, according to resolution No 4/2004 of the Commission for Banking Supervision dated 8 September 2004,
- 2) internal procedures for capital adequacy defining: classification of new transactions to trading portfolio or banking portfolio, determining original positions for transactions classified to trading or banking portfolio, determining the market result realized on original positions in the trading portfolio, determining the loss realized on original positions in the banking portfolio, application of price estimation techniques used for the calculation of market results realized on positions classified to trading portfolio.

The Bank calculates capital requirements relating to the following market risk:

- 1) currency risk for banking and trading books jointly,
- 2) equity securities price risk for the trading book (general and specific risk),
- 3) general interest rate risk for the trading book,
- 4) specific risk related to the prices of debt securities in the trading book,
- 5) counterparty risk and delivery/settlement risk for the trading book.

The companies in the PKO BP SA Group do not generate capital adequacy requirement connected to market risk.

### **Price risk of equity securities in the trading portfolio**

The objective of equity securities price risk management is to shape the Bank's balance sheet structure to ensure the adequacy of the Bank's price profile to the nature of its business activities and to reduce the impact of unfavourable changes in share prices on the Bank's financial result.

Limits for equity price risk are set separately for particular sub-portfolios of the trading book. The items that are subject to limits are open positions, daily losses and options' sensitivity.

### **Liquidity risk**

The objective of liquidity risk management is to shape the Bank's balance sheet and off-balance sheet liabilities' structure to ensure the continuous solvency of the Bank taking into account the nature of its activities and requirements which may occur due to changes in market environment.

The Bank's policy concerning liquidity is based on keeping a portfolio of liquid securities and stable deposits. In its liquidity risk management policy, the Bank also uses money market instruments, including NBP open market operations.

The Bank uses the following tools for liquidity risk measurement:

- 1) the "contractual liquidity gap" method and the "liquidity gap in real terms" method,
- 2) the "surplus liquidity" method,
- 3) analysis of stability of deposit and loan portfolios,
- 4) stress testing.

The main tools for liquidity risk management in the PKO BP SA Group are:

- 1) procedures regarding liquidity risk management,
- 2) limits and thresholds restraining liquidity risk,
- 3) deposit, investment and derivative transactions, including structural currency transactions and sell or buy transactions of securities.

To ensure adequate liquidity level, the Bank and the PKO BP SA Group companies set limits and thresholds for liquidity risk. The limits and thresholds are used to measure both the current liquidity and the medium and long-term liquidity.

Methods of liquidity risk management in the Group companies are defined by their internal regulations implemented by the Group companies, which are characterised by high values/levels of liquidity risk measures. The regulations are developed after consultation with the Bank and take into account recommendation of the Bank.

In the process of interest risk management of the Group companies the following measures are utilized:

- 1) measures of liquidity risk set by the Group companies,
- 2) measure of „contractual liquidity gap”, determined by the Bank.

Measure of "contractual liquidity gap" for the Group companies is determined using the similar methods as for the "contractual liquidity gap" for the Bank, taking into account the specific economic activity of the Group companies.

### **31 December 2006**

#### **Interest rate risk**

Financial assets and liabilities subject to fair value risk connected with interest rate<sup>1</sup>

	<b>31.12.2006</b>
Bank - Debt securities	15 021 274
Bank - Loans and advances based on fixed interest rates	734 753
Bank - Deposits from customers based on fixed interest rates	(14 660 248)
Bank - Inter-bank and negotiable deposits	(16 655 690)
Bank - Inter-bank receivables	12 946 291
Group Entities - Assets	1 697 896
Group Entities - Liabilities	(960 265)
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>(1 875 989)</b>

Financial assets and liabilities subject to cash flow risk connected with interest rate<sup>1</sup>

	<b>31.12.2006</b>
Bank - Debt securities	4 039 820
Bank - Loans and advances based on variable interest rates	59 491 751
Bank - Deposits from customers based on variable interest rates	(51 585 402)
Group Entities - Assets	1 013 404
Group Entities - Liabilities	(2 013 503)
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>10 946 070</b>

Off-balance sheet transactions – fair value<sup>1,2</sup>

	<b>31.12.2006</b>
Bank - Derivatives	107 362
Group Entities – Derivatives	(195)
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>107 167</b>

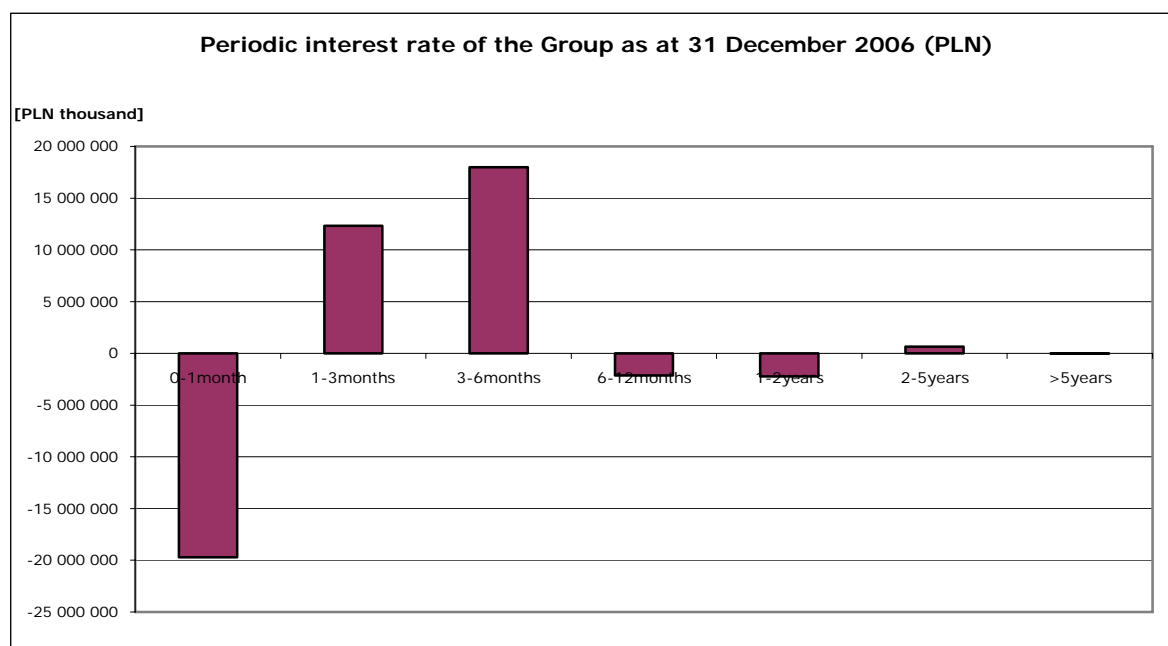
PLN Repricing Gap	0-1 month	1 - 3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	1- 2 years	2- 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Bank - Periodic gap	(19 599 952)	12 463 891	18 015 885	(2 146 871)	(1 965 852)	635 915	(34 780)	7 368 236
Bank - Cumulative gap	(19 599 952)	(7 136 061)	10 879 824	8 732 953	6 767 101	7 403 016	7 368 236	x
Group Entities - Periodic gap	(93 437)	(128 772)	(35 415)	26 932	(243 651)	15 929	212	(458 202)
Group Entities - Cumulative gap	(93 437)	(222 209)	(257 624)	(230 692)	(474 343)	(458 414)	(458 202)	-
<b>TOTAL - Periodic gap</b>	<b>(19 693 389)</b>	<b>12 335 119</b>	<b>17 980 470</b>	<b>(2 119 939)</b>	<b>(2 209 503)</b>	<b>651 844</b>	<b>(34 568)</b>	<b>6 910 034</b>
<b>TOTAL - Cumulative gap</b>	<b>(19 693 389)</b>	<b>(7 358 270)</b>	<b>10 622 200</b>	<b>8 502 261</b>	<b>6 292 758</b>	<b>6 944 602</b>	<b>6 910 034</b>	<b>-</b>

<sup>1</sup> Total for all currencies.

<sup>2</sup> Fair value

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At the end of 2006, the PKO BP SA Group had a negative cumulative PLN gap in a time horizon up to 3 months and a positive cumulative gap for longer horizons. At the end of 2006, the exposure of the PKO BP SA Group to interest rate risk mainly consisted of the Bank's exposure. The PLN interest rate risk generated by the other Group companies had no significant influence on the interest rate risk of the whole Group and therefore it did not affect its risk profile.

USD Repricing Gap (in USD ths.)	0-1 month	1 - 3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	1- 2 years	2- 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Bank - Periodic gap	(378 458)	181 384	99 566	86 261	-	-	52 374	41 127
Bank - Cumulative gap	(378 458)	(197 074)	(97 508)	(11 247)	(11 247)	(11 247)	41 127	-
Group Entities - Periodic gap	(66 536)	(49)	(37 351)	(33 044)	23 388	60 047	69 157	15 612
Group Entities - Cumulative gap	(66 536)	(66 585)	(103 936)	(136 980)	(113 592)	(53 545)	15 612	-
<b>TOTAL - Periodic gap</b>	<b>(444 994)</b>	<b>181 335</b>	<b>62 215</b>	<b>53 217</b>	<b>23 388</b>	<b>60 047</b>	<b>121 531</b>	<b>56 739</b>
<b>TOTAL - Cumulative gap</b>	<b>(444 994)</b>	<b>(263 659)</b>	<b>(201 444)</b>	<b>(148 227)</b>	<b>(124 839)</b>	<b>(64 792)</b>	<b>56 739</b>	<b>-</b>

The exposure of the Group to interest rate risk in USD consists for the most part of the Bank's exposure and KREDOBANK's exposure. The subsidiaries' interest rate risk increased the Group's interest rate risk in the time horizons: up to 1 month and above 1 year. The subsidiaries' interest rate risk decreased the interest rate risk in the time horizons from 1 month to 1 year.

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EUR Repricing Gap (in EUR ths.)	0-1 month	1-3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Bank - Periodic gap	(497 048)	401 894	(5 310)	78 608	26 377	1 022	7 355	12 898
Bank - Cumulative gap	(497 048)	(95 154)	(100 464)	(21 856)	4 521	5 543	12 898	-
Group Entities - Periodic gap	(3 162)	(544)	(16 227)	(5 474)	9 597	15 964	1 483	1 637
Group Entities - Cumulative gap	(3 162)	(3 706)	(19 933)	(25 407)	(15 810)	154	1 637	-
<b>TOTAL - Periodic gap</b>	<b>(500 210)</b>	<b>401 350</b>	<b>(21 537)</b>	<b>73 134</b>	<b>35 974</b>	<b>16 986</b>	<b>8 838</b>	<b>14 535</b>
<b>TOTAL - Cumulative gap</b>	<b>(500 210)</b>	<b>(98 860)</b>	<b>(120 397)</b>	<b>(47 263)</b>	<b>(11 289)</b>	<b>5 697</b>	<b>14 535</b>	<b>-</b>

The exposure of the Group to interest rate risk in EUR consists for the most part of the Bank's exposure and KREDOBANK's exposure. The EUR interest rate risk which is generated by other Group companies has no significant influence on the Group's interest rate risk and therefore does not affect its risk profile.

CHF Repricing Gap (in CHF ths.)	0-1 month	1-3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Bank - Periodic gap	2 547 713	(2 430 896)	(966)	(1 553)	(2 565)	-	-	111 733
Bank - Cumulative gap	2 547 713	116 817	115 851	114 298	111 733	111 733	111 733	-
Group Entities - Periodic gap	(86)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(86)
Group Entities - Cumulative gap	(86)	(86)	(86)	(86)	(86)	(86)	(86)	-
<b>TOTAL - Periodic gap</b>	<b>2 547 627</b>	<b>(2 430 896)</b>	<b>(966)</b>	<b>(1 553)</b>	<b>(2 565)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>111 647</b>
<b>TOTAL - Cumulative gap</b>	<b>2 547 627</b>	<b>116 731</b>	<b>115 765</b>	<b>114 212</b>	<b>111 647</b>	<b>111 647</b>	<b>111 647</b>	<b>-</b>

The exposure of the Group to CHF interest rate risk consists mainly of the Bank's exposures. The CHF interest rate risk generated by the Group companies does not have a significant influence on the Group's interest rate risk and therefore does not affect its risk profile.

The Group's interest rate risk exposure remained within the approved limits.

The interest rate risk in the Group was on a low level. As at 31 December 2006, the interest rate VaR for the holding period of 10 days amounted to PLN 4,813 thousand, which constituted ca. 0.07% of Bank's own funds<sup>3</sup>. The interest rate risk was generated mainly by the risk of a mismatch the repricing dates of assets and liabilities.

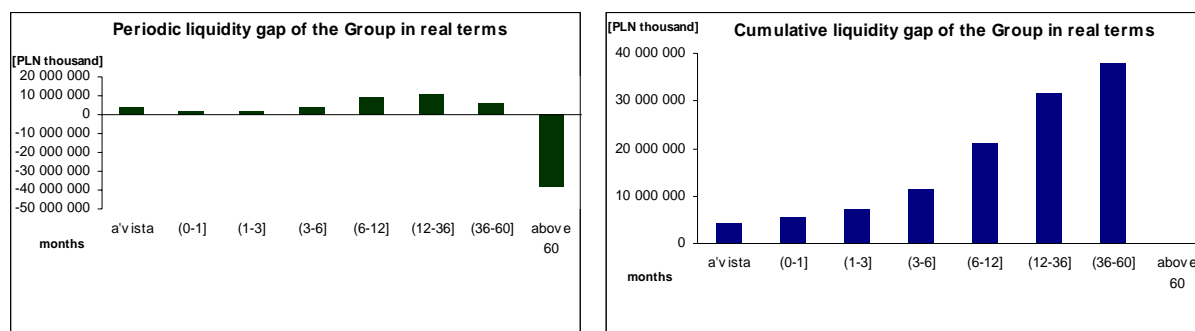
### Liquidity risk of the PKO BP SA Group

Liquidity gap	a'vista	(0 - 1] months	(1 - 3] months	(3 - 6] months	(6 - 12] months	(12 - 36] months	(36 - 60] months	over 60 months
Bank - Periodic gap	4 088 906	1 755 373	1 766 932	4 465 463	9 578 027	10 481 513	5 654 981	(37 791 195)
Bank - Cumulative periodic gap	4 088 906	5 844 279	7 611 211	12 076 674	21 654 701	32 136 214	37 791 195	-
Group Entities - Periodic gap	113 540	(181 729)	(347 069)	(16 426)	(44 315)	93 344	558 791	(176 136)
Group Entities - Cumulative periodic gap	113 540	(68 189)	(415 258)	(431 684)	(475 999)	(382 655)	176 136	-
<b>TOTAL - Periodic gap</b>	<b>4 202 446</b>	<b>1 573 644</b>	<b>1 419 863</b>	<b>4 449 037</b>	<b>9 533 712</b>	<b>10 574 857</b>	<b>6 213 772</b>	<b>(37 967 331)</b>
<b>TOTAL - Cumulative periodic gap</b>	<b>4 202 446</b>	<b>5 776 090</b>	<b>7 195 953</b>	<b>11 644 990</b>	<b>21 178 702</b>	<b>31 753 559</b>	<b>37 967 331</b>	<b>-</b>

<sup>3</sup> Taken into account in the capital adequacy calculation

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In all time horizons, the Group's cumulative periodic liquidity gap stated in real terms<sup>4</sup> was positive. This means a surplus of assets receivable over liabilities payable.

**Concentration of credit risk – inter-bank market**

Exposure on inter-bank market				
Counterparty	Instrument type			Total
	Deposit	Securities	Derivatives	
Counterparty 1	961 945	-	-	961 945
Counterparty 2	666 050	-	(422)	666 050
Counterparty 3	650 000	-	(3 881)	650 000
Counterparty 4	620 000	-	16 514	636 514
Counterparty 5	600 000	-	(1)	600 000
Counterparty 6	520 000	-	-	520 000
Counterparty 7	500 000	-	7 768	507 768
Counterparty 8	500 000	-	-	500 000
Counterparty 9	258 977	200 000	-	458 977
Counterparty 10	415 935	-	-	415 935
Counterparty 11	400 000	-	(1 235)	400 000
Counterparty 12	323 700	-	-	323 700
Counterparty 13	305 603	-	-	305 603
Counterparty 14	300 000	-	4 044	304 044
Counterparty 15	300 000	-	(2 854)	300 000
Counterparty 16	300 000	-	(6 289)	300 000
Counterparty 17	250 000	-	38 454	288 454
Counterparty 18	195 525	84 113	-	279 638
Counterparty 19	250 000	-	28 840	278 840
Counterparty 20	252 676	-	-	252 676

For the purpose of determining the Bank's exposure, placements and securities issued by the counterparties are stated at nominal value, and derivative instruments at fair value. Total exposure to each counterparty is the sum total of the exposures related to placements and securities and the exposure related to derivative instruments if this exposure is positive (otherwise the exposure related to derivative instruments is not included in the total exposure of the Bank).

Out of the 11 counterparties listed above with whom PKO BP SA entered into derivative transactions, the Bank has signed master agreements with the following 9 counterparties: Counterparty 3, 4, 7, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 19. These agreements allow for the offsetting of mutual liabilities in the event of bankruptcy of any of the parties to the transaction.

<sup>4</sup> The liquidity gap in real terms of the PKO BP SA Group was calculated as the sum of the liquidity gap in real terms of the Bank and contractual liquidity gaps of the other companies from the PKO BP SA Group.

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Counterparties generating 20 largest exposures on the interbank market come from the following countries (these are the countries in which the head office of the counterparty is located):

<b>No.</b>	<b>Country</b>	<b>Counterparty</b>
1.	Austria	Counterparty 1, Counterparty 2
2.	Belgium	Counterparty 5
3.	France	Counterparty 4, Counterparty 10, Counterparty 16, Counterparty 19
4.	Spain	Counterparty 12, Counterparty 20
5.	Ireland	Counterparty 9
6.	Germany	Counterparty 8, Counterparty 14
7.	Poland	Counterparty 11, Counterparty 15
8.	Portugal	Counterparty 6
9.	Switzerland	Counterparty 17
10.	Great Britain	Counterparty 3, Counterparty 7, Counterparty 13
11.	Italy	Counterparty 18



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**Assets and liabilities of the Bank as at 31 December 2006, by maturity**

	Up to 1 month	1 – 3 months	3 months - 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Impairment allowances	Total
<b>Assets:</b>							
Cash and balances with the Central Bank	4 628 134	-	-	-	-	-	<b>4 628 134</b>
Amounts due from banks	8 019 055	1 550 355	3 703 989	157 520	-	(329)	<b>13 430 590</b>
Financial assets held for trading	6 515	88 616	134 645	38 987	123 617	-	<b>392 380</b>
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	223 355	154 689	2 286 520	5 583 504	3 111 996	-	<b>11 360 064</b>
Loans and advances to customers	10 614 323	1 708 330	9 294 876	20 192 246	19 543 854	(2 447 022)	<b>58 906 607</b>
Securities available for sale	33 312	190 478	1 206 153	2 447 291	2 916 005	(30 051)	<b>6 763 188</b>
Other	673 677	1 099 980	204 042	852 945	3 172 427	(222 821)	<b>5 780 250</b>
<b>Total assets:</b>	<b>24 198 371</b>	<b>4 792 448</b>	<b>16 830 225</b>	<b>29 272 493</b>	<b>28 867 899</b>	<b>(2 700 223)</b>	<b>101 261 213</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>							
Amounts due to the Central Bank	1 387	-	-	-	-	-	<b>1 387</b>
Amounts due to banks	1 864 458	878 280	968 649	379 493	102 210	-	<b>4 193 090</b>
Amounts due to customers	54 175 022	11 267 072	15 776 427	1 585 783	95 838	-	<b>82 900 142</b>
Liabilities arising from securities issued	-	-	43 722	-	-	-	<b>43 722</b>
Other liabilities	1 462 685	1 613 440	471 570	86 613	307 984	-	<b>3 942 292</b>
<b>Total liabilities:</b>	<b>57 503 552</b>	<b>13 758 792</b>	<b>17 260 368</b>	<b>2 051 889</b>	<b>506 032</b>	-	<b>91 080 633</b>
<b>Equity:</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>10 180 580</b>	-	<b>10 180 580</b>
<b>Total:</b>	<b>57 503 552</b>	<b>13 758 792</b>	<b>17 260 368</b>	<b>2 051 889</b>	<b>10 686 612</b>	-	<b>101 261 213</b>
<b>Liquidity gap</b>	<b>(33 305 181)</b>	<b>(8 966 344)</b>	<b>(430 143)</b>	<b>27 220 604</b>	<b>18 181 287</b>	<b>(2 700 223)</b>	-

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for the year ended 31 December 2006*

(in PLN thousand)

## Currency risk

In 2006, currency risk remained at a low level. The tables below present currency exposure broken by separate types of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet liabilities.

ASSETS, of which:	Currency translated to PLN – 31.12.2006				
	PLN	EUR	CHF	Other	Total
Cash and balances with the Central Bank	4 322 996	133 162	7 380	164 596	4 628 134
Loans and advances and other amounts due from financial sector	9 437 950	1 078 344	93 410	3 191 213	13 800 917
Loans and advances to non-financial sector	39 744 236	2 566 686	10 798 565	1 812 220	54 921 707
Loans and advances to public sector	6 051 015	6 463	52	4 394	6 061 924
Securities	15 030 362	2 601 655	-	913 666	18 545 683
Non-current assets	7 578 025	-	-	154 815	7 732 840
Other assets and derivatives	1 982 683	29 852	1 684	64 535	2 078 754
<b>TOTAL (GROSS) ASSETS</b>	<b>84 147 267</b>	<b>6 416 162</b>	<b>10 901 091</b>	<b>6 305 439</b>	<b>107 769 959</b>
DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION/ IMPAIRMENT	(6 329 841)	(42 485)	(22 975)	(113 445)	(6 508 746)
<b>TOTAL (NET) ASSETS</b>	<b>77 817 426</b>	<b>6 373 677</b>	<b>10 878 116</b>	<b>6 191 994</b>	<b>101 261 213</b>
<b>LIABILITIES, of which:</b>					
Balances with the Central Bank	1 387	-	-	-	1 387
Amounts due to financial sector	1 609 439	1 470 045	25 922	1 373 776	4 479 182
Amounts due to non-financial sector	71 922 592	3 181 078	63 663	4 284 023	79 451 356
Amounts due to public sector	3 146 805	10 518	-	5 371	3 162 694
Liabilities arising from securities issued	43 722	-	-	-	43 722
Provisions	427 350	583	-	267	428 200
Other liabilities and derivatives and deferred tax liability	3 374 690	6 211	29 151	104 040	3 514 092
Equity	10 140 452	-	-	40 128	10 180 580
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>90 666 437</b>	<b>4 668 435</b>	<b>118 736</b>	<b>5 807 605</b>	<b>101 261 213</b>
<b>OFF-BALANCE SHEET LIABILITIES GRANTED</b>	<b>21 887 535</b>	<b>1 813 917</b>	<b>898 870</b>	<b>299 366</b>	<b>24 899 688</b>

### **31 December 2005**

#### **Interest rate risk**

Financial assets and liabilities subject to fair value risk connected with interest rate<sup>5</sup>

	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Bank - Debt securities	19 869 505
Bank - Loans and advances based on fixed interest rates	572 690
Bank - Deposits from customers based on fixed interest rates	(16 123 514)
Bank - Inter-bank and negotiable deposits	(14 029 005)
Bank - Inter-bank receivables	12 730 534
Group Entities - Assets	978 413
Group Entities - Liabilities	(1 000 247)
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2 998 376</b>

Financial assets and liabilities subject to cash flow risk connected with interest rate<sup>5</sup>

	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Bank - Debt securities	1 928 368
Bank - Loans and advances based on variable interest rates	48 007 343
Bank - Deposits from customers based on variable interest rates	(46 318 895)
Group Entities - Assets	978 413
Group Entities - Liabilities	(1 000 247)
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3 594 982</b>

Off-balance sheet transactions – fair value<sup>5, 6</sup>

	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Derivatives	(126 795)

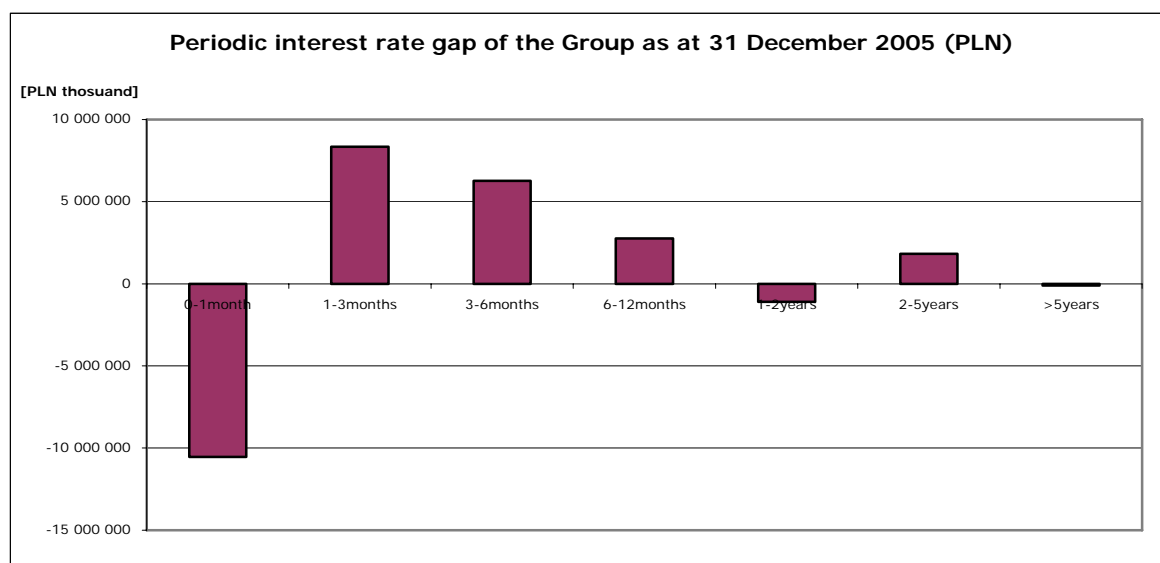
PLN Repricing Gap	0-1 month	1 - 3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	1- 2 years	2- 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Bank - Periodic gap	(10 910 303)	8 810 966	6 163 358	2 740 066	(1 100 302)	1 812 781	(115 177)	7 401 389
Bank - Cumulative gap	(10 910 303)	(2 099 337)	4 064 021	6 804 087	5 703 785	7 516 566	7 401 389	-
Group Entities - Periodic gap	374 043	(466 692)	98 517	12 290	-	-	653	18 811
Group Entities - Cumulative gap	374 043	(92 649)	5 868	18 158	18 158	18 158	18 811	-
<b>TOTAL - Periodic gap</b>	<b>(10 536 260)</b>	<b>8 344 274</b>	<b>6 261 875</b>	<b>2 752 356</b>	<b>(1 100 302)</b>	<b>1 812 781</b>	<b>(114 524)</b>	<b>7 420 200</b>
<b>TOTAL - Cumulative gap</b>	<b>(10 536 260)</b>	<b>(2 191 986)</b>	<b>4 069 889</b>	<b>6 822 245</b>	<b>5 721 943</b>	<b>7 534 724</b>	<b>7 420 200</b>	<b>-</b>

<sup>5</sup> Total for all currencies

<sup>6</sup> Fair value

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At the end of 2005, the PKO BP SA Group had a negative cumulative PLN gap in a time horizon up to 3 months and a positive cumulative gap for longer horizons. At the end of 2005, the exposure of the PKO BP SA Group to interest rate risk mainly consisted of the Bank's exposure. The PLN interest rate risk generated by the other Group companies had no significant influence on the interest rate risk of the whole Group and therefore it did not affect its risk profile.

USD Repricing Gap (in USD ths.)	0-1 month	1 - 3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	1- 2 years	2- 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Bank - Periodic gap	(579 563)	85 884	201 295	249 475	-	-	10 402	(32 507)
Bank - Cumulative gap	(579 563)	(493 679)	(292 384)	(42 909)	(42 909)	(42 909)	(32 507)	-
Group Entities - Periodic gap	(20 383)	(46 321)	(5 859)	7 325	70 369	-	-	5 131
Group Entities - Cumulative gap	(20 383)	(66 704)	(72 563)	(65 238)	5 131	5 131	5 131	-
<b>TOTAL - Periodic gap</b>	<b>(599 946)</b>	<b>39 563</b>	<b>195 436</b>	<b>256 800</b>	<b>70 369</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10 402</b>	<b>(27 376)</b>
<b>TOTAL - Cumulative gap</b>	<b>(599 946)</b>	<b>(560 383)</b>	<b>(364 947)</b>	<b>(108 147)</b>	<b>(37 778)</b>	<b>(37 778)</b>	<b>(27 376)</b>	<b>-</b>

The exposure of the Group to interest rate risk in USD consists for the most part of the Bank's exposure. The subsidiaries' USD interest rate risk increased the Group's interest rate risk in the time horizons: up to 1 month, from 6 to 12 months, from 1 to 2 years. The subsidiaries' interest rate risk decreased the interest rate risk in the time horizons from 1 to 3 months and from 3 to 6 months.

EUR Repricing Gap (in EUR ths.)	0-1 month	1 - 3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	1- 2 years	2- 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Bank - Periodic gap	(339 915)	399 937	(14 350)	(28 312)	-	65	3 818	21 243
Bank - Cumulative gap	(339 915)	60 022	45 672	17 360	17 360	17 425	21 243	-
Group Entities - Periodic gap	14 483	(14 961)	(2 929)	(4 190)	13 596	-	-	5 999
Group Entities - Cumulative gap	14 483	(478)	(3 407)	(7 597)	5 999	5 999	5 999	-
<b>TOTAL - Periodic gap</b>	<b>(325 432)</b>	<b>384 976</b>	<b>(17 279)</b>	<b>(32 502)</b>	<b>13 596</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>3 818</b>	<b>27 242</b>
<b>TOTAL - Cumulative gap</b>	<b>(325 432)</b>	<b>59 544</b>	<b>42 265</b>	<b>9 763</b>	<b>23 359</b>	<b>23 424</b>	<b>27 242</b>	<b>-</b>

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The exposure of the Group to interest rate risk in EUR consists for the most part of the Bank's exposure. The EUR interest rate risk which is generated by Group companies has no significant influence on the Group's interest rate risk and therefore does not affect its risk profile.

<b>CHF Repricing Gap (in CHF ths.)</b>	<b>0-1 month</b>	<b>1 - 3 months</b>	<b>3-6 months</b>	<b>6-12 months</b>	<b>1- 2 years</b>	<b>2- 5 years</b>	<b>&gt; 5 years</b>	<b>Total</b>
Bank - Periodic gap	1 739 315	(1 690 895)	(200)	(204)	-	-	-	48 016
Bank - Cumulative gap	1 739 315	48 420	48 220	48 016	48 016	48 016	48 016	-
Group Entities - Periodic gap	33 352	(28 776)	-	-	-	-	-	4 576
Group Entities - Cumulative gap	33 352	4 576	4 576	4 576	4 576	4 576	4 576	-
<b>TOTAL - Periodic gap</b>	<b>1 772 667</b>	<b>(1 719 671)</b>	<b>(200)</b>	<b>(204)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>52 592</b>
<b>TOTAL - Cumulative gap</b>	<b>1 772 667</b>	<b>52 996</b>	<b>52 796</b>	<b>52 592</b>	<b>52 592</b>	<b>52 592</b>	<b>52 592</b>	<b>-</b>

The exposure of the Group to CHF interest rate risk consists mainly of the Bank's exposures. The CHF interest rate risk generated by the Group companies does not have a significant influence on the Group's interest rate risk and therefore does not affect its risk profile.

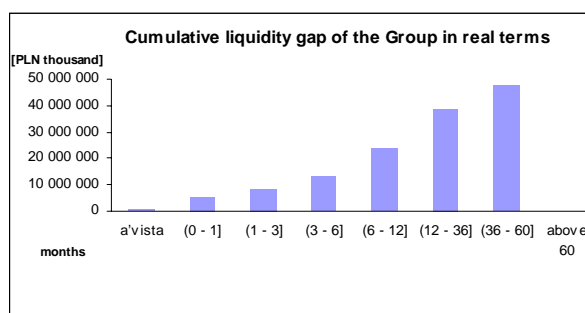
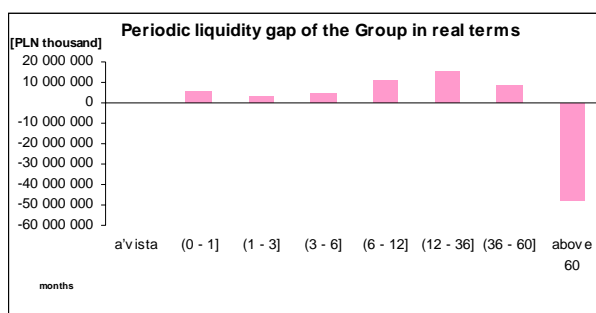
The Group's exposure to interest rate risk remained within the accepted limits.

The interest rate risk in the PKO BP SA Group remained at a low level. As at 31 December 2005, the interest rate VaR for the holding period of 10 days (10-days VaR) amounted to PLN 27,164 thousand, which accounted for approximately 0.45% of the Bank's funds<sup>7</sup>. The interest rate risk was generated mainly by the risk of a mismatch between the repricing dates of assets and liabilities.

<sup>7</sup> Taken into account in the capital adequacy calculation.

### Liquidity risk of the PKO BP SA Group

Liquidity gap	a'vista	(0 - 1] months	(1 - 3] months	(3 - 6] months	(6 - 12] months	(12 - 36] months	(36 - 60] months	over 60 months
Bank - Periodic gap	432 997	4 700 737	2 787 318	4 876 571	10 659 508	15 083 781	8 736 540	(47 277 452)
Bank - Cumulative periodic gap	432 997	5 133 734	7 921 052	12 797 623	23 457 131	38 540 912	47 277 452	-
Group Entities - Periodic gap	(118 517)	453 596	(57 363)	(102 000)	(59 188)	187 517	(226 307)	(77 738)
Group Entities - Cumulative periodic gap	(118 517)	335 079	277 716	175 716	116 528	304 045	77 738	-
<b>TOTAL - Periodic gap</b>	<b>314 480</b>	<b>5 154 333</b>	<b>2 729 955</b>	<b>4 774 571</b>	<b>10 600 320</b>	<b>15 271 298</b>	<b>8 510 233</b>	<b>(47 355 190)</b>
<b>TOTAL - Cumulative periodic gap</b>	<b>314 480</b>	<b>5 468 813</b>	<b>8 198 768</b>	<b>12 973 339</b>	<b>23 573 659</b>	<b>38 844 957</b>	<b>47 355 190</b>	<b>-</b>



In all time horizons, the cumulative liquidity gap of the PKO BP SA Group in real terms<sup>8</sup> was positive. This means a surplus of assets receivable over liabilities payable.

### Concentration of credit risk – inter-bank market

Counterparty	Instrument type			Total
	Deposit	Securities	Derivatives	
Counterparty 21	695 309	-	-	695 309
Counterparty 22	594 392	-	(10 623)	594 392
Counterparty 23	575 050	-	5 215	580 265
Counterparty 18	444 598	94 252	-	538 850
Counterparty 24	519 120	-	-	519 120
Counterparty 6	514 598	-	-	514 598
Counterparty 14	505 000	-	4 237	509 237
Counterparty 25	456 582	32 613	-	489 195
Counterparty 26	425 000	-	(17 645)	425 000
Counterparty 27	394 253	-	26 711	420 964
Counterparty 10	407 663	-	-	407 663
Counterparty 1	391 356	-	-	391 356
Counterparty 28	390 894	-	262	391 156
Counterparty 29	380 000	-	(8 885)	380 000
Counterparty 30	363 816	-	6 523	370 339
Counterparty 31	358 743	-	-	358 743
Counterparty 32	320 000	-	-	320 000
Counterparty 33	303 301	-	-	303 301
Counterparty 34	298 291	-	1 978	300 269
Counterparty 35	300 000	-	(1 788)	300 000

<sup>8</sup> The liquidity gap in real terms of the PKO BP SA Group was calculated as the sum of the liquidity gap in real terms of the Bank and contractual liquidity gaps of the other companies from the Group.

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For the purpose of determining the Bank's exposure, placements and securities issued by the counterparties are stated at nominal value, and derivative instruments at fair value. Total exposure to each counterparty is the sum total of the exposures related to placements and securities and the exposure related to derivative instruments if this exposure is positive (otherwise the exposure related to derivative instruments is not included in the total exposure of the Bank).

Counterparties generating 20 largest exposures on the inter-bank market come from the following countries (these are the countries in which the head office of the counterparty is located):

No.	Country	Counterparty
1.	Austria	Counterparty 1, Counterparty 24
2.	Belgium	Counterparty 26, Counterparty 28, Counterparty 35
3.	Denmark	Counterparty 27
4.	France	Counterparty 10
5.	Spain	Counterparty 21, Counterparty 33
6.	Iceland	Counterparty 25
7.	Germany	Counterparty 14, Counterparty 23, Counterparty 29, Counterparty 31, Counterparty 32, Counterparty 34
8.	Poland	Counterparty 22, Counterparty 30
9.	Portugal	Counterparty 6
11	Italy	Counterparty 18

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**Assets and liabilities of the Bank as at 31 December 2005, by maturity**

Balance sheet items	Up to 1 month	1 – 3 months	3 months - 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Impairment allowances	Total
<b>Assets:</b>							
Cash and balances with the Central Bank	3 895 331	-	-	-	-	-	3 895 331
Amounts due from banks	6 074 017	1 447 883	5 019 131	76 651	47 391	(1 778)	12 663 295
Financial assets held for trading	28 243	81 323	88 700	633 304	19 433	-	851 003
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	2 024 230	1 030 895	5 106 340	7 318 301	4 579 917	-	20 059 683
Loans and advances to customers	9 631 708	1 556 880	6 658 047	16 222 258	15 793 477	(2 987 741)	46 874 629
Securities available for sale	191 313	269 636	134 147	1 063 208	263 973	(40 899)	1 881 378
Other	220 729	1 233 339	152 161	785 960	3 173 447	(177 774)	5 387 862
<b>Total assets:</b>	<b>22 065 571</b>	<b>5 619 956</b>	<b>17 158 526</b>	<b>26 099 682</b>	<b>23 877 638</b>	<b>(3 208 192)</b>	<b>91 613 181</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>							
Amounts due to the Central Bank	766	-	-	-	-	-	766
Amounts due to banks	1 113 284	516 521	206 610	246 880	51	-	2 083 346
Amounts due to customers	46 552 717	12 951 568	15 730 170	1 468 366	44 742	-	76 747 563
Liabilities arising from securities issued	-	9 891	58 579	-	-	-	68 470
Other liabilities	1 077 260	1 800 672	446 565	175 917	437 632	-	3 938 046
<b>Total liabilities:</b>	<b>48 744 027</b>	<b>15 278 652</b>	<b>16 441 924</b>	<b>1 891 163</b>	<b>482 425</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>82 838 191</b>
<b>Equity:</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>8 774 990</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>8 774 990</b>
<b>Total:</b>	<b>48 744 027</b>	<b>15 278 652</b>	<b>16 441 924</b>	<b>1 891 163</b>	<b>9 257 415</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>91 613 181</b>
<b>Liquidity gap</b>	<b>(26 678 456)</b>	<b>(9 658 696)</b>	<b>716 602</b>	<b>24 208 519</b>	<b>14 620 223</b>	<b>(3 208 192)</b>	



### Currency risk

	<i>Currency translated to PLN – 31.12.2005</i>				
<b>ASSETS, of which:</b>	<b>PLN</b>	<b>EUR</b>	<b>CHF</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
Cash and balances with the Central Bank	3 594 096	69 463	2 954	228 818	<b>3 895 331</b>
Loans and advances and other amounts due from financial sector	5 572 257	1 054 140	137 193	6 234 210	<b>12 997 800</b>
Loans and advances to non-financial sector	31 549 006	2 420 542	7 252 415	1 558 459	<b>42 780 422</b>
Loans and advances to public sector	6 730 661	12 861	114	5 585	<b>6 749 221</b>
Securities	20 533 434	1 371 147	-	928 382	<b>22 832 963</b>
Non-current assets	6 974 963	-	-	111 625	<b>7 086 588</b>
Other assets and derivatives	1 804 406	83 160	22 028	73 519	<b>1 983 113</b>
<b>TOTAL (GROSS) ASSETS</b>	<b>76 758 823</b>	<b>5 011 313</b>	<b>7 414 704</b>	<b>9 140 598</b>	<b>98 325 438</b>
DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION/ IMPAIRMENT	(6 491 897)	(82 137)	(18 603)	(119 620)	<b>(6 712 257)</b>
<b>TOTAL (NET) ASSETS</b>	<b>70 266 926</b>	<b>4 929 176</b>	<b>7 396 101</b>	<b>9 020 978</b>	<b>91 613 181</b>
<b>LIABILITIES, of which:</b>					
Balances with the Central Bank	766	-	-	-	<b>766</b>
Amounts due to financial sector	265 502	430 598	15 237	1 611 431	<b>2 322 768</b>
Amounts due to non-financial sector	66 269 970	2 895 295	59 224	4 097 392	<b>73 321 881</b>
Amounts due to public sector	3 147 710	34 683	-	3 867	<b>3 186 260</b>
Liabilities arising from securities issued	68 470	-	-	-	<b>68 470</b>
Provisions	339 554	74	-	269	<b>339 897</b>
Other liabilities and derivatives and deferred tax liability	3 413 547	156 538	8 121	19 943	<b>3 598 149</b>
Equity	8 751 912	-	-	23 078	<b>8 774 990</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>82 257 431</b>	<b>3 517 188</b>	<b>82 582</b>	<b>5 755 980</b>	<b>91 613 181</b>
<b>OFF-BALANCE SHEET LIABILITIES GRANTED</b>	<b>16 073 293</b>	<b>823 609</b>	<b>665 001</b>	<b>1 226 588</b>	<b>18 788 491</b>

### Exposure to risk

The table below presents the exposure of the Group to credit risk as well as individual types of market risk. The amounts have been calculated on the basis of Resolution No 4/2004 of the Commission for Banking Supervision dated 8 September 2004.

In the case of credit risk for balance sheet receivables, the risk weighted value is calculated as the product of the carrying amount and the risk weight appropriate for the given client and type of collateral.

For derivatives, the risk weighted value of credit risk exposure is obtained by calculating the balance sheet equivalent of a derivative using the original exposure method for transactions in the banking portfolio.

In the case of the other off-balance-sheet liabilities, the credit risk exposure is calculated as the product of the balance-sheet equivalent (being the product of the nominal value of off-balance sheet liability and percentage risk weight) and the risk weight appropriate for the given client and type of collateral.

Capital requirements resulting from credit risk are calculated as the sum total of risk weighted assets and off-balance-sheet liabilities in the banking portfolio multiplied by 8%.

In the case of instruments classified to trading portfolio, capital requirements are calculated for the individual types of market risk.

Credit and market risk as at 31 December 2006:

<b>Balance sheet items</b>		
<b>Instrument type</b>	<b>Carrying amount</b>	<b>Risk weighted value</b>
Cash	1 429 379	-
Receivables	72 337 197	48 129 203
Debt securities	15 202 985	265 465
Other securities, shares	192 979	82 409
Non-current assets	3 599 069	2 655 041
Other	5 203 673	3 207 623
<b>Total banking portfolio</b>	<b>97 965 282</b>	<b>54 339 741</b>
Debt securities	3 294 436	1 282 910
Equity securities held for trading in the trading portfolio of the Bank	1 495	1 495
<b>Total trading portfolio</b>	<b>3 295 931</b>	<b>1 284 405</b>
<b>Total balance sheet instruments</b>	<b>101 261 213</b>	<b>55 624 146</b>

<b>Off-balance sheet instruments</b>			
<b>Instrument type</b>	<b>Replecement cost</b>	<b>Credit equivalent</b>	<b>Risk weighted value</b>
<b>Derivatives</b>			
<i>Interest rate instruments:</i>	<i>137 881 756</i>	<i>1 178 589</i>	<i>235 718</i>
FRA	62 075 000	199 614	39 923
IRS	75 806 756	978 975	195 795
<i>Foreign currency instruments:</i>	<i>15 367 913</i>	<i>1 134 742</i>	<i>227 335</i>
Currency forwards	982 571	34 970	6 994
Forwards - embedded derivatives	3 809	1 181	591
SWAP	3 778 498	184 163	36 833
CIRS	833	50	10
FX futures	10 598 238	914 234	182 847
Options (delta equivalents - purchase of options)	3 964	144	60
<i>Other instruments:</i>	<i>765 552</i>	<i>76 555</i>	<i>15 311</i>
SBB	765 552	76 555	15 311
Other	-	-	-
<b>Total derivatives</b>	<b>154 015 221</b>	<b>2 389 886</b>	<b>478 364</b>
of which:			
banking portfolio	27 923 211	1 217 802	243 916
trading portfolio	126 092 010	1 172 084	234 448

<b>Other off-balance sheet instruments</b>			
<b>Instrument type</b>	<b>Off-balance sheet value</b>	<b>Credit equivalent</b>	<b>Risk weighted value</b>
Lines of credit	23 615 395	3 363 632	2 629 874
Guarantees issued	656 698	401 316	395 706
Letters of credit	237 650	108 929	108 258
Other	3 208 300	835 043	381 150
<b>Total banking portfolio</b>	<b>27 718 043</b>	<b>4 708 920</b>	<b>3 514 988</b>
Underwriting guarantees	809 916	713 916	713 916
<b>Total trading portfolio</b>	<b>809 916</b>	<b>713 916</b>	<b>713 916</b>

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	Carrying amount and off-balance sheet value	Risk weighted value	Capital requirement
<b>Total banking portfolio (credit risk)</b>	<b>153 606 536</b>	<b>58 098 645</b>	<b>4 647 892</b>
<b>Capital requirements for trading portfolio (market risk)</b>		<b>Capital requirement</b>	
<b>Market risk</b>			<b>132 165</b>
<b>of which:</b>			
Currency risk			-
Commodity price risk			-
Equity securities price risk			214
Debt instruments specific risk			94 618
Interest rate general risk			37 333
<b>Other:</b>			<b>16 522</b>
Settlement risk – delivery and contractor			16 522
Other			
<b>Total capital requirement (credit and market risk)</b>			<b>4 796 579</b>

Credit and market risk as at 31 December 2005:

<b>Balance sheet instruments</b>		
Instrument type	Carrying amount	Risk weighted value
Cash	1 267 006	-
Receivables	59 537 924	36 001 229
Debt securities	20 428 876	157 549
Other securities, shares	217 680	28 231
Non-current assets	3 332 321	2 643 551
Other	4 499 807	3 007 179
<b>Total banking portfolio</b>	<b>89 283 614</b>	<b>41 837 739</b>
Debt securities	2 327 379	855 570
Equity securities held for trading	2 188	2 188
<b>Total trading portfolio</b>	<b>2 329 567</b>	<b>857 758</b>
<b>Total balance sheet instruments</b>	<b>91 613 181</b>	<b>42 695 497</b>

<b>Off-balance sheet instruments</b>			
Instrument type	Replecement cost	Credit equivalent	Risk weighted value
<b>Derivatives</b>			
<i>Interest rate instruments:</i>	<i>124 439 805</i>	<i>1 112 964</i>	<i>222 592</i>
FRA	61 900 000	151 912	30 382
IRS	62 539 805	961 052	192 210
<i>Foreign currency instruments:</i>	<i>14 400 104</i>	<i>892 114</i>	<i>179 588</i>
Currency forwards	217 724	8 430	2 400
Forwards – embedded derivatives	5 060	1 280	640
Swap	6 578 198	219 677	43 935
CIRS	5 119	326	65
FX futures	7 400 016	638 261	127 652
Options (delta equivalent – purchase of options)	193 987	24 140	4 896
<i>Other instruments:</i>	<i>939 996</i>	<i>94 000</i>	<i>18 800</i>
SBB	939 996	94 000	18 800
Other	-	-	-
<b>Total derivatives</b>	<b>139 779 905</b>	<b>2 099 078</b>	<b>420 980</b>
of which: banking portfolio	33 068 551	1 019 986	204 380
trading portfolio	106 711 354	1 079 092	216 600

<b>Other off-balance sheet instruments</b>			
<b>Instrument type</b>	<b>Off-balance sheet value</b>	<b>Credit equivalent</b>	<b>Risk weighted value</b>
Lines of credit	18 485 192	2 342 583	1 248 306
Guarantees issued	247 674	173 616	163 584
Letters of credit	154 945	45 244	45 244
Other	2 142 129	446 953	172 418
<b>Total banking portfolio</b>	<b>21 029 940</b>	<b>3 008 396</b>	<b>1 629 552</b>
Underwriting guarantees	664 870	484 348	484 348
<b>Total trading portfolio</b>	<b>664 870</b>	<b>484 348</b>	<b>484 348</b>

	<b>Carrying amount and off-balance sheet value</b>	<b>Risk weighted value</b>	<b>Capital requirement</b>
<b>Total banking portfolio (credit risk)</b>	<b>143 382 105</b>	<b>43 671 671</b>	<b>3 493 734</b>

<b>Capital requirements for trading portfolio (market risk)</b>	<b>Capital requirement</b>
<b>Market risk</b>	<b>108 522</b>
<b>of which:</b>	
Currency risk	-
Commodity price risk	-
Equity securities price risk	249
Debt instruments specific risk	66 863
Interest rate general risk	41 410
<b>Other:</b>	
Settlement risk – delivery and contractor	15 474
Underwriting risk	-
Other	-
<b>Total capital requirement (credit and market risk)</b>	<b>3 617 730</b>

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
<b>Capital adequacy ratio</b>	<b>11.81</b>	<b>13.90</b>

#### **4. Objectives and principles of operational risk management**

The purpose of operating risk management is to optimize operational efficiency by reducing operating losses, costs streamlining and improving response time and adequacy of the events which have already occurred.

In its operational risk management policy, the Bank follows the following rules:

- operational risk management rules and procedures cover the full scope of the Bank's activities,
- defined responsibilities and reporting lines in the area of operational risk management at various decision-taking levels in the Bank,
- defined operational risk identification and assessment processes for all major areas of the Bank's activities in the internal regulations,
- regular monitoring of operational transactions in excess of specified threshold and communicating them to the Management Board,
- operational risk management is performed at the level of comprehensive system solutions and day-to-day risk management activities,
- delegating comprehensive operational risk management to selected Head Office units and specialized organizational units, which are responsible for defining detailed targets,

- operational risk management process is coordinated by the Bank's Credit and Operational Risk Department.
- the Bank passes opinions on the chosen solutions regarding operational risk management in the Group companies.

The operational risk management policies and methods in KREDOBANK SA are set out in the bank's Operational Risk Management Regulation, the procedure for identification of operational risk in the process of designing and reviewing internal regulations, and the procedure for classification of operational events. These policies and procedures are consistent with the policies of PKO BP SA, with appropriate consideration given to the specific nature and of the organization and activities of KREDOBANK SA.

BFL SA is currently in the process of organizing its operational risk management system. The company created a separate organisational entity. It is developing internal regulations on operational risk management, which are opined by the Bank.

Other Group entities are in the process of designing internal regulations on operational risk management, which are opined by the Bank. The operational risk management policies designed in the Group companies are consistent with the policies of PKO BP SA, while the scope of responsibilities of particular organizational units and the scope of information collected on operational events gives consideration to the structure and specific nature of the activities carried out by these companies.

## **5. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities**

The Group holds financial instruments which are not stated at fair value in the balance sheet. The fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

As for many financial instruments there is no available market value, their fair values have been estimated using various valuation methods, including estimation of the present value of future cash flows. The market quotations applied for valuation of securities held to maturity do not include any potential adjustments resulting from limited market liquidity or transaction costs.

For certain categories of financial assets valued at the amount due with an allowance for impairment losses, it has been assumed that their fair value equals their carrying amount. This applies, in particular, to cash on hand and balances with the Central Bank, current receivables from and liabilities to clients, as well as other assets and liabilities. Majority of placements on the inter-bank market are short-term placements. The share of fixed interest rate loans and customer deposits in total loans and total deposits is not significant. Majority of such loans and deposits are of short-term nature.

It has been assumed that the estimated fair value of floating interest rate loans and receivables equals their carrying amount. Fixed interest rate loans account for a relatively small percentage of all loans granted and do not affect the fair value of this group of assets.

The fair value of "Amounts due from banks" as at 31 December 2006 amounts to PLN 13,429,310 thousand (as at 31 December 2005: PLN 12,919,384 thousand). Differences between the fair value and carrying amount of other balance sheet items not significant.

## **6. Custodial activities**

The Bank is a direct participant of the National Depository for Securities (*Krajowy Depozyt Papierów Wartościowych*). The Bank keeps customer investments accounts and services transactions made on the domestic and foreign markets. As a member of the Council of Depository Banks (*Rada Banków Depozytariuszy*) and the Council for Non-treasury Securities (*Rada ds. Nieskarbowych Papierów Dłużnych*) operating as part of the Polish Banks Association (*Związek Banków Polskich*), the Bank participates in the creation of regulations and market standards.

## **7. Assets' securitization**

During the years 2005 – 2006, the Bank sold a number of receivables classified as "lost" (balance sheet and off-balance sheet receivables) due to the Bank from corporate entities and natural persons.

On 7 October 2005, an agreement was signed for the sale of 73,000 retail loans with a total value of approximately PLN 660,000 thousand to a securitization fund. According to the agreement, the seller is obliged

to pay compensation to the buyer for any claims regarding legal deficiencies in documentation transferred to the buyer. As the deadline for raising claims with regard to some of these debts has already expired, the amount of this provision as at 31 December 2006 has been established at PLN 8,167 thousand reflecting the value of claims raised by the securitization fund towards the remaining debt. The Bank does not accept these claims, however, it does not exclude the possibility that the Buyer will proceed with enforcing compensation.

On 29 August 2006, the Bank signed another agreement, under which it sold 1,009 corporate and retail debts with a value of approximately PLN 755,000 thousand. Taking into consideration the maximum contractual amount of potential claims, the Bank recognized a provision of PLN 5,680 thousand.

Another agreement for the sale of a package of debts to the securitization fund was signed on 17 October 2006. Under this agreement the Bank sold c.a. 63,000 retail debts with a total value of c.a. PLN 582,000 thousand. The provision for the potential claims of the buyer was determined at PLN 25,443 thousand.

The Bank did not receive any securities under these transactions.

## **8. Segment reporting**

The primary segmentation key of the Group is based on business type (business segments) and the secondary - on geographical area (geographical segments).

The Group usually settles inter-segment transactions, as if they were concluded between unrelated parties using internal settlement rates.

The presented division includes in the business segment not only the activity of the holding company but also activity of subsidiaries, contrary to the approach being in force so far. As a result, not-assigned items decreased.

Data for 2005 were transformed accordingly in order to ensure comparability.

### **Business segments**

Segmentation by business is as follows:

- Corporate Segment includes transactions of the holding company with large corporate clients and activity of subsidiary assigned to this segment.
- Retail Segment includes transactions of the holding company with small and medium sized companies and with private individuals as well as activity of subsidiaries assigned to this segment.
- Treasury Segment includes inter-bank transactions, transactions made using derivative instruments and debt securities.
- Investment Segment includes brokerage and investing activities of the holding company as well as activity of subsidiary assigned to this segment.
- Housing Segment includes transactions of the holding company connected with granting housing loans and accepting housing deposits as well as activity of subsidiary assigned to this segment.

The Bank has not separated other segments as a result of not having reached the thresholds set forth in IAS 14, which areas follow:

- segment revenue from sales to external customers and from transactions with other segments account for 10% or more of the total external and internal revenue of all segments, or
- segment result, whether profit or loss, accounts for 10% or more of the aggregated result of all segments which recorded profit or suffered loss, whichever greater in absolute value, or
- segment assets account for 10% or more of total assets of all segments.

According to IAS 14, segments which were not separated have been disclosed as unallocated (reconciling) items.

The assets and liabilities of a given segment represent operating assets and liabilities used by that segment in its operating activities.

In the tables below, data concerning revenue and results, also selected assets and liabilities of particular business segment of the Group are presented for the year ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005.

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*(in PLN thousand)*

Year ended 31 December 2006	Continued activities					
	Corporate Segment	Retail Segment	Treasury Segment	Investment Segment	Housing Segment	All activities
<b>Revenue</b>						
External customer - related revenues	1 200 509	4 167 483	1 522 710	201 141	2 009 746	9 101 589
Inter-segment sales	-	43 827	-	-	3 020	46 847
Total segment revenue	1 200 509	4 211 310	1 522 710	201 141	2 012 766	9 148 436
<b>Result</b>						
Segment result*	270 049	1 392 440	118 612	110 179	535 806	2 427 086
Unallocated result together with the result of unseparated segments	-	-	-	-	-	39 970
Difference between FX Swap and CIRS results (swap points) reported in B/S and management accounts	-	-	-	-	-	238 137
Result from continued activities before taxation	-	-	-	-	-	2 705 193
Share in the results of associates	-	-	-	-	-	(3 705)
Result before taxation and minority interest	-	-	-	-	-	2 701 488
Income tax (tax expense)	-	-	-	-	-	(494 039)
Profits/(loss) of minority shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	58 397
<b>Net profit for the year</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>2 149 052</b>
<b>Assets and equity and liabilities as at 31 December 2006</b>						
Segment assets	19 293 605	19 127 175	28 158 790	1 619 540	25 137 161	93 336 271
Investments in associates and jointly controlled entities	-	-	-	180 162	-	180 162
Unallocated assets	-	-	-	-	-	7 744 780
Total assets	-	-	-	-	-	101 261 213
Segment liabilities and segment result	11 003 202	65 003 017	4 078 452	481 796	10 743 159	91 309 626
Unallocated liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	9 951 587
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	101 261 213

<b>Other segment information</b>						
Impairment losses**	73 156	(109 678)	-	15 177	22 277	932
Capital expenditure on tangible and intangible fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	581 564
Depreciation of tangible and amortization of intangible fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	317 911
Other non-cash expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-

\* The effect of a significant increase in activity in the real estate market (regarding Housing Segment).

\*\* Does not include result on impairment of segments which are not separated.

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Year ended 31 December 2005	Continued activities					
	Corporate Segment	Retail Segment	Treasury Segment	Investment Segment	Housing Segment	All activities
<b>Revenue</b>						
External customer - related revenues	1 247 418	3 640 791	1 980 361	484 992	1 884 768	9 238 330
Inter-segment sales	-	38 926	-	285	3 281	42 492
Total segment revenue	1 247 418	3 679 717	1 980 361	485 277	1 888 049	9 280 822
<b>Result</b>						
Segment result	118 972	814 250	234 078	361 654	112 758	1 641 712
Unallocated result together with the result of unseparated segments	-	-	-	-	-	133 769
Difference between FX Swap and CIRS results (swap points) reported in B/S and management accounts	-	-	-	-	-	368 033
Result from continued activities before taxation	-	-	-	-	-	2 143 514
Share in the results of associates	-	-	-	-	-	23 531
Result before taxation and minority interest	-	-	-	-	-	2 167 045
Income tax (tax expense)	-	-	-	-	-	(411 424)
Profits/(loss) of minority shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	20 801
<b>Net profit for the year</b>	-	-	-	-	-	1 734 820
<b>Assets and equity and liabilities as at 31 December 2005</b>						
Segment assets	15 120 877	14 758 971	33 710 060	1 633 433	19 474 081	84 697 422
Investments in associates and jointly controlled entities	-	-	-	184 345	-	184 345
Unallocated assets	-	-	-	-	-	6 731 414
Total assets	-	-	-	-	-	91 613 181
Segment liabilities and segment result	9 649 924	60 640 229	2 140 553	505 421	9 111 386	82 047 513
Unallocated liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	9 565 668
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	91 613 181

<b>Other segment information</b>						
Impairment losses *	(8 986)	14 689	-	36 800	(54 051)	(11 548)
Capital expenditure on tangible and intangible fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	600 596
Depreciation of tangible and amortization of intangible fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	466 540
Other non-cash expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-

\* does not include result on impairment of segments which are not separated



### Segmentation by geographical region

Taking into account the fact that the Group's activity is conducted also outside Poland, segmentation by geographical region is a secondary reporting format.

The operating activities of the PKO BP S.A. Group, which cover all business segments, are concentrated on the activities in Poland through PKO BP S.A. and subordinated entities.

Except for Poland, the Group carries out its activities in Ukraine - through KREDOBANK S.A. and UKRPOLINWESTYCJE Sp. z o.o.

The scope of activities of the Group outside Poland is small compared to the result of the whole Group.

The tables below present data on revenues and certain types of assets of individual geographical segments for the year ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005.

<b>Year ended 31 December 2006</b>	<b>Poland</b>	<b>Ukraine</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Revenues</b>			
Total segment revenues	8 912 993	235 443	9 148 436
<b>Other segment information</b>			
Segment assets	99 293 788	1 787 263	101 081 051
Investments in associates	180 162	-	180 162
Total assets	99 473 950	1 787 263	101 261 213
Capital expenditure on tangible and intangible fixed assets	513 595	67 969	581 564

<b>Year ended 31 December 2005</b>	<b>Poland</b>	<b>Ukraine</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Revenues</b>			
Total segment revenues	9 103 882	176 940	9 280 822
<b>Other segment information</b>			
Segment assets	90 193 618	1 235 218	91 428 836
Investments in associates	184 345	-	184 345
Total assets	90 377 963	1 235 218	91 613 181
Capital expenditure on tangible and intangible fixed assets	587 893	12 703	600 596

## 9. Interest income and expenses

### Interest income

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Income from loans and advances granted to customers	3 918 884	3 573 404
Income from securities at fair value through profit or loss	762 133	1 256 445
Income from placements with other banks	547 016	601 248
Income from investment securities	259 710	139 506
Income from trading securities	22 696	23 418
Other	60 720	67 991
<b>Total</b>	<b>5 571 159</b>	<b>5 662 012</b>

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### Interest expenses

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Relating to amounts due to customers	(1 557 248)	(1 924 327)
Relating to placements of other banks	(90 353)	(71 969)
Relating to other placements from the money market	(5 160)	-
Relating to own issue of debt securities	(4 964)	(4 265)
Other	(104 689)	(116 976)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(1 762 414)</b>	<b>(2 117 537)</b>

In the year ended 31 December 2006, the total amount of interest income, calculated using the effective interest rate method, from financial assets not valued at fair value through profit or loss, amounted to PLN 4,786,330 thousand (respectively PLN 4,212,766 thousand). In the same period, interest expense, calculated using the effective interest rate method, relating to financial liabilities which are not valued at fair value through profit or loss, amounted to PLN (1,695,486) thousand (respectively PLN (1,954,579) thousand in 2005).

### 10. Fees and commission income and expenses

#### Fees and commission income

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
From accounts' servicing	740 073	593 520
From payments cards	533 736	433 728
From loans and advances granted	224 204	96 080
From operations with securities	68 294	38 787
From guarantees, letters of credit and similar operations	4 518	28 917
From cash transactions	208 612	205 438
From foreign mass transactions servicing	38 216	9 362
Handling fees	7 142	-
From investment funds servicing	56 137	19 153
From sale and distribution of treasury stamps	56 457	39 223
Other*	151 211	73 371
<b>Total</b>	<b>2 088 600</b>	<b>1 537 579</b>

\* Included in "Other" are, among others, income earned from servicing bills of exchange, sale of Treasury stamps, insurance intermediary, substituted operations, rendering strongbox accessible, Home banking, management of borrowers' debt towards the State Treasury.

#### Fees and commission expenses

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Relating to acquisition services	(121 053)	(116 438)
Relating to payment cards	(203 476)	(156 211)
Due to operations with securities	(96)	(46)
Commissions paid to intermediaries	(8 588)	(17 764)
Commissions for services of other banks	(9 183)	(9 413)
Commissions paid to Polish Post	(6 469)	(8 033)
Relating to settlement services	(786)	(1 439)
Domestic trade commission	(6 880)	(293)
Foreign trade commission	(3 490)	(2)
Other	(6 018)	(10 058)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(366 039)</b>	<b>(319 697)</b>

### 11. Dividend income

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
<b>Dividend income from the issuers:</b>		
Securities classified as available for sale	3 288	16 087
Securities classified as held for trading	316	25
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 604</b>	<b>16 112</b>

## 12. Result from financial instruments at fair value

### Result from financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss in the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005:

	2006	2005
Debt securities	(127 809)	208 659
Derivative instruments	26 748	(179 796)
Equity instruments	3 803	7 009
Loans and receivables	-	-
Other	6 409	(4 166)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(90 849)</b>	<b>31 706</b>

2006	Profits	Losses	Net result
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5 386 763	(5 477 612)	(90 849)
<b>Total</b>	<b>5 386 763</b>	<b>(5 477 612)</b>	<b>(90 849)</b>

2005	Profits	Losses	Net result
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5 057 027	(5 025 321)	31 706
<b>Total</b>	<b>5 057 027</b>	<b>(5 025 321)</b>	<b>31 706</b>

Total change in the fair value of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss determined using valuation models (where no quotations on an active market are available) in the year ended 31 December 2006 was PLN 33,157 thousand (in the year ended 31 December 2005: PLN (183,962) thousand).

### Fair value changes in hedge accounting

During the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005 the PKO BP SA Group did not apply hedge accounting.

## 13. Result from investment securities / Result on financial assets and liabilities other than classified as at fair value through profit or loss

### Realized result from financial assets and liabilities other than classified as at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets available for sale	2006	2005
Realized profits	63 250	294 506
Realized losses	(12 894)	(17 650)
<b>Result on investment securities</b>	<b>50 356</b>	<b>276 856</b>

In the year ended 31 December 2006, gains or losses from financial assets available for sale taken directly to equity amounted to PLN 9,809 thousand (in the year ended 31 December 2005: PLN (222,352) thousand).

Gains or losses from financial assets for the year ended 31 December 2006 taken from equity to profit and loss amounted to PLN 50,356 thousand (in the year ended 31 December 2005: PLN 276,856 thousand).

## 14. Foreign exchange result

	2006	2005
Foreign exchange differences resulting from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	257 529	201 291
Other foreign exchange differences	286 964	410 810
<b>Total</b>	<b>544 493</b>	<b>612 101</b>

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### 15. Other operating income and expenses

	2006	2005
<b>Other operating income</b>		
Net sales of finished goods, goods for resale and raw materials	738 912	587 954
From asset management on behalf of third parties	74 539	85 970
Sales and liquidation of fixed assets and intangible assets	28 781	10 781
Auxiliary revenues*	26 442	27 740
Income from sale of investments in associates and jointly controlled entities	20 716	-
Recovery of expired, written-off and unrecoverable receivables	16 705	33 534
Lease income	13 934	13 391
Received compensations, penalties and fines	13 312	5 770
Returns of debt collector advances	2 978	3 572
Revenues from reversal of write-downs against other receivables	2 144	28 083
Result on the sale of collector coins	944	2 013
Lease instalments	-	1 165
Other**	82 330	68 298
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 021 737</b>	<b>868 271</b>

\* Included in "Auxiliary revenues" are mainly revenues from rental of apartments in training and leisure centres and revenues from rental of business premises.

\*\* The item „others” consists of, among others, release of provisions, covering the surplus of paid out non-commission premium, settlements of commission from sale of bonds and mutual funds.

	2006	2005
<b>Other operating expense</b>		
Cost of finished goods, goods for resale and raw materials	(19 639)	(30 127)
Costs of asset management on behalf of third parties	(63 986)	(11 566)
Cost of sale and liquidation of fixed assets, intangible assets and assets for disposal	(30 523)	(11 848)
Donations	(8 651)	(7 503)
Leases	(25 809)	(9 177)
Compensation, penalties and fines paid	(3 877)	(4 265)
Impairment of overdue, written-off and unrecoverable receivables	(919)	(904)
Costs of tangible and intangible assets development with no economic result	(6 343)	
Write-downs against other receivables	-	(1 935)
Bank's auxiliary costs	(4 327)	(4 660)
Paid debt collector advances	(4 078)	(3 509)
Cost of maintenance of property and intangible assets	(1 626)	-
Result on the sale of collector coins	(50)	(69)
Costs due to unexplained cash shortages and damages	(39)	(133)
Court fees	-	
Other*	(67 758)	(16 052)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(237 625)</b>	<b>(101 748)</b>

\* Included in "Other" are expenses relating to sale of debts, telephone costs, derecognition of intangible assets and UOKiK fine (the item relates to the year 2006).

### 16. General administrative expenses

	2006	2005
Employee costs	(2 255 255)	(2 052 735)
Non-personnel costs	(1 468 381)	(1 566 865)
Depreciation and amortisation	(317 911)	(466 540)
Taxes and charges	(65 173)	(66 888)
Contribution and payments to Banking Guarantee Fund	(10 458)	(8 023)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(4 117 178)</b>	<b>(4 161 051)</b>

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**Payroll costs / Employee costs**

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Salaries and wages	(1 759 080)	(1 681 573)
Provisions for retirement benefits and jubilee bonuses	(110 625)	(26 651)
Provisions for insurance and severance payments for employees, with whom the employment contracts are terminated for the reasons independent of employees	(37 000)	-
Insurance and other employee benefits	(348 550)	(344 511)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(2 255 255)</b>	<b>(2 052 735)</b>

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**17. Result on impairment allowances**

Year ended 31 December 2006	Impairment allowances at the beginning of the period	Increases			Decreases				Impairment allowances at the end of the period	Net impact of recognised impairment allowances on the profit and loss account
		Impairment losses recognised during the period	Foreign exchange differences	Other	Decrease in impairment allowances due to de-recognition of assets with no effect on P&L	Reversal of impairment losses during the period	Foreign exchange differences	Other		
Impairment of the financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	3 030 418	1 064 389	288	35	489 107	1 063 303	9 143	56 175	2 477 402	(1 086)
Financial instruments carried at cost (unquoted equity instruments and underlying derivative instruments)	15 999	-	-	-	-	850	-	35	15 114	850
Financial assets available for sale carried at fair value through equity	24 900	38	-	35	9 736	296	4	-	14 937	258
Loans and credits to customers and receivables from banks carried at amortised cost	2 944 787	1 059 247	288	-	479 371 <sup>1)</sup>	1 059 074	9 139	52 587 <sup>2)</sup>	2 404 151	(173)
Finance lease receivables	44 732	5 104	-	-	-	3 083	-	3 553	43 200	(2 021)
Impairment of the investments in associates and jointly controlled entities valued using the equity method	57 015	5 433	-	31 349 <sup>3)</sup>	31 349 <sup>4)</sup>	262	-	-	62 186	(5 171)
Other <sup>*</sup>	246 831	108 577	83	3 960	725	114 183	595	10 111	233 837	5 606
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 334 264</b>	<b>1 178 399</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>35 344</b>	<b>521 181</b>	<b>1 177 748</b>	<b>9 738</b>	<b>66 286</b>	<b>2 773 425</b>	<b>(651)</b>

<sup>\*</sup> Included in "Other" are mainly impairment allowances recognized against other assets, off-balance sheet items, tangible and intangible assets.

Impairment losses were recognized and reversed in the Group's normal course of business.

Impairment allowances against loans and advances and receivables carried at amortized cost, as well as reversals of such allowances, are included in the income statement under "Result on impairment allowances".

<sup>1)</sup> Write-off of receivables from loans granted to financial, non-financial and public sector, including approximately PLN 380,000 thousand relating to the sale of receivables to securitization fund.

<sup>2)</sup> Presentation of revenues from the reversal of the provisions of Company A in the amount of PLN 7,152 thousand and reversal of impairment allowance for the receivable from "Jan III Sobieski" in the amount of PLN 38,697 thousand, as a result on conversion debt into shares.

<sup>3)</sup> Impairment allowance recognized against the investment in "Jan III Sobieski" as a result of conversion of debt into shares.

<sup>4)</sup> Write-off of receivable from the investment in "Jan III Sobieski" due to sale of shares in this company.

<sup>5)</sup>

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Year ended 31 December 2005 (comparative data)	Impairment allowances at the beginning of the period	Increases			Decreases				Impairment allowances at the end of the period	Net impact of recognised impairment allowances on the profit and loss account
		Impairment losses recognised during the period	Foreign exchange differences	Other	Decrease in impairment allowances due to de-recognition of assets with no effect on P&L	Reversal of impairment losses during the period	Foreign exchange differences	Other		
Impairment of the financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	3 204 221	906 355	7 509	34 164	263 062	857 691	1 017	11 225	3 019 254	(48 664)
Financial instruments carried at cost (unquoted equity instruments and underlying derivative instruments)	27 167	6	4	-	-	11 164	-	11 178	4 835	11 158
Financial assets available for sale carried at fair value through equity	10 398	-	-	15 909	-	1 360	-	47	24 900	1 360
Loans and credits to customers and receivables from banks carried at amortised cost	3 123 344	895 469	7 505	18 255	263 062	835 707	1 017	-	2 944 787	(59 762)
Finance lease receivables	43 312	10 880	-	-	-	9 460	-	-	44 732	(1 420)
Impairment of the investments in associates and jointly controlled entities valued using the equity method	63 400	6 285	-	-	-	9 170	-	3 500	57 015	2 885
Other*	177 058	175 372	873	2 718	346	60 061	91	48 692	246 831	(115 311)
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 444 679</b>	<b>1 088 012</b>	<b>8 382</b>	<b>36 882</b>	<b>263 408</b>	<b>926 922</b>	<b>1 108</b>	<b>63 417</b>	<b>3 323 100</b>	<b>(161 090)</b>

\* Included in "Other" are mainly impairment allowances recognized against other assets, off-balance sheet items, intangible and tangible assets.

Impairment losses were recognized and reversed in the Group's normal course of business.

Impairment allowances against loans and advances and receivables carried at amortized cost, as well as reversals of such allowances, are included in the income statement under "Result on impairment allowances".

## 18. Discontinued operations

In 2006, the PKO BP SA Group had no material income or costs from discontinued operations.

## 19. Share in profit (loss) of jointly controlled entities and associates

Entity name	2006	2005
<b>Jointly controlled entities</b>		
Centrum Obsługi Biznesu Sp. z o.o.	(2 999)	(301)
PKO Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych SA (formerly PKO/Credit Suisse TFI SA)	(1 467)	15 346
WAWEL Hotel Development Sp. z o.o.	(1 789)	1 086
Grupa Kapitałowa Centrum Haffnera Sp. z o.o.	(581)	-
<b>Associated entities</b>		
Bank Pocztowy SA	2 185	7 285
Kolej Gondolowa Jaworzyna Krynicka SA	-	-
Ekogips SA (in bankructcy)	-	-
Poznański Fundusz Poręczeń Kredytowych Sp. z o.o.	44	23
Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z o.o.	-	-
Agencja Inwestycyjna „CORP” SA	50	92
<b>Associated entity of Bankowe Towarzystwo Kapitałowe SA</b>		
FINDER sp. z o.o.	852	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>(3 705)</b>	<b>23 531</b>

Additional information regarding on jointly controlled entities and associates is presented in note 1, General Information.

## 20. Corporate income tax

	2006	2005
<b>Consolidated income statement</b>		
Corporate income tax for the period		
Current income tax expense	522 812	840 570
Deferred tax		
Relating to timing differences arisen and reversed	(28 773)	(429 148)
<b>Tax expense disclosed in the consolidated income statement</b>	<b>494 039</b>	<b>411 424</b>
<b>Deferred tax charged to revaluation reserve</b>		
Relating to timing differences arisen and reversed	1 850	(38 238)
<b>Tax expense disclosed in the consolidated equity</b>	<b>1 850</b>	<b>(38 238)</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>495 889</b>	<b>373 186</b>



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	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
<b>Gross profit before taxation</b>	<b>2 701 488</b>	<b>2 167 045</b>
Corporate income tax calculated using the enacted tax rate 19% (2005: 19%)	513 283	411 739
Effect of other tax rates, i.e. in Ukraine (25%)*	2 052	648
<b>Permanent differences between accounting gross profit and taxable profit, of which:</b>	<b>(804)</b>	<b>31 429</b>
Other non-tax-deductible expenses	29 206	64 826
Reversed provisions and revaluation not constituting taxable revenue	(33 310)	(17 578)
Settlement of capitalised interest	(4 792)	(6 493)
Other non-taxable revenue	(5 196)	(7 364)
Dividend income	(3 539)	(5 487)
Other	16 827	3 526
<b>Other differences between gross financial result and taxable income, including donations</b>	<b>(5 134)</b>	<b>(870)</b>
<b>Temporary difference due to the deferred tax presented in the profit and loss account</b>	<b>(28 773)</b>	<b>(429 148)</b>
<b>Tax according to the enacted tax rate 19% (2005: 19%)</b>	<b>520 711</b>	<b>839 358</b>
<b>Effect of other tax rates: in Ukraine (25%)</b>	<b>2 101</b>	<b>1 214</b>
<b>Tax due to the effective tax rate 19%</b>	<b>18.29%</b>	<b>18.99%</b>
Corporate income tax in the consolidated income statement	494 039	411 424
Income tax from assigned from discontinued operations	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>494 039</b>	<b>411 424</b>

\* Current income tax charge of the KREDOBANK SA in 2006 amounted to an equivalent of PLN 8,755 thousand (in 2005 PLN 5,058 thousand).

**Liabilities/ receivables due to corporate income tax**

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Current tax receivables	326	87
Current tax liabilities	170 960	436 766

The Group's companies are a corporate income tax payers. The amount of liability is transferred to Tax Authority depending on the location of the registered office. The final settlement of the Groups' entities liabilities related to corporate income tax is set according to the legal requirements that is till 31 March after the balance sheet date.

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**Deferred tax asset/liability**

	<b>Consolidated balance sheet</b>		<b>Consolidated income statement</b>	
	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
<b>Deferred tax liability</b>				
Interest accrued on receivables (loans)	95 630	80 992	14 638	2 340
Interest on securities	39 437	48 977	(9 540)	(34 404)
Settlement of discount from securities (less premium)	(3 416)	9 176	(12 592)	(62 061)
Capitalised interest from restructuring bonds	-	-	-	(112 769)
Interest on operations with the state budget	984	4 781	(3 797)	(2 624)
Capitalised interest on regular housing loans	294 460	314 184	(19 724)	(16 860)
Valuation of derivatives	-	-	-	(71 676)
Valuation of embedded derivatives	217	234	(17)	(67)
Other increases	67 218	52 157	15 061	(6 618)
Valuation of securities, of which:	5 165	20 840	-	-
taken to income statement	3 240	17 778	(14 538)	19 285
taken to equity	1 925	3 062	-	-
Total other taxable temporary differences recognized by the Group companies	21 470	10 168	11 302	6 761
Other adjustments	-	1 591	(1 591)	-
<b>Gross deferred tax liability</b>	<b>521 165</b>	<b>541 509</b>	<b>(20 798)</b>	<b>(278 693)</b>
<b>Net deferred tax liability</b>	<b>23 922</b>	<b>41 519</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>				
Interest accrued on liabilities	143 349	144 801	(1 452)	(7 480)
Provision for future liabilities to employees	25 891	18 153	7 738	4 406
Provision for jubilee bonuses and retirement benefits	57 764	40 045	17 719	5 064
Cost of accruals	46 547	52 216	(5 669)	(3 951)
Interest on operations with the state budget	-	-	-	-
Valuation of derivatives	44 031	88 595	(44 564)	88 595
Valuation of embedded derivatives	-	-	-	-
Other	26 675	16 528	10 147	16 528
EIR valuation adjustment	132 879	126 793	6 086	47 287
Valuation of securities, of which:	20 107	12 859	-	-
taken to income statement	19 057	8 751	10 306	(1 425)
taken to equity	1 050	4 108	-	-
Total other deductible temporary differences recognized by the Group companies	33 454	29 101	-	-
taken to income statement	33 492	29 210	4 282	2 668
KBU foreign exchange differences	-	-	876	(1 236)
taken to equity	(38)	(109)	-	-
Other adjustments	-	(2 505)	2 505	-
<b>Gross deferred tax asset</b>	<b>530 697</b>	<b>529 091</b>	<b>7 974</b>	<b>150 455</b>
<b>Net deferred tax asset</b>	<b>33 454</b>	<b>29 101</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total deferred tax (consolidated deferred tax liability – consolidated deferred tax asset)</b>	<b>(9 532)</b>	<b>12 418</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total deferred tax in the income statement</b>	<b>(10 446)</b>	<b>14 591</b>	<b>(28 773)</b>	<b>(429 148)</b>

As at 31 December 2006, the unsettled tax loss (to be settled in 2007) of the Group companies amounted to PLN 124,239 thousand. This loss may be utilised up to 2011. PLN 53,355 thousand of the above mentioned amount was recognized in the deferred tax asset as at 31 December 2006.

## 21. Earnings per share

### Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated on the basis of profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank, by dividing their respective profits or losses falling to them by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during a given period.

### Earnings per share

	2006	2005
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders (in PLN thousands)	2 149 052	1 734 820
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in the period (in thousands)	1 000 000	1 000 000
Earnings per share (in PLN per share)	2.15	1.73

### Earnings per share from discontinued operations

In the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, the Group did not report any material income or cost from discontinued operations.

### Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share are calculated on the basis of profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders, by dividing their respective profits or losses falling to them by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during a given period, adjusted for the effect of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

There were no dilutive instruments in the Bank in 2006 and 2005.

### Diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations

As stated above, in the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, the Bank did not report any material income or cost from discontinued operations.

## 22. Dividends paid and declared

Dividends declared after the balance sheet date are not recognized by the Bank as liabilities existing as at the balance sheet date.

In Resolution No 6/2006 dated 18 April 2006, the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of PKO BP SA decided to distribute dividends for the year 2005 in the amount of PLN 800,000 thousand, i.e. PLN 0.80 per share on a pre-tax basis. The list of the shareholders entitled to receive dividend was determined as at 10 July 2006 and the payment was made on 1 August 2006.

On 19 March 2007 the Bank's Management Board adopted a resolution and decided to submit to the General Shareholders' Meeting a recommendation of the divided payment for 2006 in the amount of PLN 980,000 thousand, i.e. PLN 0.98 per share.

As at 31 December 2006, share capital of PKO BP SA amounted to PLN 1,000,000 thousand and was divided into 1,000,000 thousand shares with a nominal value PLN 1 each (as at 31 December 2005: PLN 1,000,000 thousand).

## 23. Cash and amounts due from the Central Bank

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Current account with the Central Bank	1 429 379	2 626 732
Cash	3 196 284	1 265 945
Other funds	2 471	2 654
<b>Total</b>	<b>4 628 134</b>	<b>3 895 331</b>

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In the course of the day, the Bank may use the funds from the obligatory reserve account for ongoing payments, on the basis of an instruction submitted to the Central Bank of Poland. It must, however, ensure that the average monthly balance on this account complies with the requirements that result from the obligatory reserve declaration.

Funds on the obligatory reserve account bear interest of 0.9 of the rediscount rate for bills of exchange; as of 31 December 2006, this interest rate was 4.25%.

As at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, there were no restrictions as regards the use of these funds.

#### 24. Amounts due from banks

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Current accounts	246 793	146 223
Placements with other banks	12 367 173	12 466 021
Loans and advances granted	232 673	26 126
Cash in transit	34 386	26 623
Other receivables	549 894	80
<b>Total</b>	<b>13 430 919</b>	<b>12 665 073</b>
Impairment allowance	(329)	(1 778)
<b>Total net</b>	<b>13 430 590</b>	<b>12 663 295</b>

As at 31 December 2006, the nominal value of placements with other banks with a fixed interest rate amounted to PLN 12,294,042 thousand (as at 31 December 2005: PLN 12,377,320 thousand). Majority of those placements were short-term placements. The nominal value of placements with other banks with a floating interest rate amounted to PLN 299 thousand as at 31 December 2006 (PLN 103 thousand as at 31 December 2005).

#### Amounts due from banks, by maturity

##### According to the period remaining from the balance sheet date to maturity

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Current accounts	246 793	146 223
Term deposits with a maturity period:	13 149 740	12 492 227
up to 1 month	7 737 876	5 901 171
from 1 to 3 months	1 550 355	1 447 883
from 3 months to 1 year	3 703 989	5 019 131
from 1 year to 5 years	157 520	76 651
over 5 years	-	47 391
Cash in transit	34 386	26 623
<b>Total</b>	<b>13 430 919</b>	<b>12 665 073</b>
Impairment allowance	(329)	(1 778)
<b>Total net</b>	<b>13 430 590</b>	<b>12 663 295</b>

<b>Effective interest rate - 31.12.2006</b>	<b>PLN</b>	<b>EUR</b>	<b>USD</b>	<b>GBP</b>	<b>CHF</b>
Inter-bank deposit	4.12	3.56	5.58	5.31	2.17

<b>Effective interest rate - 31.12.2005</b>	<b>PLN</b>	<b>EUR</b>	<b>USD</b>	<b>GBP</b>	<b>CHF</b>
Inter-bank deposit	4.51	2.32	4.26	4.58	1.44

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**25. Financial assets held for trading**

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
- issued by the State Treasury	390 413	848 456
- issued by local government bodies	468	359
Shares in other entities – listed on stock exchange	1 495	2 188
Shares in other entities – not listed on stock exchange	4	-
<b>Total financial assets held for trading</b>	<b>392 380</b>	<b>851 003</b>

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**Financial assets held for trading by maturity (carrying amount) as at 31 December 2006**

As at 31 December 2006	up to 1 month	from 1 month to 3 months	from 3 months to 1 year	from 1 year to 5 years	over 5 years	Total
<b>Debt securities</b>	5 020	88 616	134 645	38 987	123 613	390 881
- issued by the State Treasury	5 020	88 616	134 177	38 987	123 613	390 413
- issued by local government bodies	-	-	468	-	-	468
<b>Shares in other entities – listed on stock exchange</b>	1 495	-	-	-	-	1 495
<b>Shares in other entities – not listed on stock exchange</b>	-	-	-	-	4	4
<b>Total</b>	<b>6 515</b>	<b>88 616</b>	<b>134 645</b>	<b>38 987</b>	<b>123 617</b>	<b>392 380</b>
As at 31 December 2005	up to 1 month	from 1 month to 3 months	from 3 months to 1 year	from 1 year to 5 years	over 5 years	Total
<b>Debt securities</b>	26 055	81 323	88 700	633 304	19 433	848 815
- issued by the State Treasury	26 055	81 323	88 341	633 304	19 433	848 456
- issued by local government bodies	-	-	359	-	-	359
<b>Shares in other entities – listed on stock exchange</b>	2 188	-	-	-	-	2 188
<b>Total</b>	<b>28 243</b>	<b>81 323</b>	<b>88 700</b>	<b>633 304</b>	<b>19 433</b>	<b>851 003</b>

The average yield of debt securities issued by the State Treasury as at 31 December 2006 amounted to 4.45% for PLN, 4.03% for EUR and 4.71% for USD. The average yield on these securities as at 31 December 2005 was as follows: 4.93% for PLN, 3.02% for EUR and 3.00% for USD.

**Portfolio of securities held for trading (nominal value)**

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Treasury bills	47 810	42 960
Treasury bonds	230 558	624 467
Bonds denominated in EUR	95 780	326
Bonds denominated in USD	14 553	8 642

## 26. Derivative financial instruments

### Derivative instruments used by the Group

The PKO BP SA Group uses various types of derivatives with a view to manage the risk involved in its business activities. Forward contracts account for the majority of derivatives used by the Group. As at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, the Group held the following derivative instruments (fair value):

Type of contract	31.12.2006		31.12.2005	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
IRS	644 385	773 582	705 544	1 076 599
FRA	68 646	76 228	87 934	86 395
FX Swap	104 133	32 737	111 121	38 704
CIRS	376 078	201 314	182 871	12 644
Forward	5 867	11 926	7 620	1 216
Options	45	2 019	42 007	41 376
SBB	402	1 057	130	450
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 199 556</b>	<b>1 098 863</b>	<b>1 137 227</b>	<b>1 257 384</b>

### Derivative instruments embedded in other instruments

The Group uses derivative instruments which are part of compound financial instruments, i.e. instruments including both a derivative and a host contract, which results in part of the cash flows from the compound instrument change similarly to cash flows from a separate derivative. Derivatives embedded in other instruments cause that part of or all cash flows resulting from the host contract are modified on the basis of a certain interest rate, price of a security, price of commodity, foreign exchange rate, price index or interest rate index, credit rating or credit index or other variable provided that the not financial variable is not specific for any part of the agreement.

Derivatives are also embedded in loan and deposit agreements. The Group has analysed the loan agreements, deposit agreements and non financial agreements in order to determine whether the embedded derivative instruments should be separated and, based on the above, the Group concluded that there deposit agreements with embedded derivatives in its offer. The characteristics of such derivatives are not closely related to those of their respective host contracts i.e. deposit agreements. Such embedded derivatives are separated from their host contracts, classified as held for trading and are subject to valuation. The valuation of such instruments is recognized in the profit and loss account. There are no loan agreements with embedded derivatives, where embedded derivatives should be separated and individually recognized. However, there are non-financial agreements within the Group which include embedded derivatives being subject to separation and individual valuation on the similar principles as in the case of derivatives embedded in the deposits.

### Risk involved in derivative financial instruments

Market risk and credit risk are two main categories of derivative-related risk.

Derivative risk management objectives and policies and derivatives' exposure to credit risk are presented in note 3.

The Bank enters into derivative transactions with other financial institutions, mainly other banks.

The following tables present notional amounts of derivative financial instruments and the fair values of such derivatives. The notional values of certain financial instruments are used for the purpose of comparison with balance sheet instruments, but do not necessarily indicate what the future cash flow amounts will be or what the present fair value of such instruments is, and therefore do not reflect the Bank's exposure to credit or price risk.

Derivative financial instruments valuations become positive (assets) or negative (liabilities) as a result of fluctuations of market interest rates, indices, or foreign exchange rates, compared with their terms.

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**Derivative financial instruments as at 31 December 2006**

**Notional amounts and fair value of derivative financial instruments**

	up to 1 month	from 1 to 3 months	from 3 months to 1 year	from 1 to 5 years	over 5 years	Total	Fair value (negative)	Fair value (positive)
<b>Currency transactions</b>								
<b>- Over-the-counter market</b>								
FX Swap	4 356 008	2 032 835	1 100 723	-	-	7 489 566	32 737	104 133
Purchase of currencies	2 171 188	1 045 029	562 280	-	-	3 778 497		
Sale of currencies	2 184 820	987 806	538 443	-	-	3 711 069		
Currency Forward	409 346	439 806	868 158	263 963	-	1 981 273	11 926	5 867
Purchase of currencies	204 084	220 356	431 745	130 194	-	986 379		
Sale of currencies	205 262	219 450	436 413	133 769	-	994 894		
Options	-	7 819	29 575	3 952	-	41 346	98	25
Purchase	-	5 223	13 358	2 750	-	21 331		
Sale		2 596	16 217	1 202	-	20 015		
Cross Currency IRS	965 680	964 480	-	9 601 726	9 506 975	21 038 861	201 314	376 078
Purchase	488 840	487 640	-	4 832 050	4 789 709	10 598 239		
Sale	476 840	476 840	-	4 769 676	4 717 266	10 440 622		
<b>Interest rate transactions</b>								
Interest Rate Swap (IRS)	5 800 000	7 468 000	32 812 100	98 915 326	6 554 960	151 550 386	773 582	644 385
Purchase	2 900 000	3 734 000	16 406 050	49 457 663	3 277 480	75 775 193		
Sale	2 900 000	3 734 000	16 406 050	49 457 663	3 277 480	75 775 193		
Forward Rate Agreement (FRA)	13 300 000	18 825 000	64 900 000	21 350 000	-	118 375 000	76 228	68 646
Purchase	6 300 000	9 375 000	34 050 000	12 350 000	-	62 075 000		
Sale	7 000 000	9 450 000	30 850 000	9 000 000	-	56 300 000		
<b>Other transactions</b>								
SELL BUY BACK	752 619	44 345	3 032	-	-	799 996	1 057	402
Purchase	718 174	44 345	3 032	-	-	765 551		
Sale	34 445	-	-	-	-	34 445		
Futures on WIG	-	833	-	-	-	833		
Purchase	-	833	-	-	-	833		
Options on WIG	-	119	-	68 701	-	68 820	1 921	20
Purchase	-	35	-	-	-	35		
Sale	-	84	-	68 701	-	68 785		
<b>Total derivative instruments</b>	<b>25 583 653</b>	<b>29 783 237</b>	<b>99 713 588</b>	<b>130 203 668</b>	<b>16 061 935</b>	<b>301 346 081</b>	<b>1 098 863</b>	<b>1 199 556</b>



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**Derivative financial instruments as at 31 December 2005**

**Notional amounts and fair value of derivative financial instruments**

	up to 1 month	from 1 to 3 months	from 3 months to 1 year	from 1 to 5 years	over 5 years	Total	Fair value (negative)	Fair value (positive)
<b>Currency transactions</b>								
<b>- Over-the-counter market</b>								
FX Swap	7 169 207	2 912 339	2 998 854	-	-	13 080 400	38 704	111 121
Purchase of currencies	3 607 281	1 453 587	1 517 329	-	-	6 578 197		
Sale of currencies	3 561 926	1 458 752	1 481 525	-	-	6 502 203		
Currency Forward	15 767	123 111	300 064	-	-	438 942	1 216	7 620
Purchase of currencies	7 981	62 744	152 054	-	-	222 779		
Sale of currencies	7 786	60 367	148 010	-	-	216 163		
Options	-	362 827	237 710	185 036	-	785 573	41 376	42 007
Purchase	-	180 109	118 825	92 518	-	391 452		
Sale	-	182 718	118 885	92 518	-	394 121		
Cross Currency IRS	-	-	2 998 265	8 018 222	3 632 144	14 648 631	12 644	182 871
Purchase	-	-	1 510 985	4 052 951	1 836 080	7 400 016		
Sale	-	-	1 487 280	3 965 271	1 796 064	7 248 615		
<b>Interest rate transactions</b>								
Interest Rate Swap (IRS)	4 040 000	15 730 000	46 084 000	55 466 440	3 759 170	125 079 610	1 076 599	705 544
Purchase	2 020 000	7 865 000	23 042 000	27 733 220	1 879 585	62 539 805		
Sale	2 020 000	7 865 000	23 042 000	27 733 220	1 879 585	62 539 805		
Forward Rate Agreement (FRA)	14 450 000	29 750 000	57 900 000	16 350 000	-	118 450 000	86 395	87 934
Purchase	8 100 000	14 750 000	31 000 000	8 050 000	-	61 900 000		
Sale	6 350 000	15 000 000	26 900 000	8 300 000	-	56 550 000		
<b>Other transactions</b>								
SELL BUY BACK	1 098 934	3 012	-	-	-	1 101 946	450	130
Purchase	936 984	3 012	-	-	-	939 996		
Sale	161 950	-	-	-	-	161 950		
Futures on bonds	-	5 119	513	-	-	5 632		
Purchase	-	5 119	-	-	-	5 119		
Sale	-	-	513	-	-	513		
<b>Total derivative instruments</b>	<b>26 773 908</b>	<b>48 886 408</b>	<b>110 519 406</b>	<b>80 019 698</b>	<b>7 391 314</b>	<b>273 590 734</b>	<b>1 257 384</b>	<b>1 137 227</b>

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**27. Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss**

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Debt securities	11 340 861	20 059 683
- issued by the State Treasury	10 006 870	14 812 090
- issued by central banks	-	4 435 795
- issued by other banks	1 291 148	794 211
- issued by other financial institutions	17 412	5 616
- issued by non-financial entities	25 431	11 971
Shares and stocks in other entities	19 203	-
- not listed	19 203	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>11 360 064</b>	<b>20 059 683</b>

**Portfolio of securities at fair value through profit or loss by nominal value:**

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
<b>in the holding company</b>		
Treasury bonds	7 560 771	13 376 331
Treasury bills	-	2 449 820
money bills	-	1 779 640
other bonds in PLN	200 000	-
USD bonds	798 059	872 235
EUR bonds	2 471 124	1 254 435
<b>in the subsidiaries</b>		
Treasury bonds (in UAH thousands)	60 646	2 084
other entities' bonds (in UAH thousands)	47 780	24 300
bills of exchange (in UAH thousands)	-	150
investment certificates (in UAH thousands)	10 960	2 038
NBU deposit certificates (in UAH thousands)	-	10 000
treasury bonds (in PLN thousands)	43 450	-
treasury bills (in PLN thousands)	3 690	-
capital instruments (in PLN thousands)	16 343	-

As at 31 December 2006, the average yield of debt securities issued by the State Treasury and Central Bank and included in the portfolio of other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss was 4.33% for PLN, 4.29% for EUR, 5.14% for USD. As at 31 December 2005, the average yield on such securities was as follows: 4.71% for PLN, 3.77% for EUR, 4.62% for USD.

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**Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, by maturity (carrying amount)**

<b>As at 31 December 2006</b>	<b>up to 1 month</b>	<b>from 1 to 3 months</b>	<b>from 3 months to 1 year</b>	<b>from 1 to 5 years</b>	<b>over 5 years</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Debt securities</b>	<b>223 355</b>	<b>154 689</b>	<b>2 286 520</b>	<b>5 583 504</b>	<b>3 092 793</b>	<b>11 340 861</b>
- issued by other banks	202 012	-	44 076	711 026	334 034	<b>1 291 148</b>
- issued by other financial institutions	-	-	13 944	2 880	588	<b>17 412</b>
- issued by non-financial entities	483	188	2 178	22 582	-	<b>25 431</b>
- issued by the State Treasury	20 860	154 501	2 226 322	4 847 016	2 758 171	<b>10 006 870</b>
Shares and stocks in other entities – listed and not listed on stock exchange	-	-	-	-	19 203	<b>19 203</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>223 355</b>	<b>154 689</b>	<b>2 286 520</b>	<b>5 583 504</b>	<b>3 111 996</b>	<b>11 360 064</b>
<b>As at December 2005</b>	<b>up to 1 month</b>	<b>from 1 to 3 months</b>	<b>from 3 months to 1 year</b>	<b>from 1 to 5 years</b>	<b>over 5 years</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Debt securities</b>	<b>2 024 230</b>	<b>1 030 895</b>	<b>5 106 340</b>	<b>7 318 301</b>	<b>4 579 917</b>	<b>20 059 683</b>
- issued by the State Treasury	196 660	1 030 895	5 094 257	6 740 368	1 749 910	14 812 090
- issued by central banks	1 778 216	-	-	-	2 657 579	4 435 795
- issued by other banks	49 354	-	6 467	565 962	172 428	794 211
- issued by other financial institutions	-	-	5 616	-	-	5 616
- issued by non-financial entities	-	-	-	11 971	-	11 971
<b>Total</b>	<b>2 024 230</b>	<b>1 030 895</b>	<b>5 106 340</b>	<b>7 318 301</b>	<b>4 579 917</b>	<b>20 059 683</b>

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**28. Loans and advances to customers**

<b>Loans and advances:</b>	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Receivables valued using the individual method	2 599 140	2 207 156
Receivables valued using the portfolio methods	815 526	1 186 908
Receivables valued using the collective methods (IBNR)	56 953 199	45 832 928
<b>Loans and advances - gross value</b>	<b>60 367 865</b>	<b>49 226 992</b>
Allowances against exposures with individual impairment	(640 330)	(662 420)
Allowances against exposures with portfolio impairment	(1 237 180)	(1 709 230)
Allowances against exposures with collective impairment (IBNR)	(526 312)	(571 359)
<b>Total allowances</b>	<b>(2 403 822)</b>	<b>(2 943 009)</b>
<b>Total net</b>	<b>57 964 043</b>	<b>46 283 983</b>

**Structure of loans and advances to customers by maturity**

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
	<b>Carrying amount</b>	<b>Carrying amount</b>
<b>Loans and advances granted:</b>		
to state budget entities	6 061 924	6 749 221
up to 1 month	189 959	297 966
from 1 to 3 months	96 509	72 015
from 3 months to 1 year	2 461 667	702 399
from 1 to 5 years	2 195 941	4 790 243
above 5 years	1 117 848	886 598
to financial entities other than banks	369 998	332 727
up to 1 month	68 889	94 501
from 1 to 3 months	42 291	35 697
from 3 months to 1 year	168 420	148 490
from 1 to 5 years	90 398	54 039
above 5 years	-	-
to non-financial entities	53 935 943	42 145 044
up to 1 month	10 272 653	9 210 678
from 1 to 3 months	1 519 194	1 412 862
from 3 months to 1 year	6 447 918	5 645 036
from 1 to 5 years	17 312 085	11 036 596
above 5 years	18 384 093	14 839 872
<b>Total</b>	<b>60 367 865</b>	<b>49 226 992</b>

**Effective interest rate (for the Bank)**

*as at 31 December 2006*

<b>Loans</b>	<b>PLN</b>	<b>EUR</b>	<b>USD</b>	<b>GBP</b>	<b>CHF</b>
Housing loans	6.15	7.39	9.20	-	4.56
Corporate loans	5.10	4.13	7.23	-	4.20
Consumption loans	11.06	8.69	14.12	-	10.14
Loans for enterprises	5.33	4.05	7.20	-	4.53

**Finance and operating leases**

**Finance lease**

The Group runs lease activity through the company Bankowy Fundusz Leasingowy SA

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The value of gross lease investments and the minimal lease payments resulting from finance lease agreements amounted to:

as at 31 December 2006

Finance lease receivables	Gross investment in the lease	Present value of minimum lease payments
<b>Gross investment in the lease and minimum lease payments</b>		
Gross lease receivables		
up to 1 year	408 374	350 029
from 1 to 5 years	666 418	593 822
above 5 years	49 398	41 913
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 124 190</b>	<b>985 764</b>
Impairment allowance	(43 200)	(43 200)
<b>Total after impairment allowances</b>	<b>1 080 990</b>	<b>942 564</b>

	Gross investment in the lease	Present value of minimum lease payments	Unearned finance income
up to 1 year	408 374	350 029	58 345
from 1 to 5 years	666 418	593 822	72 596
above 5 years	49 398	41 913	7 485
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 124 190</b>	<b>985 764</b>	<b>138 426</b>

<b>Net investment in the lease</b>		
Present value of minimum lease payments		985 764
of which: un-guaranteed residual value to the lessor		110 965

as at 31 December 2005

Finance lease receivables	Gross investment in the lease	Present value of minimum lease payments
<b>Gross investment in the lease and minimum lease payments</b>		
Gross lease receivables		
Invoiced receivables	35 075	35 075
up to 1 year	272 069	226 991
from 1 to 5 years	390 286	341 380
above 5 years	40 764	31 932
<b>Total</b>	<b>738 194</b>	<b>635 378</b>
Impairment allowance (capital)	(18 755)	(18 755)
Impairment allowance (invoiced receivables)	(25 977)	(25 977)
<b>Total after impairment allowances</b>	<b>693 462</b>	<b>590 646</b>

	Gross investment in the lease	Present value of minimum lease payments	Unearned finance income
Invoiced receivables	35 075	35 075	-
up to 1 year	272 069	226 991	45 078
from 1 to 5 years	390 286	341 380	48 906
above 5 years	40 764	31 932	8 832
<b>Total</b>	<b>738 194</b>	<b>635 378</b>	<b>102 816</b>

<b>Net investment in the lease</b>		
Present value of minimum lease payments		635 378
of which: un-guaranteed residual value to the lessor		97 659

## Operating lease

Operating lease agreement is an agreement under which the lessor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognized as an expense in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Rental agreements concluded by the Bank as part of its normal business activities meet the criteria of operating lease.

The table below shows data concerning operating lease agreements concluded by the Group (the table shows the amounts in the period of the last payments according to the lease agreement):

<b>Total value of future lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease</b>	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
For the period:		
up to 1 year	15 116	7 273
from 1 to 5 years	57 992	31 004
above 5 years	518 382	425 160
<b>Total</b>	<b>591 490</b>	<b>463 437</b>

Lease and sub-lease payments recognized as an expense in the period from 1 January 2006 to 31 December 2006 amounted to PLN 129,961 thousand (in the period from 1 January 2005 to 31 December 2005: PLN 111,126 thousand).

## 29. Investment securities

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
<b>Available for sale</b>	<b>6 793 239</b>	<b>1 922 277</b>
- issued by central banks	2 640 272	-
- issued by other banks	1 162 081	-
- issued by other financial institutions	6 091	8 437
- issued by non-financial entities	801 986	746 145
- issued by the State Treasury	1 256 781	377 503
- issued by local government bodies	926 028	790 192
Impairment allowances	(30 051)	(40 899)
<b>Total net investment securities</b>	<b>6 763 188</b>	<b>1 881 378</b>

Changes in investment securities

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
<b>Available for sale</b>		
<b>Balance at the beginning of the period</b>	<b>1 881 378</b>	<b>1 607 350</b>
Foreign exchange differences	(315)	(499)
Increases	20 381 514	4 527 281
Decreases (redemption)	(15 510 367)	(4 318 691)
Change in the fair value	10 978	65 937
<b>Balance at the end of the period</b>	<b>6 763 188</b>	<b>1 881 378</b>
<b>Held to maturity</b>		
<b>Balance at the beginning of the period</b>	-	<b>1 893 187</b>
Increases	-	39 218
Decreases (redemption)	-	(1 932 405)
<b>Balance at the end of the period</b>	-	-

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**Securities available for sale, by maturity (carrying amount)**

As at 31 December 2006	up to 1 month	from 1 to 3 months	from 3 months to 1 year	from 1 to 5 years	over 5 years	Total
<b>Available for sale securities</b>						
issued by central banks	-	-	-	-	2 640 272	2 640 272
issued by other banks	-	-	1 101 852	57 987	-	1 159 839
issued by other institutions	-	-	-	-	854	854
issued by non-financial entities	826	189 335	2 022	584 315	2 916	779 414
issued by the State Treasury	2 435	-	30 680	1 223 031	635	1 256 781
issued by local government bodies	-	1 143	71 599	581 958	271 328	926 028
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 261</b>	<b>190 478</b>	<b>1 206 153</b>	<b>2 447 291</b>	<b>2 916 005</b>	<b>6 763 188</b>
As at 31 December 2005	up to 1 month	from 1 to 3 months	from 3 months to 1 year	from 1 to 5 years	over 5 years	Total
<b>Available for sale securities</b>						
issued by other institutions	-	-	-	-	960	960
issued by non-financial entities	150 382	268 793	14 006	176 640	102 902	712 723
issued by the State Treasury	-	-	11 196	363 050	3 257	377 503
issued by local government bodies	32	843	108 945	523 518	156 854	790 192
<b>Total</b>	<b>150 414</b>	<b>269 636</b>	<b>134 147</b>	<b>1 063 208</b>	<b>263 973</b>	<b>1 881 378</b>

The average yield of available-for-sale securities as at 31 December 2006 amounted to 4.93% (as at 31 December 2005: 4.96%).

**Portfolio of debt securities available for sale, by nominal value:**

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
<b>in the holding company</b>		
NBP bonds	2 551 112	-
corporate bonds	1 807 792	426 247
Treasury bonds	1 106 000	330 000
municipal bonds	917 990	780 562
commercial bills	166 000	271 500
<b>in the subsidiary:</b>		
Treasury bonds	88 089	22 562

**Securities held to maturity, by maturity as at 31 December 2006 (carrying amount)**

As at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, the Group had no securities classified as held to maturity.

### 30. Investments in associates and jointly controlled entities

- a) Carrying amount of the Bank's investments in jointly controlled entities (i.e. their acquisition cost adjusted to the share in net assets changes impairment losses)

Entity name	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Centrum Obsługi Biznesu Sp. z o.o	14 197	17 197
PKO TFI SA (former PKO/Credit Suisse TFI SA)*	-	27 604
Wawel Hotel Development Sp. z o.o.**	-	19 166
Centrum Haffnera Sp. z o.o. Group***	43 789	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>57 986</b>	<b>63 967</b>

\*The company was included in the Group on 6 April 2006 after the Bank purchased additional shares package.

\*\* The shares of the company were sold on 8 August 2006 .

\*\*\*The increase in the share capital of the company was registered on 2 June 2006.

- b) Carrying amount of the Bank's investments in associates (i.e. their acquisition cost adjusted to the share in net assets changes impairment losses)

Entity name	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Bank Pocztowy SA	113 000	113 000
Kolej Gondolowa Jaworzyna Krynicka SA	-	-
Ekogips SA (in bankructcy)	-	-
Poznański Fundusz Poręczeń Kredytowych Sp. z o.o.	1 598	1 554
Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z o.o.*	-	-
Agencja Inwestycyjna CORP SA	226	269
FINDER Sp. z o.o.	7 352	5 555
INTER FINANCE Polska Sp. z o.o.	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>122 176</b>	<b>120 378</b>

\* The shares of the company were sold on 31 October 2006

Summary information about associated entities valued using the equity method:

Entity name	Total assets	Total liabilities	Total revenues	Net profit (loss)	% share
<b>31.12.2006</b>					
Bank Pocztowy SA	2 626 784	2 408 993	236 389	24 090	25.0001%
Kolej Gondolowa Jaworzyna Krynicka SA	38 154	6 722	11 996	2 094	37.53%
Poznański Fundusz Poręczeń Kredytowych Sp. z o.o.	11 056	6 238	177	149	33.33%
Agencja Inwestycyjna CORP SA	3 818	2 255	14 265	374	22.31%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2 679 812</b>	<b>2 424 208</b>	<b>262 827</b>	<b>26 707</b>	---
<b>31.12.2005</b>					
Bank Pocztowy SA	1 801 105	1 610 038	239 171	23 927	25.0001%
Kolej Gondolowa Jaworzyna Krynicka SA	37 882	8 914	11 189	2 647	37.83%
Poznański Fundusz Poręczeń Kredytowych Sp. z o.o.	6 701	2 026	135	70	33.33%
Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z o.o.	132 434	262 629	51 821	21 625	32.50%
Agencja Inwestycyjna CORP SA	4 241	2 518	15 972	525	22.31%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 982 363</b>	<b>1 886 125</b>	<b>318 288</b>	<b>48 794</b>	---

The data presented in the above table derives from the companies' financial statements prepared in accordance with Polish Accounting Standards.



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Summary information about jointly controlled entities valued using the equity method:

Entity name	Total assets	Total liabilities	Total revenues	Net profit (loss)	% share
<b>31.12.2006</b>					
Centrum Obsługi Biznesu Sp. z o.o	126 661	91 862	1 416	(7 376)	41.44%
Centrum Haffnera Sp. z o.o. Group	111 126	22 382	114	(1 105)	49.43%
<b>Total</b>	<b>237 787</b>	<b>114 244</b>	<b>1 530</b>	<b>(8 481)</b>	<b>---</b>
<b>31.12.2005</b>					
Centrum Obsługi Biznesu Sp. z o.o	63 026	21 359	20	(1 043)	41.44%
PKO TFI SA (former PKO/Credit Suisse TFI SA)	93 039	37 468	92 234	30 154	50.00%
Wawel Hotel Development Sp. z o.o.	172 340	112 901	40 064	4 412	35.40%
<b>Total</b>	<b>328 405</b>	<b>171 728</b>	<b>132 318</b>	<b>33 523</b>	<b>---</b>

The data presented in the above table derives from the companies' financial statements prepared in accordance with Polish Accounting Standards, the data for Centrum Haffnera Sp. z o.o. Group- from the consolidated financial statements of the Centrum Haffnera Sp. z o.o. Group prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Not recognized share in losses of associated entities, for which the Group stopped recognizing its share amounted to:

<b>31.12.2005</b>	
Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z o.o.	(51 558)

All associates and jointly controlled entities are presented using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements for 2006.

	2006	2005
<b>Investment in associate entities at the beginning of the period</b>	<b>120 378</b>	<b>113 775</b>
Share in profits (losses)	3 131	7 400
Dividends paid	(93)	(67)
Share in changes recognised directly in the equity of the entity	4 193	5 555
acquisition of shares in FINDER Sp. z o.o.	1 000	5 555
adjustment of acquisition price of shares in FINDER Sp. z o.o.	(55)	-
acquisition of shares in INTER FINANCE Polska Sp. zo.o.	3 248	-
acquisition of shares in Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. zo.o.	78 495	-
disposal of shares in Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z.o.o.	(78 495)	-
Investments impairment	(5 433)	(6 285)
<b>Investment in associate entities at the end of the period</b>	<b>122 176</b>	<b>120 378</b>

	2006	2005
<b>Investment in jointly controlled entities at the beginning of the period</b>	<b>63 967</b>	<b>43 040</b>
Share in profits (losses)	(6 836)	16 131
Dividends paid	-	(12 702)
Share in changes recognised directly in the equity of the entity	26 994	17 498
acquisition of shares in Centrum Haffnera Sp. z o.o.	44 371	-
acquisition of shares in Centrum Obsługi Biznesu Sp. z o.o.	-	17 498
disposal of shares in Wawel Hotel Development Sp. z o.o.	(17 377)	-
Transfer of PKO TFI SA to subsidiaries	(26 139)	-
<b>Investment in jointly controlled entities at the end of the period</b>	<b>57 986</b>	<b>63 967</b>

As at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, the holding company did not have any interest in the contingent liabilities of associates, acquired jointly with other investors.

On 9 January 2006, Bankowe Towarzystwo Kapitałowe S.A. – the Bank’s subsidiary - took up 351 shares in the increased share capital of FINDER Sp. z o.o., with a total nominal value of PLN 175.5 thousand. The purchase value amounted to PLN 1 million. Currently Bankowe Towarzystwo Kapitałowe holds 46,43% of shares in the Company’s share capital and votes at the Shareholders’ Meeting of FINDER Sp. z o.o.

On 11 May 2006, Bankowe Towarzystwo Kapitałowe - the Bank’s subsidiary - took up 409 shares in the increased share capital of INTER FINANCE Polska Sp. z o.o., with a total amount PLN 409 thousand. Price for the purchased shares amounted to PLN 3,247.70 thousand. Following the transaction, Bankowe Towarzystwo Kapitałowe holds 45.0% of the share capital of the Company which gives right for 45.0% of votes at the Shareholder’s Meeting.

On 2 June 2006, PKO BP SA took up 88,741 shares in the increased share capital of CENTRUM HAFFNERA Sp. z o.o., with a total nominal value of PLN 44,370.5 thousand, for a price equal to the nominal value of the shares. As a result of this transaction, the Bank holds 49.43% of shares in the Company’s share capital, which gives right to 49.43% of votes at the Shareholders’ Meeting.

The company CENTRUM HAFFNERA Sp. z o.o. has 100% shares (entitling to 100% votes at the Shareholders’ Meetings) in the following subsidiaries: Centrum Majkowskiego Sp. z o.o., Kamienica Morska Sp. z o.o., Promenada Sopocka Sp. z o.o. and Sopot Zdrój Sp. z o.o.

Under IAS 31, the shares in CENTRUM HAFFNERA Sp. z o.o. have been classified as an investment in a jointly controlled entity, and CENTRUM HAFFNERA Sp. z o.o. has been classified as a jointly controlled entity. In accordance with the Shareholders Agreement and the Company’s Deed of Association, the decisions of the Supervisory Board and the Shareholders’ Meeting must be taken unanimously.

On 4 August 2006, an increase in the Kolej Gondolowa Jaworzyna Krynicka S.A.’s share capital was registered with the National Court Register in the amount of PLN 335 thousand. The shares in the increased share capital were taken up by the Krynica Górská Municipality. Following this increase, the Company’s share capital amounts to PLN 41,388,150 and consists of 827,763 shares with a nominal value of PLN 50 each. As a result of the share capital increase, the Bank’s share in the share capital decreased from 37.83% to 37.53%, and its share in the total votes at the Shareholders’ Meeting decreased from 36.85% to 36.71%.

On 8 August 2006, PKO BP SA concluded an agreement for the sale of shares in Wawel Hotel Development Sp. z o.o. with its registered office in Kraków, a jointly controlled entity of the Bank. PKO BP SA sold all of its 27,730 shares with a nominal value of PLN 500 each and the total nominal value of PLN 13,865 thousand, representing 35.4% of the Company’s share capital and giving right to 35.4% of the total vote at the Shareholders’ Meeting. The shares were sold to Quinn Property Holdings Limited with its registered office in Dublin. The final sale price was PLN 27,807.5 thousand.

On 19 September 2006, the Bank took up 145,361 shares in the increased share capital of its associate, Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z o.o., with a total nominal value of PLN 78,494,940, for a price equal to their nominal value. As a result of this transaction, the Bank held 145,881 shares in the Company’s share capital, which accounted for 50.4% of the share capital and gave right to 50.4% of the total votes at the Shareholders’ Meeting. On 31 October 2006, PKO BP SA concluded an agreement for the sale of shares in Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z o.o. with its registered office in Warsaw. The Bank sold all of its 145,881 shares in this Company, with a total nominal value of PLN 540 each, to Europa Hawk S.a.r.l. with its registered office in Luxembourg, for a price of PLN 46,571.7 thousand.

### **31. Investments in subsidiaries**

On 24 January 2006, PKO BP SA concluded a conditional agreement with Credit Suisse Asset Management Holding Europe (Luxembourg) SA for the purchase by the Bank of 45,000 registered preferred shares (preference in voting rights), representing 25% of the total votes at the General Shareholders’ Meeting and representing 25% of the share capital of PKO Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A. (former PKO/Credit Suisse Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A.<sup>9</sup>).

On 6 April 2006, upon the fulfillment of all of the conditions of this agreement (including the receipt of the consent of the President of the Consumer and Competition Protection Office [*Urząd Ochrony Konkurencji i Konsumentów*]) for the concentration resulting from acquisition of control over the Company by PKO BP SA),

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<sup>9</sup> The change of the Company’s name was registered with the National Court Register on 20 March 2006 – the former PKO/Credit Suisse Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A..

the ownership of these shares was transferred to PKO BP SA. The cost of acquisition, including additional transaction costs, was PLN 55,055 thousand. Following this transaction, PKO BP SA holds 75% of the Company's share capital and total votes at the Company's General Shareholders' Meeting. PKO Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A. became part of the PKO BP SA Group. The detailed information concerning the purchase of 25% of PKO TFI SA's shares are presented in the note 50.

In June 2006 the Peczerska Regional National Administration in Kiev (Ukraine) registered increase in share capital of UKRPOLINWESTYCJE Sp. z o.o. with its headquarter in Kiev carried out by increase in nominal value of shares. Following the increase, the share capital of the Company amounts UAH 1,020 thousand (USD 200 thousand) and is divided into 100 equal shares.

PKO Inwestycje Sp. z o.o. – subsidiary of the Bank – after the registration, holds 55 shares in the UKRPOLINWESTYCJE Sp. z o.o., with a total value of UAH 561 thousand (USD 110 thousand), which give right to 55 votes at the Shareholder's Meeting.

On 14 August 2006, the Bank took up 5,428,764,911 shares in the increased share capital of KREDOBANK S.A., with a total nominal value of UAH 54,287,649.11. As a result, PKO BP SA's share in the share capital of this Company and its share in the total vote at the General Shareholders' Meeting increased from 69.018% to 69.933%.

In case of KREDOBANK SA there are certain restrictions regarding its ability to pay dividends to the investor. According to the decision of Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting dated 17 November 2005, moratorium on dividend payment in years 2005-2008 was implemented, in line with the "Dynamic strategy of development of KREDOBANK SA

As at 31 December 2006 and as at 31 December 2005 KREDOBANK SA – the Bank's subsidiary - was consolidated in the consolidated financial statements of the Group using the full method.

On 27 November 2006, Fort Mokotów Sp. z o.o. refunded the additional payments received from PKO Inwestycje Sp. z o.o. in the total amount of PLN 30.09 million.

On 27 November 2006, PKO Inwestycje Sp. z o.o. refunded the additional payment received from PKO BP SA for the implementation of the "Marina Mokotów" project, in the amount of PLN 30.09 million.

### 32. Intangible assets

Year ended 31 December 2006	Development expenses	Patents and licenses	Goodwill acquired as a result of business consolidation (including goodwill of subsidiary entities)	Other including expenses	Total
Purchase price as at 1 January 2006 including amortisation	963	189 132	156 304	342 371	<b>688 770</b>
Full method consolidation of subsidiaries	-	229	49 351	4	<b>49 584</b>
Purchase	-	6 848	-	288 013	<b>294 861</b>
Disposals and sale	-	(66)	-	(1)	<b>(67)</b>
Impairment allowance	-	(29 424)	-	(2 257)	<b>(31 681)</b>
Due to foreign exchange differences from translation of foreign entities to presentation currency	-	(204)	-	-	<b>(204)</b>
Transfers	-	507 603	-	(507 603)	<b>-</b>
Amortisation	-	(51 783)	-	(2 732)	<b>(54 515)</b>
Other changes*	(963)	943	-	(2 700)	<b>(2 720)</b>
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>623 278</b>	<b>205 655</b>	<b>115 095</b>	<b>944 028</b>
<i>As at 31 December 2005</i>					
Purchase price (gross carrying amount)	1 862	831 134	156 336	353 219	<b>1 342 551</b>
Accumulated amortisation and impairment allowance	(899)	(642 002)	(32)	(10 848)	<b>(653 781)</b>
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>963</b>	<b>189 132</b>	<b>156 304</b>	<b>342 371</b>	<b>688 770</b>
<i>As at 31 December 2006</i>					
Purchase price (gross carrying amount)	-	1 340 482	205 655	129 593	<b>1 675 730</b>
Accumulated amortisation and impairment allowance	-	(717 204)	-	(14 498)	<b>(731 702)</b>
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>623 278</b>	<b>205 655</b>	<b>115 095</b>	<b>944 028</b>

\* "Other changes" in "Patents and licenses" includes mainly software transferred from assets under construction.

A significant item of intangible assets is represented by capital expenditures incurred for the integrated IT system (ZSI). As at 31 December 2006, cumulative capital expenditures incurred for the ZSI amounted to PLN 534,527 thousand (as at 31 December 2005: PLN 339,817 thousand).

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Year ended 31 December 2005	Development expenses	Patents and licenses	Goodwill acquired as a result of business consolidation (including goodwill of subsidiary entities)	Other including expenses	Total
Purchase price as at 1 January 2005 including amortisation	750	133 644	106 457	260 096	<b>500 947</b>
Purchase	370	2 146	49 847	275 337	<b>327 700</b>
Sale	-	(486)	-	(49)	<b>(535)</b>
Due to foreign exchange differences from translation of foreign entities to presentation currency	106	187	-	-	<b>293</b>
Transfers	-	187 234	-	(187 234)	-
Amortisation	(263)	(133 437)	-	(3 913)	<b>(137 613)</b>
Other changes *	-	(156)	-	(1 866)	<b>(2 022)</b>
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>963</b>	<b>189 132</b>	<b>156 304</b>	<b>342 371</b>	<b>688 770</b>
<i>As at 31 December 2004</i>					
Purchase price (gross carrying amount)	1 302	661 347	106 499	267 506	<b>1 036 654</b>
Accumulated amortisation and impairment allowance	(552)	(527 703)	(42)	(7 410)	<b>(535 707)</b>
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>133 644</b>	<b>106 457</b>	<b>260 096</b>	<b>500 947</b>
<i>As at 31 December 2005</i>					
Purchase price (gross carrying amount)	1 862	831 134	156 336	353 219	<b>1 342 551</b>
Accumulated amortisation and impairment allowance	(899)	(642 002)	(32)	(10 848)	<b>(653 781)</b>
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>963</b>	<b>189 132</b>	<b>156 304</b>	<b>342 371</b>	<b>688 770</b>

\* "Other changes" in "Patents and licenses" includes mainly software transferred from assets under construction.

Since 1 January 2004 the goodwill has not been amortized and has been annually tested for impairment.

As at 31 December 2006, according to IAS 36 the Bank tested for impairment goodwill of the following companies: Centrum Finansowe Puławska Sp. z o.o., KREDOBANK S.A., Powszechne Towarzystwo Emerytalne BANKOWY S.A., PKO Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A.. The tests did not show necessity for creating impairment allowances of goodwill.

As at 31 December 2006, PKO Inwestycje Sp. z o.o. tested for impairment goodwill of the company Wilanów Investment Sp. zo.o.. The test did not indicated necessity for creating impairment allowances of goodwill.

The Group did not create any patents or licenses itself.

In the period from 1 January 2006 to 31 December 2006, the PKO BP SA Group incurred capital expenditures for the purchase of tangible fixed assets and intangible assets in the amount of PLN 581,564 thousand (in the period from 1 January 2005 to 31 December 2005: PLN 600,596 thousand).

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**33. Tangible fixed assets**

Year ended 31 December 2006	Land and buildings, including investment real estate	Plant and machinery	Means of transport	Assets under construction	Other	Total
<b>Gross amount at the beginning of the period</b>	2 445 703	2 570 959	54 380	225 627	364 101	5 660 770
<b>Increases, including;</b>	25 748	167 366	19 445	1 043 979	29 533	1 286 071
Full method consolidation of subsidiaries	390	817	288	-	555	2 050
Purchases and other changes	8 778	34 687	19 124	1 043 979	8 287	1 114 855
Transfers from expenses to tangible fixed assets	16 580	131 862	33	-	20 691	169 166
<b>Decreases, including:</b>	(18 428)	(116 545)	(13 272)	(974 974)	(8 860)	(1 132 079)
Transfer to assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liquidation and sale	(12 042)	(107 005)	(12 618)	(20 281)	(7 081)	(159 027)
Transfers to tangible fixed assets	-	-	-	(169 166)	-	(169 166)
Fixed assets leased	-	-	-	(780 069)	-	(780 069)
Foreign exchange differences	(6 386)	(3 145)	(400)	(89)	(1 697)	(11 717)
Other	-	(6 395)	(254)	(5 369)	(82)	(12 100)
<b>Gross amount at the end of the period</b>	2 453 023	2 621 780	60 553	294 632	384 774	5 814 762
<b>Accumulated depreciation as at 1.01.2006</b>	(547 362)	(2 070 810)	(35 760)	-	(310 756)	(2 964 688)
<b>Increases, including;</b>	(74 538)	(169 506)	(7 575)	-	(18 846)	(270 465)
Depreciation for the period	(73 117)	(168 519)	(7 363)	-	(15 992)	(264 991)
Full method consolidation of subsidiaries	(112)	(649)	(197)	-	(358)	(1 316)
Other	(1 309)	(338)	(15)	-	(2 496)	(4 158)
<b>Decreases, including:</b>	4 189	102 956	11 592	-	7 914	126 651
Liquidation and sale	3 329	96 927	11 186	-	6 926	118 368
Other	-	4 253	75	-	15	4 343
Foreign exchange differences	860	1 776	331	-	973	3 940
<b>Accumulated depreciation at the end of the period</b>	(617 711)	(2 137 360)	(31 743)	-	(321 688)	(3 108 502)
<b>Impairment allowance</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opening balance	(50 221)	(2 310)	-	-	-	(52 531)
Increases	(184)	(79)	-	(700)	(35)	(998)
Decreases	-	2 310	-	-	-	2 310
Closing balance	(50 405)	(79)	-	(700)	(35)	(51 219)
<b>Net book value</b>	1 784 907	484 341	28 810	293 932	63 051	2 655 041
<b>Opening balance</b>	1 848 120	497 839	18 620	225 627	53 345	2 643 551
<b>Closing balance</b>	1 784 907	484 341	28 810	293 932	63 051	2 655 041

The carrying amount of machinery and equipment as at 31 December 2006 based on the finance lease agreements and tenancy agreements with purchase option accounted for PLN 17,860 thousand (as at 31 December 2005 PLN 24,243 thousand). In the year ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005 there were no restrictions on the Group's right to use these tangible fixed assets caused by pledging them as collateral.

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<b>Year ended 31 December 2005</b>	<b>Land and buildings, including investment real estate</b>	<b>Plant and machinery</b>	<b>Means of transport</b>	<b>Assets under construction</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Gross amount at the beginning of the period</b>	2 424 032	2 394 880	49 831	260 809	347 126	5 476 678
<b>Increases, including:</b>	<b>98 164</b>	<b>331 423</b>	<b>13 480</b>	<b>756 846</b>	<b>27 260</b>	<b>1 227 173</b>
Purchases and other changes	71 083	10 539	11 484	756 466	25 449	875 021
Foreign exchange differences	6 150	3 108	402	380	1 697	11 737
Transfers to tangible fixed assets	20 931	317 776	1 594	-	114	340 415
<b>Decreases, including:</b>	<b>(76 493)</b>	<b>(155 344)</b>	<b>(8 931)</b>	<b>(792 028)</b>	<b>(10 285)</b>	<b>(1 043 081)</b>
Transfer to assets held for sale	-	(279)	-	-	-	(279)
Liquidation and sale	(14 975)	(136 220)	(8 332)	(19 003)	(8 061)	(186 591)
Fixed assets leased	-	-	-	(432 610)	-	(432 610)
Transfers to tangible fixed assets	-	-	-	(340 415)	-	(340 415)
Other	(61 518)	(18 845)	(599)	-	(2 224)	(83 186)
<b>Gross amount at the end of the period</b>	<b>2 445 703</b>	<b>2 570 959</b>	<b>54 380</b>	<b>225 627</b>	<b>364 101</b>	<b>5 660 770</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation as at 1.01.2005</b>	<b>(469 706)</b>	<b>(1 986 609)</b>	<b>(36 538)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(296 780)</b>	<b>(2 789 633)</b>
<b>Increases, including:</b>	<b>(94 086)</b>	<b>(236 046)</b>	<b>(7 521)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(23 953)</b>	<b>(361 606)</b>
Depreciation for the period	(83 489)	(216 111)	(6 581)	-	(22 746)	(328 927)
Other	(9 822)	(18 539)	(628)	-	(456)	(29 445)
Foreign exchange differences	(775)	(1 396)	(312)	-	(751)	(3 234)
<b>Decreases, including:</b>	<b>16 430</b>	<b>151 845</b>	<b>8 299</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>9 977</b>	<b>186 551</b>
Liquidation and sale	4 433	135 373	7 810	-	7 909	155 525
Other	11 997	16 472	489	-	2 068	31 026
<b>Accumulated depreciation at the end of the period</b>	<b>(547 362)</b>	<b>(2 070 810)</b>	<b>(35 760)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(310 756)</b>	<b>(2 964 688)</b>
<b>Impairment allowance</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Opening balance	(35 221)	-	-	-	-	(35 221)
Increases	(15 000)	(2 310)	-	-	-	(17 310)
Decreases	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>(50 221)</b>	<b>(2 310)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(52 531)</b>
<b>Net book value</b>	<b>1 848 120</b>	<b>497 839</b>	<b>18 620</b>	<b>225 627</b>	<b>53 345</b>	<b>2 643 551</b>
<b>Opening balance</b>	<b>1 919 105</b>	<b>408 271</b>	<b>13 293</b>	<b>260 809</b>	<b>50 346</b>	<b>2 651 824</b>
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>1 848 120</b>	<b>497 839</b>	<b>18 620</b>	<b>225 627</b>	<b>53 345</b>	<b>2 643 551</b>

In the year ended 31 December 2006, the Group did not receive any compensation from third parties due to impairment or loss of tangible fixed assets, recognized in the profit and loss account. For the year ended 31 December 2005, compensation from third parties due to impairment or loss of tangible fixed assets, recognized in the profit and loss account amounted to PLN 84 thousand.

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The item „Land and buildings, including investment real estate” includes land, which is not subject to depreciation. The largest item is the plot of land in Warsaw with the fair value estimated by an independent valuer (as at 30 April 2006), exceeding its carrying value amounting to PLN 27,234 thousand by approx. PLN 16,673 thousand. There are no restrictions relating to Bank’s rights to sell these properties, there are also no contractual liabilities concerning them.

The amounts of income/cost connected with investment properties of the Group are presented below.

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Direct average operating costs concerning the investment properties (including maintenance and repair costs) that in the given period did not bring rental income	1 329	1 434

### 34. Other assets

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Stock	255 369	304 046
Amounts due from customers	141 889	75 538
Settlements of transactions carried out using cards	141 417	151 006
Prepayments	58 067	42 104
Settlements of securities trading transactions	40 811	190
Receivables from other banks and non-banking points of sale of treasury stamps	14 332	15 041
Receivables from the State budget due to distribution of Treasury stamps	10 850	15 042
Fixed assets held for sale and discontinued activity	10 250	10 435
Fees and commission receivables	5 509	5 451
Receivables relating to foreign exchange activity	5 244	950
Receivables due to cash collateral given	3 202	9 115
Inter-bank and inter-branch clearing accounts	874	1 686
Other*	79 869	74 177
<b>Total</b>	<b>767 683</b>	<b>704 781</b>

\* Included in "Other" item are, among others, settlement resulting from acquisition of assets for sale, operational settlements, settlements resulting from transfer of assets for activities of Dom Maklerski PKO BP SA, receivables relating to own operations conducted by the Bank.

a) Information concerning the value of work in progress, finished products and raw materials

<b>Carrying value of the stock, by type:</b>	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Work in progress*	241 454	298 858
Finished products	715	4 337
Raw materials	422	851
Goods for sale	12 778	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>255 369</b>	<b>304 046</b>

<b>Impairment allowances</b>	<b>01.01 - 31.12.2006</b>	<b>01.01 - 31.12.2005</b>
At the beginning of the period	-	(1 575)
Other changes	-	1 575
<b>At the end of the period</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

\* The balance comprises mainly expenses incurred for construction projects carried out by the Group entities performing real estate development activities.

In 2006 and 2005 there were no carrying amount of the work in progress, finished goods or raw materials given as collaterals.



b) information concerning fixed assets held for sale

<b>Fixed assets held for sale, by type:</b>	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Subject of leasing	1 166	2 189
Assets for sale	9 084	7 967
Other	-	279
<b>Fixed assets held for sale at the end of the period</b>	<b>10 250</b>	<b>10 435</b>

### 35. Assets pledged as collateral/security for liabilities

The PKO BP SA Group had the following assets pledged as collateral/security for its own liabilities:

#### Fund for Protection of Guaranteed Money

PKO BP SA creates a fund for the protection of guaranteed money in accordance with Article 25 of the Act on the Bank Guarantee Fund (*Bankowy Fundusz Gwarancyjny*) dated 14 December 1994.

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Fund's value	144 575	92 009
Nominal value of collateral/ security	146 000	93 000
Type of collateral/ security	Treasury bonds	Treasury bonds
Maturity of collateral/ security	24.03.2007	24.03.2007
Carrying amount of collateral/ security	146 215	92 669

Cash pledged as collateral for securities' transactions conducted by DM PKO BP SA are deposited in the National Depository for Securities as part of the stock exchange guarantee fund.

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Stock exchange guarantee fund	5 487	2 479

Besides, KREDOBANK SA - the consolidated entity using the full method - had the following assets being the collateral of the own liabilities:

As at 31 December 2006:

- cash pledged as collateral for loans received from foreign financial organizations with a total value of UAH 131,217 thousand (equivalent of PLN 75,581 thousand),
- debt securities of Ministry of Finance of Ukraine pledged as collateral for loans received from foreign financial organizations with a total value of UAH 53,000 thousand (equivalent of PLN 30,528 thousand).

As at 31 December 2005:

- cash pledged as collateral for loans received from foreign financial organizations with a total value of UAH 64,125 thousand (equivalent of PLN 41,457 thousand).

### 36. Amounts due to the Central Bank

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Up to 1 month	1 387	766
<b>Total amounts due to the Central Bank</b>	<b>1 387</b>	<b>766</b>

### 37. Amounts due to other banks

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Current accounts	17 945	11 866
Other banks' deposits	3 680 163	1 920 269
Loans and advances received	475 765	139 467
Other deposits from money market	19 217	11 744
<b>Total amounts due to other banks</b>	<b>4 193 090</b>	<b>2 083 346</b>

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(in PLN thousand)

**Structure by maturity**

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Current accounts	17 945	11 866
Amounts due with maturity period of:	4 175 145	2 071 480
Up to 1 month	1 846 513	1 101 418
From 1 month to 3 months	878 280	516 521
From 3 months to 1 year	968 649	206 610
From 1 year to 5 years	379 493	246 880
Over 5 years	102 210	51
<b>Total</b>	<b>4 193 090</b>	<b>2 083 346</b>

as at 31 December 2006

<b>Effective interest rate</b>	<b>PLN</b>	<b>EUR</b>	<b>USD</b>	<b>GBP</b>	<b>CHF</b>
Inter-bank deposits	4.12	3.56	5.58	5.31	2.17

as at 31 December 2005

<b>Effective interest rate</b>	<b>PLN</b>	<b>EUR</b>	<b>USD</b>	<b>GBP</b>	<b>CHF</b>
Inter-bank deposits	4.51	2.32	4.26	4.58	1.44

**38. Other financial liabilities valued at fair value through profit or loss**

As at 31 December 2006 and as at 31 December 2005 the PKO BP SA Group did not have other financial liabilities valued at fair value through profit or loss.

**39. Amounts due to customers**

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
<b>Amounts due to corporate entities</b>	<b>12 237 678</b>	<b>10 021 677</b>
Current accounts and overnight deposits	5 528 338	4 488 291
Term deposits	6 618 651	5 506 676
Other	90 689	26 710
<b>Amounts due to state budget entities</b>	<b>3 162 694</b>	<b>3 186 260</b>
Current accounts and overnight deposits	2 235 107	2 552 775
Term deposits	800 026	496 354
Other	127 561	137 131
<b>Amounts due to individuals</b>	<b>67 499 770</b>	<b>63 539 626</b>
Current accounts and overnight deposits	24 694 608	20 707 451
Term deposits	42 787 023	42 813 572
Other	18 139	18 603
<b>Total amounts due to customers</b>	<b>82 900 142</b>	<b>76 747 563</b>

**Structure by maturity**

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Current accounts and overnight deposits	32 458 053	27 748 517
Amounts due with maturity period of:	50 442 089	48 999 046
Up to 1 month	21 716 969	18 804 200
From 1 month to 3 months	11 267 072	12 951 568
From 3 months to 1 year	15 776 427	15 730 170
From 1 year to 5 years	1 585 783	1 468 366
Over 5 years	95 838	44 742
<b>Total</b>	<b>82 900 142</b>	<b>76 747 563</b>

#### 40. Liabilities arising from debt securities issued

As at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, the Group had liabilities arising from debt securities issued.

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
<b>Liabilities arising from issue of:</b>		
Bonds	43 722	68 470
<b>Total</b>	<b>43 722</b>	<b>68 470</b>

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
<b>Liabilities arising from issue with repayment period:</b>		
From 1 month to 3 months	-	9 891
From 3 months to 1 year	43 722	58 579
<b>Total</b>	<b>43 722</b>	<b>68 470</b>

As at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, average interest rates of the above securities were 4.50% and 5.29%, respectively.

#### Effective interest rate (for the Bank)

as at 31 December 2006

Deposits	PLN	EUR	USD	GBP	CHF
Individuals' deposits	1.69	1.14	2.04	1.04	0.22
Corporate deposits	2.28	2.39	3.92	3.83	1.02
Individuals' current deposits	0.18	0.30	0.15	0.15	0.10
Individuals' term deposits	2.49	1.56	2.75	1.85	0.37
Individual pension account investment deposits	3.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Deposits of enterprises	2.09	2.21	3.92	3.83	1.02

as at 31 December 2005

Deposits	PLN	EUR	USD	GBP	CHF
Individuals' deposits	2.19	0.99	1.02	0.93	0.16
Corporate deposits	3.01	1.67	3.81	3.33	0.73
Individuals' current deposits	0.25	0.30	0.15	0.15	0.10
Individuals' term deposits	2.99	1.29	1.42	1.60	0.23
Individual pension account investment deposits	4.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Deposits of enterprises	2.90	1.54	3.85	3.33	0.73

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#### 41. Other liabilities

	<b>31.12.2006</b>	<b>31.12.2005</b>
Income received in advance	300 904	193 684
Accrued expenses	218 110	167 989
Other liabilities, of which:	1 701 333	1 500 807
liabilities arising from inter-bank and inter-branch transactions	571 812	291 827
liabilities arising from settlements of operations on securities	230 586	414 556
liabilities arising from social and legal transactions	157 881	192 367
liabilities due to suppliers	126 362	109 369
settlement of purchase of machines, tools, materials, works and services regarding building of tangible assets	114 656	82 374
liabilities arising from transactions with non-financial entities	93 591	42 739
liabilities arising from other settlements	85 909	5 665
liabilities arising from foreign currency activities	76 464	181 681
liabilities relating to investment activities and own operations	56 259	19 801
settlement of customers funds for the purchase of participation units issued by investment fund	34 511	-
liabilities arising from repayments of advances to borrowers related with remission of debt against State Treasury	30 895	15 002
liabilities arising from sale of Treasury stamps	20 331	20 926
liabilities due to UOKiK	16 597	-
liabilities arising from guarantees paid by suppliers and from non-cash retail loans for purchase of household products	19 549	9 767
liabilities relating to payments of benefits	9 989	6 967
liabilities due to insurance companies	6 133	468
settlements relating to the substitution service of Poczta Polska	-	3 621
other *	49 808	103 677
<b>Total</b>	<b>2 220 347</b>	<b>1 862 480</b>

\* The item "others" comprises among others liabilities from payment cards, settlements related to the substitution service with *Poczta Polska*, liabilities from bank transfers, cash surplus and surplus in tangible fixed assets.

#### 42. Provisions

As at 31 December 2006	Provision for disputes	Provisions for jubilee bonuses and retirement benefits	Provision for liabilities and guarantees granted	Other provisions*	Total
<b>As at 1 January 2006</b>	<b>7 538</b>	<b>210 794</b>	<b>16 912</b>	<b>104 653</b>	<b>339 897</b>
Increase/revaluation	1 379	110 625	5 767	42 416	160 187
Utilization	(421)	(2)	-	-	(423)
Release	(816)	(3 864)	(4 001)	(62 759)	(71 440)
Consolidation of subsidiaries	-	7	-	-	7
Foreign exchange	-	-	(28)	-	(28)
<b>As at 31 December 2006</b>	<b>7 680</b>	<b>317 560</b>	<b>18 650</b>	<b>84 310</b>	<b>428 200</b>

\* As at 31 December 2006, the item "Other provisions" comprises, among others, securitization provision amounting to PLN 38,290 thousand (as at 31.12.2005 PLN 78,614 thousand). More detailed description of this matter can be found in note 7.

As at 31 December 2005	Provision for disputes	Provisions for jubilee bonuses and retirement benefits	Provision for liabilities and guarantees granted	Other provisions	Total
<b>As at 1 January 2005</b>	<b>7 110</b>	<b>184 151</b>	<b>10 375</b>	<b>7 137</b>	<b>208 773</b>
Increase/revaluation	445	26 651	57 497	85 051	169 644
Utilization	(178)	(8)	-	-	(186)
Release	-	-	(51 012)	-	(51 012)
Foreign exchange	-	-	8	-	8
Other changes	161	-	44	12 465	12 670
<b>As at 31 December 2005</b>	<b>7 538</b>	<b>210 794</b>	<b>16 912</b>	<b>104 653</b>	<b>339 897</b>

Provision for disputes were created in the amount equal the expected outflow of economic benefits.

#### 43. Employee benefits

On 10 November 2004 in accordance with the Act dated 30 August 1996 on commercialization and privatization and § 14.1 of the Decree of the Minister of State Treasury dated 29 January 2003 concerning detailed principles of dividing entitled employees into groups, determining the number shares falling to each of those groups and the course of acquiring shares by entitled employees, employee shares of the holding company have been granted to the employees. As a result, the employees received 105,000,000 shares, which account for 10.5% in the share capital of the holding company. These shares are allowed to public trading as of 6 November 2006.

#### 44. Social Fund [*Zakładowy Fundusz Świadczeń Socjalnych*]

In the consolidated balance sheet, the Group compensated the Fund's asset and liabilities due to the fact the assets of the Social Fund do not represent Group's assets in the Group's balance sheet as at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005. Therefore, the balance related to the Social Fund amounted to nil.

The following tables present types and carrying amounts of assets, liabilities and costs associated with the Social Fund:

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Loans granted to employees	96 292	90 692
Amounts on the Social Fund account	18 493	9 643
	2006	2005
Contributions to Social Fund in the period	30 117	29 872
Non-refundable expenditure by the Social Fund in the period	15 447	16 681

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#### 45. Contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2006, the Bank's underwriting agreements covered the following securities:

Issuer of securities underwritten	Type of underwritten securities	Amount to which the Bank committed in case of realisation of underwriting agreement	Contract period	Sub-issue type
Company A	Corporate bonds	<b>174 365</b>	2011-11-30	Bonds Issue Agreement *
Company B	Corporate bonds	<b>349 720</b>	2009-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Company C	Corporate bonds	<b>50 000</b>	2008-02-27	Bonds Issue Agreement
Company D	Corporate bonds	<b>2 000</b>	2010-12-30	Bonds Issue Agreement
Company E	Corporate bonds	<b>21 000</b>	2008-06-30	Bonds Issue Agreement
Company F **	Corporate bonds	<b>22 911</b>	2009-12-30	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity C	Commercial bills of exchange	<b>69 920</b>	2009-12-30	Commercial Bills Issue Agreement
Entity A	Municipal bonds	<b>1 000</b>	2014-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity B	Municipal bonds	<b>2 200</b>	2018-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity C	Municipal bonds	<b>9 100</b>	2016-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity D	Municipal bonds	<b>3 000</b>	2011-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity E	Municipal bonds	<b>2 800</b>	2014-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity F	Municipal bonds	<b>40 500</b>	2017-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity G	Municipal bonds	<b>7 650</b>	2012-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity H	Municipal bonds	<b>11 500</b>	2011-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity I	Municipal bonds	<b>2 750</b>	2014-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity K	Municipal bonds	<b>2 100</b>	2017-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity L	Municipal bonds	<b>10 000</b>	2016-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity M	Municipal bonds	<b>3 400</b>	2012-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity N	Municipal bonds	<b>2 240</b>	2013-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity O	Municipal bonds	<b>2 500</b>	2020-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity P	Municipal bonds	<b>6 670</b>	2015-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity R	Municipal bonds	<b>2 550</b>	2015-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity S	Municipal bonds	<b>6 240</b>	2020-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
<b>Other, with total value not exceeding PLN 2 million</b>	Municipal bonds	<b>3 800</b>		Bonds Issue Agreement
<b>Total</b>		<b>809 916</b>		

\* Relates to the Agreement for Organization, Conducting and Servicing of a Bond Issuance Program

\*\* Debt securities denominated in EUR after translation into PLN

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As at 31 December 2005, the Bank's underwriting agreements covered the following securities:

Issuer of securities underwritten	Type of underwritten securities	Amount to which the Bank committed in case of realisation of underwriting agreement	Contract period	Sub-issue type
Company A	Corporate bonds	25 000	2006-12-30	Bonds Issue Agreement*
Company B	Corporate bonds	200 000	2009-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Company C	Corporate bonds	4 000	2010-12-30	Bonds Issue Agreement
Company D	Corporate bonds	150 000	2006-01-14	Bonds Issue Agreement
Company E	Commercial bills of exchange	40 000	2006-12-30	Commercial Bills Issue Agreement
Entity A	Municipal bonds	3 000	2011-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity B	Municipal bonds	2 000	2014-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity C	Municipal bonds	6 070	2014-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity D	Municipal bonds	2 000	2012-12-30	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity E	Municipal bonds	3 900	2015-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity F	Municipal bonds	2 500	2011-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity G	Municipal bonds	6 000	2013-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity H	Municipal bonds	2 400	2009-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity I	Municipal bonds	4 400	2011-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity J	Municipal bonds	18 300	2016-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity K	Municipal bonds	8 722	2011-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity L	Municipal bonds	5 500	2021-06-30	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity M	Municipal bonds	3 500	2015-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity N	Municipal bonds	2 700	2014-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity O	Municipal bonds	2 000	2013-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity P	Municipal bonds	3 000	2013-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity Q	Municipal bonds	7 000	2001-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity R	Municipal bonds	2 000	2014-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity S	Municipal bonds	2 000	2014-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity T	Municipal bonds	2 110	2013-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity U	Municipal bonds	40 500	2017-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity V	Municipal bonds	5 000	2011-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity W	Municipal bonds	50 000	2011-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity X	Municipal bonds	2 200	2014-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity Y	Municipal bonds	3 700	2008-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity Z	Municipal bonds	4 000	2015-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity AA	Municipal bonds	5 000	2012-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity BB	Municipal bonds	5 300	2014-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity CC	Municipal bonds	6 000	2017-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity DD	Municipal bonds	6 100	2012-12-31	Bonds Issue Agreement
Entity EE**	Municipal bonds	25 745	2009-12-30	Bonds Issue Agreement
<b>Other, with total value not exceeding PLN 2 million</b>	Municipal bonds	8 750		
<b>Total</b>		<b>670 397</b>		

\* Relates to the Agreement for Organization, Conducting and Servicing of a Bond Issuance Program

\*\* Debt securities denominated in EUR after translation into PLN

All securities under the sub-issue (underwriting) program have an unlimited transferability, are not quoted on the stock exchange and are not traded on regulated OTC market.

## Potential liabilities

As at 31 December 2006, the total value of court proceedings in which the Bank is a defendant (inbound) was PLN 295,162 thousand (as at 31 December 2005: PLN 453,788 thousand), while the total value of court proceedings in which the Bank filed the claim (outbound) was PLN 84,886 thousand (as at 31 December 2005: PLN 63,017 thousand).

### a) Unfair competition proceedings

The Bank is a party to proceedings initiated on the basis of the decision dated 23 April 2001 of the President of the Competition and Consumer Protection Office (*Urząd Ochrony Konkurencji i Konsumentów - UOKiK*) upon request of the Polish Trade and Distribution Organization (*Polska Organizacja Handlu i Dystrybucji - Związek Pracodawców*) against the operators of the Visa and Europay payment systems and the banks issuing Visa and Mastercard/Eurocard/Mastercard banking cards. The claims under these proceedings relate to the use of practices limiting competition on the market of banking card payments in Poland, consisting of applying pre-agreed "interchange" fees for transactions made using Visa and Europay/ Eurocard/Mastercard cards as well as limiting access to this market by external entities. On 29 December 2006, UOKiK decided that the above practices did limit market competition and ordered that any such practices should be discontinued, and imposed a fine on, among others, PKO BP SA in the amount of PLN 16,597 thousand. As at 31 December 2006, the Bank recognized a liability for the above amount, which was presented in the profit and loss account as "Other operating costs". On 19 January 2007, the Bank submitted an appeal from the decision of the President of UOKiK to the regional court.

### b) Re-privatisation claims relating to properties held by the holding company

As at the date of these financial statements, six administrative proceedings are pending to invalidate decisions issued by public administration authorities with respect to properties held by the Bank. These proceedings, in the event of an unfavourable outcome for the Bank, may result in re-privatisation claims being raised against the Bank. Given the current status of these proceedings, it is not possible to assess their potential negative financial effects for the Bank. Moreover, with respect to six properties of the Bank claims were submitted by their former owners. Court proceedings are pending with respect to three properties. With respect to the other three properties, the Bank is still in the process of negotiations in order to settle the legal status of these properties.

In the opinion of the Management Board of PKO BP SA, the probability of serious claims arising for the Bank under the proceeding mentioned above is remote.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 does not contain any adjustments connected with the potential liabilities described above.

## Financial liabilities granted

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
<b>Total liabilities granted:</b>	<b>22 552 006</b>	<b>17 312 241</b>
to the financial sector	1 709 213	1 299 781
to the non-financial sector	19 145 852	13 633 134
to the state budget	1 696 941	2 379 326
including: irrevocable liabilities granted	10 298 419	8 519 942

## Guarantee liabilities granted

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Amounts due to the financial sector:	12 705	7 674
guarantees	12 705	7 674
Amounts due to the non-financial sector:	2 197 511	1 215 824
guarantees	2 187 280	1 204 420
sureties	10 231	11 404
Amounts due to the state budget:	137 466	252 752
guarantees	137 466	252 752
<b>Total guarantees granted</b>	<b>2 347 682</b>	<b>1 476 250</b>

Information on provisions for off-balance guarantees and financial liabilities is included in note 42.



**Contingent liabilities granted as at 31 December 2006 (by maturity dates)**

	up to 1 month	1-3 month	over 3 month – 1 year	1-5 years	over 5 years	Total
Financial liabilities granted	4 889 986	1 120 944	7 858 996	6 579 706	2 102 374	22 552 006
Guarantees	443 339	96 189	526 452	1 220 916	60 786	2 347 682
<b>Total</b>	<b>5 333 325</b>	<b>1 217 133</b>	<b>8 385 448</b>	<b>7 800 622</b>	<b>2 163 160</b>	<b>24 899 688</b>

**Contingent liabilities granted as at 31 December 2005 (by maturity dates)**

	up to 1 month	1-3 month	over 3 month – 1 year	1-5 years	over 5 years	Total
Financial liabilities granted	4 024 441	723 007	6 888 136	4 804 075	872 582	17 312 241
Guarantees	274 092	49 905	610 479	474 771	67 003	1 476 250
<b>Total</b>	<b>4 298 533</b>	<b>772 912</b>	<b>7 498 615</b>	<b>5 278 846</b>	<b>939 585</b>	<b>18 788 491</b>

**Off-balance sheet liabilities received**

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
<b>Off-balance sheet received liabilities:</b>	<b>6 304 823</b>	<b>5 320 868</b>
1. Financial	1 258 783	570 767
2. Guarantees	5 046 040	4 750 101

**Assets pledged as collateral for contingent liabilities**

As at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005 the Group did not possess any assets pledged as collateral for contingent liabilities.

**46. Share capital**

In the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005 there were no changes in share capital value of the holding company.

As at 31 December 2006, the share capital of PKO BP SA amounted to PLN 1,000,000 thousand and consisted of 1,000,000 thousand shares with nominal value of PLN 1 each (as at 31 December 2005: PLN 1,000,000 thousand, 1,000,000 thousand shares with nominal value of PLN 1 each) – shares fully paid.

As at 31 December 2006, 490,000 thousand shares were subject to public trading (as at 31 December 2005 377,000 thousand shares).

As at 31 December 2006 and as at 31 December 2005, the subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associates of the Bank did not have any PKO BP SA shares.

Information on the shareholders of PKO BP SA is presented in note 1.

**47. Other capital items and retained earnings**

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Reserve capital	4 530 138	3 297 614
Other	4 530 138	3 297 614
Revaluation reserve – valuation of financial assets available for sale	3 834	(4 054)
General banking risk fund	1 070 000	1 000 000
Other reserves	1 561 625	1 556 503
Retained earnings	(222 671)	150 405
<b>Total</b>	<b>6 942 926</b>	<b>6 000 468</b>

#### 48. Notes to the cash flow statement

##### Cash and cash equivalents

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Cash and amounts in the Central Bank	4 628 134	3 895 331
Current receivables from financial institutions	9 535 024	7 495 277
<b>Total</b>	<b>14 163 158</b>	<b>11 390 608</b>

##### Cash flow from operating activities – other adjustments

	2006	2005
Valuation, interest accrued, discount, premium on debt securities decreased by deferred tax	41 256	(45 293)
Disposal of tangible and intangible assets	30 369	(33 360)
Valuation, impairment allowances against investments in jointly controlled entities and associates	126 197	(45 103)
Foreign exchange differences	(9 590)	7 390
Financial assets impairment	-	501
Other	(250)	2 492
<b>Total other adjustments</b>	<b>187 982</b>	<b>(113 373)</b>

##### Reconciliation of differences between the balance sheet changes and the cash flow statement changes of items presented in the operating activities in the cash flow statement.

(Profit) loss from investing activities	2006	2005
Income from sale and disposal of the tangible and intangible fixed assets	(15 121)	(11 618)
Sale and disposal costs of tangible and intangible fixed assets	12 619	27 256
Result on the disposal of assets held for sale - according to IFRS 5	(21 296)	-
<b>(Profit) loss from investing activities - total</b>	<b>(23 798)</b>	<b>15 638</b>

Change in loans and advances to banks	2006	2005
Balance sheet balances change	(767 295)	568 652
Change in reserves for loans and advances to banks	1 449	407
Exclusion of the cash and cash equivalents change	2 039 747	(2 915 615)
<b>Change in loans and advances to banks - total</b>	<b>1 273 901</b>	<b>(2 346 556)</b>

Change in financial assets held for trading and other financial instruments valued at fair value through profit or loss	2006	2005
Balance sheet balances change	9 158 242	(20 541 169)
Transfer of the ALPL portfolio to the investment activities	-	19 368 752
Transfer of the securities classified to ALPL portfolio to "Other adjustments"	-	589 428
<b>Change in financial assets held for trading and other financial instruments valued at fair value through profit or loss - total</b>	<b>9 158 242</b>	<b>(582 989)</b>

Change in loans and advances to customers	2006	2005
Balance sheet balances change	(12 031 978)	(6 837 425)
Implementation of the assets valuation with amortised cost with the use of effective interest method net of deferred tax (upon conversion to IFRS)	-	(345 006)
Change in impairment allowances on loans and advances due from customers	540 719	(301 202)
<b>Change in loans and advances to customers - total</b>	<b>(11 491 259)</b>	<b>(7 483 633)</b>

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<b>Change in amounts due to banks</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Balance sheet balances change	2 110 365	1 085 250
Transfer of the repayments/received long term advances due from banks to financing activities	(294 794)	(74 458)
<b>Change in amounts due to banks - total</b>	<b>1 815 571</b>	<b>1 010 792</b>

<b>Change in amounts due to customers</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Balance sheet balances change	6 152 579	3 655 689
Implementation of the liabilities valuation with amortised cost with the use of effective interest method net of deferred tax (upon conversion to IFRS)	-	6 512
Transfer of the repayments/received long term advances due from other than banks financial institutions to financing activities	(51 821)	47 894
<b>Change in amounts due to customers - total</b>	<b>6 100 758</b>	<b>3 710 095</b>

<b>Change in provisions</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Balance sheet balances change	70 706	(414 118)
Implementation of the IFRS impairment of loans and advances due from customers	-	(477 235)
Impairment allowances on receivables due from banks	(1 449)	(407)
Impairment allowances on receivables due from customers	(579 416)	301 202
Change of the deferred tax liability on fair value change of the available for sale portfolio	(1 922)	57 626
<b>Change in provisions - total</b>	<b>(512 081)</b>	<b>(532 932)</b>

<b>Change in other liabilities</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
Balance sheet balances change	357 867	467 363
Adjustment related to the conversion to IFRS regarding capitalized interests of loans from "old" mortgage loans portfolio	-	174 356
Reclassification of interests repayment from loans received from others than banks institutions, revealed in financial activity	2 676	2 549
<b>Change in other liabilities - total</b>	<b>360 543</b>	<b>644 268</b>

#### **49. Transactions with related parties**

##### **Transactions of the holding company with jointly controlled entities and associates valued using equity method**

All described above transactions with capital and personally related entities were signed at an arm's length. Terms of repayment are from 1 month to ten years (only entities, which concluded transactions with the Bank within the period covered by financial statements are presented in the table).

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*The consolidated financial statements of  
Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski Spółka Akcyjna Group  
for the year ended 31 December 2006*

*(in PLN thousand)*

As at 31 December 2006

Entity	Net receivables	including gross loans	Liabilities	Total revenues	including interest and fees commission income	Total costs	including interest and fees commission costs	Off-balance sheet liabilities granted
Sopot Zdrój Sp. z o.o.	2 059	2 055	234	1 941	1 941	39	39	191 038
Centrum Majkowskiego Sp. z o.o.	8 692	8 605	108	401	401	7	7	30 856
Kamienica Morska Sp. z o.o.	537	534	22	16	16	-	-	2 926
Promenada Sopocka Sp. z o.o.	6 224	6 156	885	461	461	12	12	39 436
INTER FINANCE Polska Sp. z o.o.	-	-	468	1	1	13	13	-
Poznański Fundusz Poręczeń Kredytowych Sp. z o.o.	-	-	2 365	1	1	197	197	-
Agencja Inwestycyjna „CORP” SA	223	-	-	1 454	-	4 016	52	-
CENTRUM HAFNERA Sp. z o.o.	-	-	8 759	42	42	220	220	3 831
Centrum Obsługi Biznesu sp z o.o.	25 214	25 211	2 368	54	54	49	49	7 169
Bank Pocztowy SA	3	-	8 602	14	-	63	63	-
Kolej Gondolowa Jaworzyna Krynicka SA	2 918	2 000	1	143	143	14	-	586
<b>Total</b>	<b>45 870</b>	<b>44 561</b>	<b>23 812</b>	<b>4 528</b>	<b>3 060</b>	<b>4 630</b>	<b>652</b>	<b>275 842</b>

As at 31 December 2005

Entity	Net receivables	including gross loans	Liabilities	Total revenues	including interest and fees commission income	Total costs	including interest and fees commission costs	Off-balance sheet liabilities granted
PKO Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych SA	461	-	611	21 499	21 484	26	26	218
Wawel Hotel Development Sp. z o.o.	110 155	105 860	12 974	4 636	4 571	91	90	-
Poznański Fundusz Poręczeń Kredytowych Sp. z o.o.	-	-	4 349	2	1	146	141	-
Agencja Inwestycyjna „CORP” SA	181	-	26	516	-	2 209	-	-
Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z o.o.	76 289	76 236	-	1 930	1 930	85	4	-
Kolej Gondolowa Jaworzyna Krynicka SA	3 750	3 750	50	1 729	1 728	27	4	-
Centrum Obsługi Biznesu Sp. z o.o.	17 211	16 924	4 241	104	104	14	14	80 945
<b>Total</b>	<b>208 047</b>	<b>202 770</b>	<b>22 251</b>	<b>30 416</b>	<b>29 818</b>	<b>2 598</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>81 163</b>

### **Transactions with the State budget**

According to the Act dated 30 November 1995 on the state support in the repayment of certain housing loans, the refund of guarantee premium to banks and amendments to certain acts, PKO BP SA receives payments from the State budget for the redemption of interest on housing loans. As part of the realization of statutory obligations by the State budget, during the year ended 31 December 2006 the Bank recognized income in the amount of PLN 155,032 thousand (in 2005: PLN 194,400 thousand) due to temporary redemption by the State budget of interest on housing loans from the "old" portfolio. During this period, the Bank received PLN 135,236 thousand in cash (in the corresponding period of 2005: PLN 166,814 thousand) in respect of temporary redemption by the State budget of interest on housing loans from the "old" portfolio. The difference of PLN 19,796 thousand (in 2005: PLN 27,586 thousand) between income recognized for this period and income received in cash is reflected in the balance sheet of the Bank under "Loans and advances to customers".

PKO BP SA receives commission for settlements relating to the redemption of interest on housing loans. In 2006, PKO BP SA received a commission for the fourth quarter of 2005 amounting to PLN 1,456 thousand and for commission for the three quarters of 2006 amounting to PLN 3,163 thousand (in 2005, commission for the fourth quarter of 2004 amounting PLN 1,715 thousand and commission for the three quarters of 2005 amounting to 2,931 thousand). This commission is included in the profit and loss account under "Fees and commission income".

The balance sheet of the Bank includes receivables, securities and liabilities arising from transactions with the State Treasury, state budget entities and entities for which the State Treasury is the shareholder. The largest loan exposures were disclosed in note 3. These transactions were concluded at an arm's length.

As of 1 January 1996 the Bank became the general distributor of duty stamps. The amount received in this respect from the State budget in the year ended 31 December 2006 totalled PLN 61,198 thousand (in 2005: PLN 43,697 thousand) and was recognized in full in the Bank's income under "Fees and commission income".

In the year ended 31 December 2006, the Bank also recognized commission income of PLN 113 thousand (in 2005: PLN 629 thousand) in respect of its fees for servicing compensation payments for pensioners who in 1991 lost the increases or additions to their pensions payable for performing work in specific conditions or of a specific nature, as well as for public sector employees whose salaries were not adjusted in the second half of 1991 and in the first half of 1992. This amount was included under "Fees and commission income".

The Act on the coverage of repayment of certain housing loans by State Treasury guarantees was passed on 29 November 2000 and came into force on 1 January 2001. The coverage of the "old" portfolio housing loan receivables by the guarantees of the State Treasury resulted in the neutralisation of the default risk of these loans. The State Treasury guarantees are realized when a borrower fails to repay the loan on the dates specified in the loan agreement. The responsibility of the State Treasury is of an auxiliary nature and is effective if the recovery of unpaid part of principal and interest, which the Bank is obliged to commence, before the Bank lays claims to the State Treasury, becomes ineffective. The above-mentioned law covers 90% of unpaid loans taken out by housing cooperatives. As a consequence of the realization of the State Treasury responsibilities as guarantor, to the State Treasury itself enters into the rights of the satisfied creditor (the Bank) and thus becomes creditor towards the borrower, in line with the guarantee term. In 2006 the value of guarantees of the State Treasury relating to the "old" portfolio amounted to PLN 3,940,540 thousand (PLN 4,166,564 thousand in 2005).

Based on the agreement concluded on 11 February 2003, between the Ministry of Finance as the Issuer and PKO BP SA, Dom Maklerski PKO BP SA serves as issue agent for Treasury retail bonds.

In 2006, the Bank reported revenues from offering of securities amounting to PLN 58,336 thousand, including PLN 47,576 thousand with respect to its function as issue agent of Treasury retail bonds.

### Benefits for the key management of the holding company

#### a) Short-term employee benefits

##### Remuneration received from PKO BP SA

Name	Position	2006	2005
<b>Management Board</b>			
Sławomir Skrzypek	Deputy President, Acting President of Management Board	224	6
Rafał Juszcak	Deputy President	128	-
Jacek Obłękowski	Deputy President	268	248
Zdzisław Sokal	Deputy President	128	-
Wojciech Kwiatkowski	Deputy President	32	-
Jarosław Myjak	Deputy President	32	-
Andrzej Podsiadło	Board President	222	259
Kazimierz Małecki	Deputy President, First Deputy President	270	255
Danuta Demianiuk	Deputy President	237	227
Piotr Kamiński	Member	164	259
Krystyna Szewczyk	Member	143	214
<b>Total of short-term benefits for the Management Board members</b>		<b>1 848</b>	<b>1 468</b>
<b>Supervisory Board</b>			
Marek Głuchowski	Chairman	20	-
Bazył Samojlik	Chairman	30	30
Urszula Pałaszek	Deputy Chairman	32	16
Tomasz Siemiątkowski	Secretary	20	-
Krzysztof Zdanowski	Secretary	16	16
Arkadiusz Kamiński	Secretary	-	13
Adam Skowroński	Member	20	-
Jerzy Michałowski	Member	20	-
Agnieszka Winnik-Kalemba	Member	20	-
Ryszard Kokoszczyński	Member	30	30
Stanisław Kasiewicz	Member	30	30
Andrzej Giryn	Member	30	30
Jerzy Osiatyński	Member	32	30
Czesława Siwek	Member	16	16
Władysław Szymański	Member	30	30
<b>Total of short-term benefits for the Supervisory Board members</b>		<b>346</b>	<b>241</b>
<b>Total of short-term benefits</b>		<b>2 194</b>	<b>1 709</b>

##### Remuneration received from subsidiaries, associated and jointly controlled entities of PKO BP SA

Name	Position	2006	2005
<b>Management Board</b>			
Skrzypek Sławomir	Deputy President	149	-
Juszcak Rafał	Deputy President	43	-
Obłękowski Jacek	Member	-	-
Podsiadło Andrzej	Board President	121	135
Małecki Kazimierz	Deputy President, First Deputy President	32	-
Demianiuk Danuta	Deputy President	56	30
Kamiński Piotr	Member	-	76
Szewczyk Krystyna	Member	-	76
<b>Supervisory Board</b>			
Kalemba	Member	62	-
<b>Total of short-term benefits</b>		<b>463</b>	<b>317</b>

b) Post-employment benefits

In the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, no post-employment benefits were paid, respectively.

c) Other long-term benefits

In the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, respectively, no "other long-term benefits" were paid.

d) Benefits due to termination of employment

In the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, respectively, no benefits were paid due to termination of employment.

e) Share-based payments

In the years ended 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, respectively, no benefits were paid in the form of share-based payments.

**Loan, advances guarantees and other benefits provided by the Bank management and employees**

	31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Employees	612 301	517 665
Members of the Bank's Management Board	352	433
Members of the Bank's Supervisory Board	254	204
<b>Total</b>	<b>612 907</b>	<b>518 302</b>

**Remuneration received by the members of the Management and Supervisory Boards of the Group's subsidiaries**

	2006	2005
<b>Bank's Management Board</b>		
Short-term employee benefits	6 938	5 703
<b>Bank's Supervisory Board</b>		
Short-term employee benefits	1 153	1 184
<b>Total benefits</b>	<b>8 091</b>	<b>6 887</b>

**50. Business combinations**

*Acquisition of business entities*

As at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005, no merger of the holding company or subsidiaries with other entities took place.

In the first half of 2006, PKO BP SA acquired from Credit Suisse Asset Management Holding Europe (Luxembourg) S.A. 45,000 thousand registered shares (preference in voting rights), representing 25% of the total vote at the General Shareholders' Meeting accounting for 25% share in the share capital of PKO Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A. (former PKO/Credit Suisse Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A.).

On 6 April 2006, upon the fulfillment of all of the conditions of this agreement (including the receipt of the consent of the President of the Consumer and Competition Protection Office [*Urząd Ochrony Konkurencji i Konsumentów*] for the concentration resulting from acquisition of control over the Company by PKO BP SA), the ownership of these shares was transferred to PKO BP SA.

Following this transaction, PKO BP SA holds 75% of the Company's share capital and total votes at the Company's General Shareholders' Meeting.

Data regarding the purchase of 25% of shares in PKO TFI SA

Entity name	PKO Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych SA (in PLN thousand)
Date of acquisition	6.04.2006
Percentage share in the share capital of PKO TFI SA	25%
Acquisition price	55 055
Fair value of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities as at 31.03.2006, of which:	22 816
- intangible assets	191
- tangible fixed assets	678
- short-term receivables	16 036
- short-term investments	40 575
- other assets	665
- provisions	(900)
- short-term liabilities and other	(34 429)
Fair value of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities assigned to the shares acquired	5 704
Goodwill at acquisition date	49 351*
Goodwill as at 31.12.2006	49 351

\* since the separated units generating cash flow within the Company cannot be excluded, the whole goodwill was assigned to the value of the whole investment project.

Besides, on 14 August 2006, the Bank took up shares in the increased share capital of KREDOBANK SA, with the total value of UAH 54,287,649.11. As a result, PKO BP SA's share in the share capital of this Company and its share in the total vote at the General Shareholders' Meeting increased from 69.018% to 69.933%. The above transaction did not have significant impact on goodwill relating to the purchase of KREDOBANK SA shares by PKO BP SA.



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Data regarding goodwill resulting from purchase of shares in the Bank's subsidiaries, in years 2004 and 2005.

Data concerning the purchase of shares in KREDOBANK S.A.

Entity name	KREDOBANK SA (in PLN thousand)	
Date of acquisition	26.08.2004	24.10.2005
Percentage share in the share capital of KBU	66.651%	2.367%
Acquisition price	109 531	2 439
Fair value of net assets at acquisition date	93 047	84 540*
Of which:		
- Cash and amounts due from Central Bank	39 897	
- Amounts due from financial sector	132 240	
- Amounts due from other sectors	583 973	
- Debt securities	52 167	
- Intangible assets	2 505	
- Tangible fixed assets	66 366	
- Other assets	10 538	
- Prepayments and deferred costs	7 344	
- Liabilities	799 784	
- Special funds and other liabilities and equity	1 001	
- Accruals and deferred income, restricted and provisions	1 198	
Share of PKO BP SA in the fair value of net assets of KBU at acquisition date	62 017	2 001
Goodwill at acquisition date	47 514	438**
Goodwill as at 31.12.2006	47 514	438

\* For share purchased in 24.10.2005 – carrying amount.

\*\* Since the separated units generating cash flow within KREDOBANK SA cannot be excluded, the whole goodwill was assigned to the value of the whole investment project.

Data concerning the purchase of shares in Wilanów Investments Sp z o.o.

Entity name	Wilanów Investments Sp. z o.o. (in PLN thousand)
Date of acquisition	03.11.2005
Percentage share in the share capital of Wilanów Investments Sp. z o.o.	49%
Acquisition price	66 661
Fair value of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities as at 31.10.2005, of which:	35 201
- cash and amounts due from Central Bank	13 602
- assets available for sale	
- loans and advances, other receivables	
- interests from financial assets	
- tangible fixed assets	362
- intangible assets	84
- other assets	131 303
- financial liabilities at amortised cost	89 162
- interests from financial liabilities	
- provisions	6
- other liabilities	20 982
Fair value of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities assigned to the shares acquired	17 249
Goodwill as at 31.12.2006	49 412*

\* Since the separated units generating cash flow within the Company cannot be excluded, the whole goodwill was assigned to the value of the whole investment project.

### ***Sale of business entities***

On 8 August 2006, the Bank concluded an agreement for the sale of shares in Wawel Hotel Development Sp. z o.o. with its registered office in Kraków, a jointly controlled entity of the Bank. The Bank sold all of its 27,730 shares with a nominal value of PLN 500 each and the total nominal value of PLN 13,865 thousand, representing 35.4% of the Company's share capital and giving right to 35.4% of the total votes at the Shareholders' Meeting. The shares were sold to Quinn Property Holdings Limited with its registered office in Dublin. The final selling price was PLN 27,807.5 thousand.

On 19 September 2006, PKO BP SA took up 145,361 shares in the increased share capital of its associate, Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z o.o., with a total nominal value of PLN 78,494,940, for a price equal to their nominal value. As a result of this transaction, the Bank held 145,881 shares in the Company's share capital, which accounted for 50.4% of the share capital and gave right to 50.4% of the total votes at the Shareholders' Meeting. On 31 October 2006, PKO BP SA concluded an agreement for the sale of shares in Hotel Jan III Sobieski Sp. z o.o. with its registered office in Warsaw. The Bank sold all of its 145,881 shares in this Company, with a nominal value of PLN 540 each, to Europa Hawk S.a.r.l. with its registered office in Luxembourg, for a price of PLN 46,571.7 thousand.

### **51. Description of differences between the previously published financial statements and the financial statements.**

The PKO BP SA Group did not made significant amendments to the financial statements previously published.

### **52. Events after the balance sheet date**

On 10 January 2007, Mr Sławomir Skrzypek resigned from the position of Deputy President of the Management Board of PKO BP SA due to his appointment as the President of the Central Bank of Poland.

The Supervisory Board of PKO BP SA, at the meeting held on 10 January 2007, delegated Mr Marek Głuchowski, PhD - Chairman of the Supervisory Board of PKO BP SA, to act temporarily as the President of the Management Board of PKO BP SA until 23 January 2007. In addition, in the event that, during the period from 24 January 2007 to 26 January 2007, no candidate is appointed by the Supervisory Board to be acting President of the Management Board, Mr Marek Głuchowski has been delegated to act temporarily as President of the Management Board of PKO BP SA, starting from 27 January 2007 until 10 April 2007 at the latest.

On 30 January 2007, the Bank signed an agreement with KREDOBANK S.A. resulting in granting a USD 7.5 million subordinate loan to the Company.

On 31 January 2007, Mr Jacek Obłękowski resigned from the position of the Deputy President of the Management Board of PKO BP SA, and Mr Jerzy Osiatyński resigned from the position of a member of the Supervisory Board of PKO BP SA.

On 22 February 2007 the Supervisory Board of the Bank appointed:

- Mr Robert Działak as the Deputy President of the Management Board of the Bank as of 23 February 2007,
- Mr Stefan Świątkowski as the Deputy President the Management Board of the Bank as of 1 May 2007.

According to the resolutions passed, Mr Robert Działak and Mr Stefan Świątkowski were appointed to acting in these functions in PKO BP SA for the common term of the Management Board that commenced on 19 May 2005.

On 13 March 2007 Mr Zdzisław Sokal resigned from the position of Deputy President of the Management Board of PKO BP SA.

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On 13 March 2007, Commission for Banking Supervision passed resolutions on implementation of New Capital Accord regarding banks and a resolution on setting liquidity standards binding for banks.

The Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting, which started proceedings on 6 March 2007 and continued it on 19 March 2007, appointed Mr Maciej Czapiewski as a member of the Supervisory Board of PKO BP SA.

Signatures of all Members of the Management Board

27 March 2007	Marek Głuchowski	Acting President of the Board	..... (signature)
27 March 2007	Rafał Juszczyk	Deputy President of the Board	..... (signature)
27 March 2007	Wojciech Kwiatkowski	Deputy President of the Board	..... (signature)
27 March 2007	Robert Działak	Deputy President of the Board	..... (signature)

Signature of a person responsible for keeping books of account

27 March 2007	Danuta Szymańska	Chief accountant of the Bank	..... (signature)
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